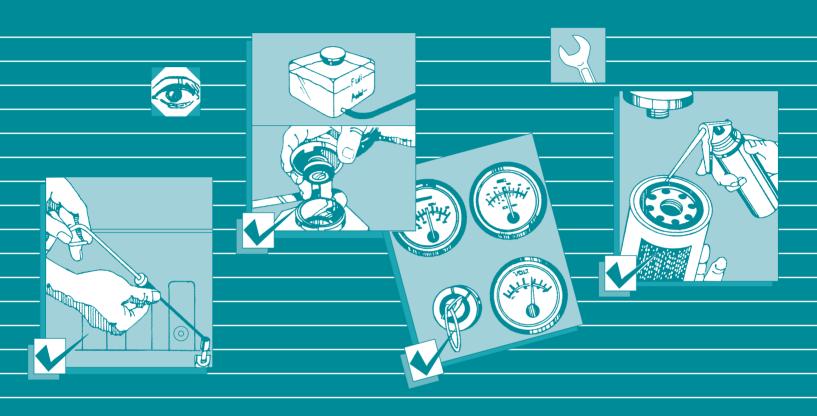


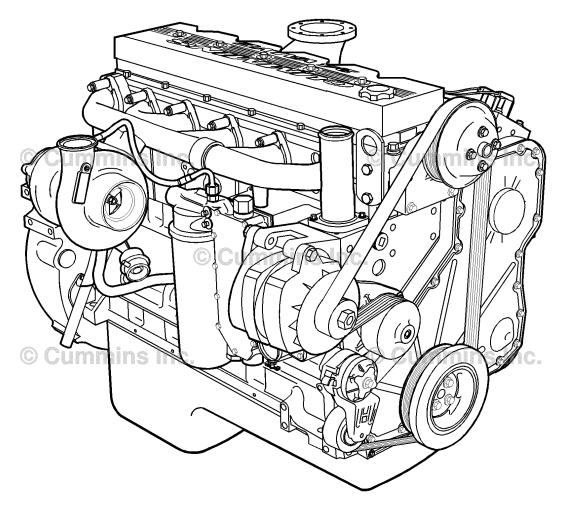
# Operation and Maintenance Manual QSC8.3 and QSL9 Engine



Cummins Customer Assistance Center
1-800-DIESELS™ (1-800-343-7357)
APPLICABLE ONLY IN U.S.A. AND CANADA



## **Operation and Maintenance Manual QSC8.3 and QSL9 Engine**



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#### **Foreword**

This manual contains information for the correct operation and maintenance of your Cummins engine. It also includes important safety information, engine and systems specifications, troubleshooting guidelines, and listings of Cummins Authorized Repair Locations and component manufacturers.

Read and follow all safety instructions. Refer to the WARNING in the General Safety Instructions in Section i - Introduction.

Keep this manual with the equipment. If the equipment is traded or sold, give the manual to the new owner.

The information, specifications, and recommended maintenance guidelines in this manual are based on information in effect at the time of printing. Cummins Inc. reserves the right to make changes at any time without obligation. If you find differences between your engine and the information in this manual, contact your local Cummins Authorized Repair Location or call 1-800-DIESELS (1-800-343-7357) toll free in the U.S. and Canada.

The latest technology and the highest quality components were used to produce this engine. When replacement parts are needed, we recommend using only genuine Cummins or ReCon® exchange parts.

**NOTE:** Note: Warranty information is located in Section W. Make sure you are familiar with the warranty or warranties applicable to your engine.

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## **Important Reference Numbers**

Fill in the part name and number in the blank spaces provided below. This will give you a reference whenever service or maintenance is required.

Name	Number	Number
Engine Model		
Engine Serial Number (ESN)		
Control Parts List (CPL)		
Fuel Pump Part Number		
Electronic Control Module (ECM)		
Electronic Control Module Serial Numbers (ECM)		
Filter Part Numbers:		
Air Cleaner Element		
Lubricating Oil		
• Fuel		
Fuel-Water Separator		
Coolant		
Crankcase Ventilation		
Cummins Particulate Filter		
Governor Control Module (GCM) (if applicable)		
Belt Part Numbers:		
•		
•		
•		
Clutch or Marine Gear (if applicable):		
Model		
Serial Number		
Part Number		
Oil Type		
Sea Water Pump		
- Model		
- Part Number		

## **Section i - Introduction**

## **Section Contents**

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#### To the Owner and Operator

#### **General Information**

Preventive maintenance is the easiest and least expensive type of maintenance. Follow the maintenance schedule recommendations outlined in Maintenance Guidelines (Section 2).

Keep records of regularly scheduled maintenance.

Use the correct fuel, lubricating oil, and coolant in your engine as specified in Maintenance Specifications (Section V). Blending engine oil with fuel is prohibited for engines with an aftertreatment system.

Cummins Inc. uses the latest technology and the highest quality components to produce its engines. Cummins Inc. recommends using genuine Cummins new parts and ReCon® exchange parts.

Personnel at Cummins Authorized Repair Locations have been trained to provide expert service and parts support. If you have a problem that can **not** be resolved by a Cummins Authorized Repair Location, follow the steps outlined in the Service Assistance (Section S).

Product coverage, warranty limitations and owner responsibilities are available in Warranty (Section W).

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Disconnect both the positive (+) and negative (-) battery cables from the battery before welding on the vehicle. Attach the welder ground cable no more than 0.61 meters [2 feet] from the part being welded. Do not connect the ground cable of the welder to the ECM cooling plate or ECM. Welding on the engine or engine mounted components is not recommended.

#### **About the Manual**

#### **General Information**

This manual contains information needed to correctly operate and maintain your engine as recommended by Cummins Inc. For additional service literature and ordering locations, refer to Service Literature (Section L).

This manual does **not** cover vehicle, vessel, or equipment maintenance procedures. Consult the original vehicle, vessel, or equipment manufacturer for specific maintenance recommendations.

Both metric and U.S. customary values are listed in this manual. The metric value is listed first, followed by the U.S. customary in brackets.

Numerous illustrations and symbols are used to aid in understanding the meaning of the text. Refer to Symbols in this section for a complete listing of symbols and their definitions.

Each section of the manual is preceded by a Section Contents to aid in locating information.

#### How to Use the Manual

#### **General Information**

This manual is organized according to intervals at which maintenance on your engine is to be performed. A maintenance schedule, that states the required intervals and maintenance checks, is located in Maintenance Guidelines (Section 2). Locate the interval at which you are performing maintenance; then follow the steps given in that section for all the procedures to be performed.

Keep a record of all the checks and inspections made. A maintenance record form is located in Maintenance Guidelines (Section 2).

Engine troubleshooting procedures for your engine are located in Troubleshooting Symptoms (Section TS).

Specifications for your engine are located in Maintenance Specifications (Section V).

#### **Symbols**

#### **General Information**

The following symbols have been used in this manual to help communicate the intent of the instructions. When one of the symbols appears, it conveys the meaning defined below:



**WARNING** - Serious personal injury or extensive property damage can result if the warning instructions are **not** followed.



CAUTION - Minor personal injury can result or a part, an assembly, or the engine can be damaged if the caution instructions are not followed.



Indicates a REMOVAL or DISASSEMBLY step.



Indicates an INSTALLATION or ASSEMBLY step.

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**INSPECTION** is required.



CLEAN the part or assembly.



**PERFORM** a mechanical or time **MEASUREMENT**.



LUBRICATE the part or assembly.



Indicates that a WRENCH or TOOL SIZE will be given.



TIGHTEN to a specific torque.



PERFORM an electrical MEASUREMENT.



Refer to another location in this manual or another publication for additional information.



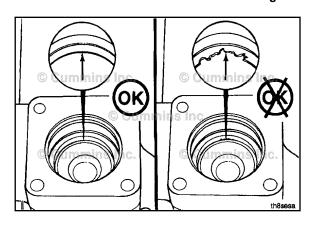
The component weighs 23 kg [50 lb] or more. To avoid personal injury, use a hoist or get assistance to lift the component.

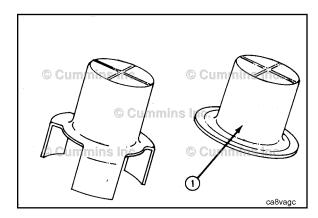
#### Illustrations

#### **General Information**

Some of the illustrations throughout this manual are generic and will **not** look exactly like the engine or parts used in your application. The illustrations can contain symbols to indicate an action required and an acceptable or **not** acceptable condition.

The illustrations are intended to show repair or replacement procedures. The procedure will be the same for all applications, although the illustration can differ.





#### **General Safety Instructions**

#### Important Safety Notice

#### **A**WARNING **A**

Improper practices, carelessness, or ignoring the warnings can cause burns, cuts, mutilation, asphyxiation or other personal injury or death.

Read and understand all of the safety precautions and warnings before performing any repair. This list contains the general safety precautions that **must** be followed to provide personal safety. Special safety precautions are included in the procedures when they apply.

- Work in an area surrounding the product that is dry, well lit, ventilated, free from clutter, loose tools, parts, ignition sources and hazardous substances. Be aware of hazardous conditions that can exist.
- Always wear protective glasses and protective shoes when working.
- Rotating parts can cause cuts, mutilation or strangulation.
- Do not wear loose-fitting or torn clothing. Remove all jewelry when working.
- Disconnect the battery (negative [-] cable first) and discharge any capacitors before beginning any repair work. Disconnect the air starting motor if equipped to prevent accidental engine starting. Put a "Do **Not** Operate" tag in the operator's compartment or on the controls.
- Use ONLY the proper engine barring techniques for manually rotating the engine. Do **not** attempt to rotate the
  crankshaft by pulling or prying on the fan. This practice can cause serious personal injury, property damage, or
  damage to the fan blade(s) causing premature fan failure.
- If an engine has been operating and the coolant is hot, allow the engine to cool before slowly loosening the filler cap to relieve the pressure from the cooling system.
- Always use blocks or proper stands to support the product before performing any service work. Do not work on
  anything that is supported ONLY by lifting jacks or a hoist.
- Relieve all pressure in the air, oil, fuel, and cooling systems before any lines, fittings, or related items are removed or disconnected. Be alert for possible pressure when disconnecting any device from a system that utilizes pressure. Do **not** check for pressure leaks with your hand. High pressure oil or fuel can cause personal injury.
- To reduce the possibility of suffocation and frostbite, wear protective clothing and ONLY disconnect liquid refrigerant (Freon) lines in a well ventilated area. To protect the environment, liquid refrigerant systems must be properly emptied and filled using equipment that prevents the release of refrigerant gas (fluorocarbons) into the atmosphere. Federal law requires capturing and recycling refrigerant.
- To reduce the possibility of personal injury, use a hoist or get assistance when lifting components that weigh 23 kg [50 lb] or more. Make sure all lifting devices such as chains, hooks, or slings are in good condition and are of the correct capacity. Make sure hooks are positioned correctly. Always use a spreader bar when necessary. The lifting hooks must not be side-loaded.
- Corrosion inhibitor, a component of SCA and lubricating oil, contains alkali. Do not get the substance in eyes.
   Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Do not swallow internally. In case of contact, immediately wash skin with soap and water. In case of contact, immediately flood eyes with large amounts of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. IMMEDIATELY CALL A PHYSICIAN. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Naptha and Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) are flammable materials and must be used with caution. Follow the
  manufacturer's instructions to provide complete safety when using these materials. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF
  CHILDREN.
- To reduce the possibility of burns, be alert for hot parts on products that have just been turned off, exhaust gas flow, and hot fluids in lines, tubes, and compartments.
- **Always** use tools that are in good condition. Make sure you understand how to use the tools before performing any service work. Use ONLY genuine Cummins® or Cummins ReCon® replacement parts.
- **Always** use the same fastener part number (or equivalent) when replacing fasteners. Do **not** use a fastener of lesser quality if replacements are necessary.
- When necessary, the removal and replacement of any guards covering rotating components, drives, and/or belts should only be carried out be a trained technician. Before removing any guards the engine must be turned off and any starting mechanisms must be isolated. All fasteners must be replaced on re-fitting the guards.
- Do not perform any repair when fatigued or after consuming alcohol or drugs that can impair your functioning.

- Some state and federal agencies in the United States of America have determined that used engine oil can be carcinogenic and can cause reproductive toxicity. Avoid inhalation of vapors, ingestion, and prolonged contact with used engine oil.
- Do **not** connect the jumper starting or battery charging cables to any ignition or governor control wiring. This can cause electrical damage to the ignition or governor.
- Always torque fasteners and fuel connections to the required specifications. Overtightening or undertightening can allow leakage. This is critical to the natural gas and liquefied petroleum gas fuel and air systems.
- Always test for fuel leaks as instructed, as odorant can fade.
- Close the manual fuel valves prior to performing maintenance and repairs, and when storing the vehicle inside.
- Coolant is toxic. If not reused, dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.
- The catalyst reagent contains urea. Do **not** get the substance in your eyes. In case of contact, immediately flood
  eyes with large amounts of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. In case of
  contact, immediately wash skin with soap and water. Do **not** swallow internally. In the event the catalyst reagent is
  ingested, contact a physician immediately.
- The catalyst substrate contains Vanadium Pentoxide. Vanadium Pentoxide has been determined by the State of California to cause cancer. Always wear protective gloves and eye protection when handling the catalyst assembly. Do not get the catalyst material in your eyes. In Case of contact, immediately flood eyes with large amounts of water for a minimum of 15 minutes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. In case of contact, immediately wash skin with soap and water.
- The Catalyst substrate contains Vanadium Pentoxide. Vanadium Pentoxide has been determined by the State of California to cause cancer. In the event the catalyst is being replaced, dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- California Proposition 65 Warning Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

#### **General Repair Instructions**

#### **General Information**

This engine or system incorporates the latest technology at the time it was manufactured; yet, it is designed to be repaired using normal repair practices performed to quality standards.

## **A**WARNING **A**

Cummins Inc. does not recommend or authorize any modifications or repairs to components except for those detailed in Cummins Service Information. In particular, unauthorized repair to safety-related components can cause personal injury or death. Below is a partial listing of components classified as safety-related:

- 1 Air Compressor
- 2 Air Controls
- 3 Air Shutoff Assemblies
- 4 Balance Weights
- 5 Cooling Fan
- 6 Fan Hub Assembly
- 7 Fan Mounting Bracket(s)
- 8 Fan Mounting Capscrews
- 9 Fan Hub Spindle
- 10 Flywheel
- 11 Flywheel Crankshaft Adapter
- 12 Flywheel Mounting Capscrews
- 13 Fuel Shutoff Assemblies
- 14 Fuel Supply Tubes
- 15 Lifting Brackets
- 16 Throttle Controls
- 17 Turbocharger Compressor Casing
- 18 Turbocharger Oil Drain Line(s)
- 19 Turbocharger Oil Supply Line(s)
- 20 Turbocharger Turbine Casing
- 21 Vibration Damper Mounting Capscrews
- 22 Manual Service Disconnect
- 23 High Voltage Interlock Loop
- 24 High Voltage Connectors/Connections and Harnesses
- 25 High Voltage Battery System
- 26 Power Inverter
- 27 Generator Motor
- 28 Clutch Pressure Plate
- Follow all safety instructions noted in the procedures
- Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for cleaning solvents and other substances used during repairs. Some
  solvents have been identified by government agencies as toxic or carcinogenic. Avoid excessive breathing,
  ingestion and contact with such substances. Always use good safety practices with tools and equipment
- Provide a clean environment and follow the cleaning instructions specified in the procedures
- The engine or system and its components must be kept clean during any repair. Contamination of the engine, system or components will cause premature wear.
- All components must be kept clean during any repair. Contamination of the components will cause premature wear.

- Perform the inspections specified in the procedures
- Replace all components or assemblies which are damaged or worn beyond the specifications
- · Use genuine Cummins new or ReCon® service parts and assemblies
- The assembly instructions have been written to use again as many components and assemblies as possible. When it is necessary to replace a component or assembly, the procedure is based on the use of new Cummins or Cummins ReCon® components. All of the repair services described in this manual are available from all Cummins Distributors and most Dealer locations.
- Follow the specified disassembly and assembly procedures to reduce the possibility of damage to the components

Complete rebuild instructions are available in the service manual which can be ordered or purchased from a Cummins Authorized Repair Location. Refer to Section L — Service Literature for ordering instructions.

#### Welding on a Vehicle with an Electronic Controlled Fuel System

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Disconnect both the positive (+) and negative (-) battery cables from the low voltage battery before welding on the vehicle. Attach the welder ground cable no more than 0.61 meters [2 feet] from the part being welded. Do not connect the ground clamp of the welder to any of the sensors, wiring harness, electronic control units or the components. Direct welding of any electronic components must not be attempted. Sensors, wiring harness, and electronic control unit should be removed if nearby welding will expose these components to temperatures beyond normal operation. Additionally, all electronic control unit connectors must be disconnected

#### **General Cleaning Instructions**

#### **Definition of Clean**

Parts **must** be free of debris that can contaminate any engine system. This does **not** necessarily mean they have to appear as new.

Sanding gasket surfaces until the factory machining marks are disturbed adds no value and is often harmful to forming a seal. It is important to maintain surface finish and flatness tolerances to form a quality sealing surface. Gaskets are designed to fill small voids in the specified surface finish.

Sanding gasket surfaces where edge-molded gaskets are used is most often unnecessary. Edge-molded gaskets are those metal carriers with sealing material bonded to the edges of the gasket to seal while the metal portion forms a metal to metal joint for stability. Any of the small amounts of sealing material that can stick to the parts are better removed with a blunt-edged scraper on the spots rather than spending time polishing the whole surface with an air sander or disc.

For those gaskets that do **not** have the edge molding, nearly all have a material that contains release agents to prevent sticking. Certainly this is **not** to say that some gaskets are **not** difficult to remove because the gasket has been in place a long time, has been overheated or the purpose of the release agent has been defeated by the application of some sealant. The object however is just to remove the gasket without damaging the surfaces of the mating parts without contaminating the engine (don't let the little bits fall where they can not be removed).

Bead blasting piston crowns until the dark stain is removed is unnecessary. All that is required is to remove the carbon build-up above the top ring and in the ring grooves. There is more information on bead blasting and piston cleaning later in this document.

Cummins Inc. does **not** recommend sanding or grinding the carbon ring at the top of cylinder liners until clean metal is visible. The liner will be ruined and any signs of a problem at the top ring reversal point (like a dust-out) will be destroyed. It is necessary to remove the carbon ring to provide for easier removal of the piston assembly. A medium bristle, high quality, steel wire wheel that is rated above the rpm of the power tool being used will be just as quick and there will be less damage. Yes, one **must** look carefully for broken wires after the piston is removed but the wires are more visible and can be attracted by a magnet.

Oil on parts that have been removed from the engine will attract dirt in the air. The dirt will adhere to the oil. If possible, leave the old oil on the part until it is ready to be cleaned, inspected and installed, and then clean it off along with any attracted dirt. If the part is cleaned then left exposed it can have to be cleaned again before installation. Make sure parts are lubricated with clean oil before installation. They do **not** need to be oiled all over but do need oil between moving parts (or a good lube system priming process conducted before cranking the engine).

Bead blasting parts to remove exterior paint is also usually unnecessary. The part will most likely be painted again so all that needs happen is remove any loose paint.

#### Abrasive Pads and Abrasive Paper

The keyword here is "abrasive". There is no part of an engine designed to withstand abrasion. That is they are all supposed to lock together or slide across each other. Abrasives and dirt particles will degrade both functions.

## **A**WARNING **A**

Abrasive material must be kept out of or removed from oil passages and parts wear points. Abrasive material in oil passages can cause bearing and bushing failures that can progress to major component damage beyond reuse. This is particularly true of main and rod bearings.

Cummins Inc. does **not** recommend the use of emery cloth or sand paper on any part of an **assembled** engine or component including but **not** limited to removing the carbon ridge from cylinder liners or to clean block decks or counterbores.

Great care **must** be taken when using abrasive products to clean engine parts, particularly on partially assembled engines. Abrasive cleaning products come in many forms and sizes. All of them contain aluminum oxide particles, silicon carbide, or sand or some other similar hard material. These particles are harder than most of the parts in the engine. Since they are harder, if they are pressed against softer material they will either damage the material or become embedded in it. These materials fall off the holding media as the product is used. If the products are used with power equipment the particles are thrown about the engine. If the particles fall between two moving parts, damage to the moving parts is likely.

If particles that are smaller than the clearance between the parts while they are at rest (engine stopped), but larger than the running clearance then damage will occur when the parts move relative to each other (engine started). While the engine is running and there is oil pressure, particles that are smaller than the bearing clearance are likely to pass between the parts without damage and be trapped in the oil filter. However, particles larger than the bearing clearance will remove material from one part and can become embedded in one of the parts. Once embedded in one part it will

abrade the other part until contact is no longer being made between the two parts. If the damage sufficiently degrades the oil film, the two parts will come into contact resulting in early wear-out or failure from lack of effective lubrication.

Abrasive particles can fly about during cleaning it is **very** important to block these particles from entering the engine as much as possible. This is particularly true of lubricating oil ports and oil drilling holes, especially those located downstream of the lubricating oil filters. Plug the holes instead of trying to blow the abrasive particles and debris with compressed air because the debris is often simply blown further into the oil drilling.

All old gasket material **must** be removed from the parts gasket surfaces. However, it is **not** necessary to clean and polish the gasket surface until the machining marks are erased. Excessive sanding or buffing can damage the gasket surface. Many newer gaskets are of the edge molded type (a steel carrier with a sealing member bonded to the steel). What little sealing material that can adhere is best removed with a blunt-edged scraper or putty knife. Cleaning gasket surfaces where an edge-molded gasket is used with abrasive pads or paper is usually a waste of time.

#### **A**WARNING **A**

Excessive sanding or grinding the carbon ring from the top of the cylinder liners can damage the liner beyond reuse. The surface finish will be damaged and abrasive particles can be forced into the liner material which can cause early cylinder wear-out or piston ring failures.

Tape off or plug all openings to any component interior before using abrasive pads or wire brushes. If really necessary because of time to use a power tool with abrasive pads, tape the oil drillings closed or use plug and clean as much of the surface as possible with the tool but clean around the oil hole/opening by hand so as to prevent contamination of the drilling. Then remove the tape or plug and clean the remaining area carefully and without the tool. DO NOT use compressed air to blow the debris out of oil drilling on an assembled engine! More likely than **not**, the debris can be blown further into the drilling. Using compressed air is fine if both ends of the drilling are open but that is rarely the case when dealing with an assembled engine.

#### **Gasket Surfaces**

The object of cleaning gasket surfaces is to remove any gasket material, not refinish the gasket surface of the part.

Cummins Inc. does **not** recommend any specific brand of liquid gasket remover. If a liquid gasket remover is used, check the directions to make sure the material being cleaned will **not** be harmed.

Air powered gasket scrapers can save time but care must be taken to **not** damage the surface. The angled part of the scraper must be against the gasket surface to prevent the blade from digging into the surface. Using air powered gasket scrapers on parts made of soft materials takes skill and care to prevent damage.

Do **not** scrape or brush across the gasket surface if at all possible.

#### Solvent and Acid Cleaning

Several solvent and acid-type cleaners can be used to clean the disassembled engine parts (other than pistons. See Below). Experience has shown that the best results can be obtained using a cleaner that can be heated to 90° to 95° Celsius (180° to 200° Fahrenheit). Kerosene emulsion based cleaners have different temperature specifications, see below. A cleaning tank that provides a constant mixing and filtering of the cleaning solution will give the best results. Cummins Inc. does not recommend any specific cleaners. Always follow the cleaner manufacturer's instructions. Remove all the gasket material, o-rings, and the deposits of sludge, carbon, etc., with a wire brush or scraper before putting the parts in a cleaning tank. Be careful not to damage any gasket surfaces. When possible, steam clean the parts before putting them in the cleaning tank.

## **A**WARNING **A**

When using solvents, acids, or alkaline materials for cleaning, follow the manufacturers recommendations for use. Wear goggles and protective clothing to reduce the possibility of personal injury.

Experience has shown that kerosene emulsion based cleaners perform the best to clean pistons. These cleaners should **not** be heated to temperature in excess of 77°C (170°F). The solution begins to break down at temperatures in excess of 82°C (180°F) and will be less effective.

Do **not** use solutions composed mainly of chlorinated hydrocarbons with cresols, phenols and/or cresylic components. They often do **not** do a good job of removing deposits from the ring groove and are costly to dispose of properly.

Solutions with a pH above approximately 9.5 will cause aluminum to turn black; therefore do **not** use high alkaline solutions.

Chemicals with a pH above 7.0 are considered alkaline and those below 7.0 are acidic. As you move further away from the neutral 7.0, the chemicals become highly alkaline or highly acidic.

Remove all the gasket material, o-rings, and the deposits of sludge, carbon, etc., with a wire brush or scraper before putting the parts in a cleaning tank. Be careful to **not** damage any gasket surfaces. When possible use hot high

pressure water or steam clean the parts before putting them in the cleaning tank. Removing the heaviest dirt before placing in the tank will allow the cleaner to work more effectively and the cleaning agent will last longer.

Rinse all the parts in hot water after cleaning. Dry completely with compressed air. Blow the rinse water from all the capscrew holes and the oil drillings.

If the parts are **not** to be used immediately after cleaning, dip them in a suitable rust proofing compound. The rust proofing compound **must** be removed from the parts before assembly or installation on the engine.

#### Steam Cleaning

Steam cleaning can be used to remove all types of dirt that can contaminate the cleaning tank. It is a good method for cleaning the oil drillings and coolant passages

## **A**WARNING **A**

When using a steam cleaner, wear safety glasses or a face shield, as well as protective clothing. Hot steam can cause serious personal injury.

Do **not** steam clean the following components:

- · Electrical Components
- · Wiring Harnesses
- Injectors
- Fuel Pump
- Belts and Hoses
- Bearings (ball or taper roller)
- Electronic Control Module (ECM)
- ECM Connectors
- · Dosing Control Unit
- NOx Sensor.

#### **Plastic Bead Cleaning**

Cummins Inc. does **not** recommend the use of glass bead blast or walnut shell media on **any** engine part. Cummins Inc. recommends using **only** plastic bead media, Part Number 3822735 or equivalent on any engine part. **Never** use sand as a blast media to clean engine parts. Glass and walnut shell media when **not** used to the media manufacturer's recommendations can cause excess dust and can embed in engine parts that can result in premature failure of components through abrasive wear.

Plastic bead cleaning can be used on many engine components to remove carbon deposits. The cleaning process is controlled by the use of plastic beads, the operating pressure and cleaning time.

## $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

Do not use bead blasting cleaning methods on aluminum pistons skirts or the pin bores in any piston, piston skirt or piston crown. Small particles of the media will embed in the aluminum or other soft metal and result in premature wear of the cylinder liner, piston rings, pins and pin bores. Valves, turbocharger shafts, etc., can also be damaged. Follow the cleaning directions listed in the procedures.

## $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

Do not contaminate wash tanks and tank type solvent cleaners with the foreign material and plastic beads. Remove the foreign material and plastic beads with compressed air, hot high pressure water or steam before placing them in tanks or cleaners. The foreign material and plastic beads can contaminate the tank and any other engine parts cleaned in the tank. Contaminated parts may cause failures from abrasive wear.

Plastic bead blasting media, Part Number 3822735, can be used to clean all piston ring grooves. Do **not** sure any bead blasting media on piston pin bores or aluminum skirts.

Follow the equipment manufacturer's cleaning instructions. Make sure to adjust the air pressure in the blasting machine to the bead manufacturer's recommendations. Turning up the pressure can move material on the part and cause the plastic bead media to wear out more quickly. The following guidelines can be used to adapt to manufacturer's instructions:

- 1 Bead size: U.S. size Number 16 20 for piston cleaning with plastic bead media, Part Number 3822735
- 2 Operating Pressure 270 kPa (40 psi) for piston cleaning. Pressure should not cause beads to break.

3 Steam clean or wash the parts with solvent to remove all of the foreign material and plastic beads after cleaning. Rinse with hot water. Dry with compressed air.

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

The bead blasting operation must not disturb the metal surface. If the metal surface is disturbed the engine can be damaged due to increased parts clearance or inadequate surface finish on parts that move against other parts.

When cleaning pistons, it is **not** necessary to remove all the dark stain from the piston. All that is necessary is to remove the carbon on the rim and in the ring grooves. This is best done by directing the blast across the part as opposed to straight at the part. If the machining marks are disturbed by the blasting process, then the pressure is too high or the blast is being held on one spot too long. The blast operation **must not** disturb the metal surface.

Walnut shell bead blast material is sometimes used to clean ferrous metals (iron and steel). Walnut shell blasting produces a great amount of dust particularly when the pressure if the air pressure on the blasting machine is increased above media manufacturer's recommendation. Cummins Inc. recommends **not** using walnut shell media to clean engine parts due to the risk media embedment and subsequent contamination of the engine.

Cummins Inc. now recommends glass bead media **NOT** used to clean any engine parts. Glass media is too easily embedded into the material particularly in soft materials and when air pressures greater than media manufacturer's recommend are used. The glass is an abrasive so when it is in a moving part, that part is abrading all the parts in contact with it. When higher pressures are used the media is broken and forms a dust of a very small size that floats easily in the air. This dust is very hard to control in the shop, particularly if **only** compressed air (and not hot water) is used to blow the media after it is removed from the blasting cabinet (blowing the part off inside the cabinet may remove large accumulations but never removes all the media).

Bead blasting is best used on stubborn dirt/carbon build-up that has **not** been removed by first steam/higher pressure washing then washing in a heated wash tank. This is particularly true of pistons. Steam and soak the pistons first then use the plastic bead method to safely remove the carbon remaining in the grooves (instead of running the risk of damaging the surface finish of the groove with a wire wheel or end of a broken piston ring. Make sure the parts are dry and oil free before bead blasting to prevent clogging the return on the blasting machine.

**Always** direct the bead blaster nozzle "across" rather than directly at the part. This allows the bead to get under the unwanted material. Keep the nozzle moving rather than hold on one place. Keeping the nozzle directed at one-place too long causes the metal to heat up and be moved around. Remember that the spray is **not** just hitting the dirt or carbon. If the machining marks on the piston groove or rim have been disturbed then there has **not** been enough movement of the nozzle and/or the air pressure is too high.

**Never** bead blast valve stems. Tape or use a sleeve to protect the stems during bead blasting. Direct the nozzle across the seat surface and radius rather than straight at them. The object is to remove any carbon build up and continuing to blast to remove the stain is a waste of time.

#### **Fuel System**

When servicing any fuel system components, which can be exposed to potential contaminants, prior to disassembly, clean the fittings, mounting hardware, and the area around the component to be removed. If the surrounding areas are **not** cleaned, dirt or contaminants can be introduced into the fuel system.

The internal drillings of some injectors are extremely small and susceptible to plugging from contamination. Some fuel injection systems can operate at very high pressures. High pressure fuel can convert simple particles of dirt and rust into a highly abrasive contaminant that can damage the high pressure pumping components and fuel injectors.

Electrical contact cleaner can be used if steam cleaning tools are **not** available. Use electrical contact cleaner rather than compressed air, to wash dirt and debris away from fuel system fittings. Diesel fuel on exposed fuel system parts attracts airborne contaminants.

Choose lint free towels for fuel system work.

Cap and plug fuel lines, fittings, and ports whenever the fuel system is opened. Rust, dirt, and paint can enter the fuel system whenever a fuel line or other component is loosened or removed from the engine. In many instances, a good practice is to loosen a line or fitting to break the rust and paint loose, and then clean off the loosened material.

When removing fuel lines or fittings from a new or newly-painted engine, make sure to remove loose paint flakes/chips that can be created when a wrench contacts painted line nuts or fittings, or when quick disconnect fittings are removed.

Fuel filters are rated in microns. The word micron is the abbreviation for a micrometer, or one millionth of a meter. The micron rating is the size of the smallest particles that will be captured by the filter media. As a reference, a human hair is 76 microns [0.003 in] in diameter. One micron measures 0.001 mm [0.00004 in.]. The contaminants being filtered out are smaller than can be seen with the human eye, a magnifying glass, or a low powered microscope.

The tools used for fuel system troubleshooting and repair are to be cleaned regularly to avoid contamination. Like fuel system parts, tools that are coated with oil or fuel attract airborne contaminants. Remember the following points regarding your fuel system tools:

- Fuel system tools are to be kept as clean as possible.
- Clean and dry the tools before returning them to the tool box.
- If possible, store fuel system tools in sealed containers.
- Make sure fuel system tools are clean before use.

## **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

### **General Information**

The following list contains some of the acronyms and abbreviations used in this manual.

ANSI	American National Standards Institute
API	American Petroleum Institute
ASTM	American Society of Testing and Materials
BTU	British Thermal Unit
BTDC	Before Top Dead Center
°C	Celsius
СО	Carbon Monoxide
CCA	Cold Cranking Amperes
CARB	California Air Resources Board
C.I.B.	Customer Interface Box
C.I.D.	Cubic Inch Displacement
CNG	Compressed Natural Gas
CPL	Control Parts List
cSt	Centistokes
DEF	Diesel Exhaust Fluid
DOC	Diesel Oxidation Catalyst
DPF	Diesel Particulate Filter
ECM	Engine Control Module
EFC	Electronic Fuel Control
EGR	Exhaust Gas Recirculation
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
°F	Fahrenheit
ft-lb	Foot-Pound Force
FMI	Failure Mode Indentifier
GVW	Gross Vehicle Weight
Hg	Mercury
hp	Horsepower
H <sub>2</sub> O	Water
inHg	Inches of Mercury
in H <sub>2</sub> 0	Inches of Water
ICM	Ignition Control Module
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
km/l	Kilometers per Liter
kPa	Kilopascal
LNG	Liquid Natural Gas
LPG	Liquified Petroleum Gas
LTA	Low Temperature Aftercooling
MIL	Malfunction Indicator Lamp
MPa	Megapascal
mph	Miles Per Hour
mpq	Miles Per Quart
N•m	Newton-meter
NOx	Mono-Nitrogen Oxides
NG	Natural Gas
O2	Oxygen

OBD	On-Board Diagnostics
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PID	Parameter Identification Descriptions
ppm	Parts Per Million
psi	Pounds Per Square Inch
РТО	Power Takeoff
REPTO	Rear Power Take Off
RGT	Rear Gear Train
rpm	Revolutions Per Minute
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
SCA	Supplemental Coolant Additive
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction
STC	Step Timing Control
SID	Subsystem Identification Descriptions
VDC	Volts of Direct Current
VS	Variable Speed
VSS	Vehicle Speed Sensor

## **Section E - Engine and System Identification**

## **Section Contents**

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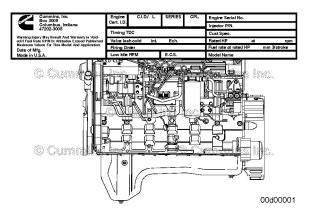
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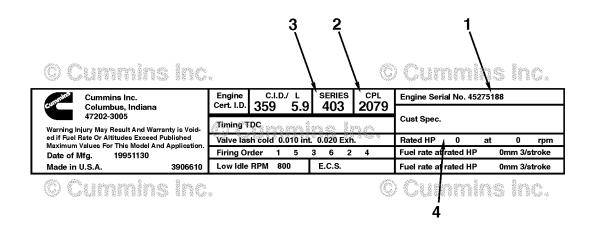
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## **Engine Identification**

#### **Engine Dataplate**



The engine dataplate provides important information about the engine. The engine serial number (ESN) and control part list (CPL) provide information for service and for ordering parts. The engine dataplate **must not** be changed unless approved by Cummins Inc.

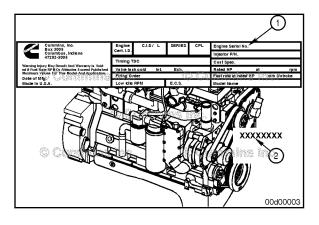


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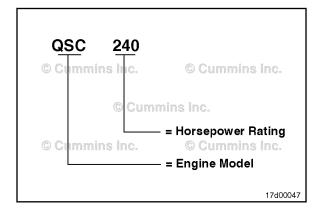
Have the following engine data available when communicating with a Cummins® Authorized Repair Location:

- 1 Engine serial number (ESN)
- 2 Control parts list (CPL)
- 3 Model
- 4 Horsepower and rpm rating.

NOTE: Depending on the manufacturing plant, calibration data may also be be found on the engine dataplate.

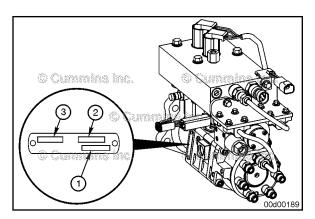


If the engine dataplate (1) is **not** legible, the engine serial number (ESN) (2) can be found on the engine block, on top of the lubricating oil cooler housing. Additional engine information is on the ECM dataplate.



#### **Cummins® Engine Nomenclature**

The Cummins® engine nomenclature provides the engine model and horsepower rating.



### **Fuel Injection Pump Dataplate**

The Cummins® Accumulator Pump System (CAPS) fuel injection pump dataplate is located on the side of the injection pump. The dataplate contains the following information:

- 1 Cummins® part number
- 2 Pump serial number
- 3 Factory code.

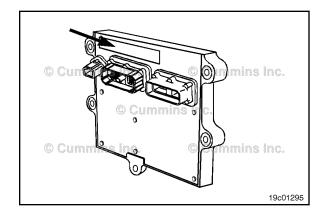
#### **ECM Dataplate**

The ECM dataplate is located on the front of the ECM.

The following information is found on the ECM dataplate:

- ECM part number (PN)
- ECM serial number (SN)
- ECM date code (DC)
- Engine serial number (ESN)
- ECM Code (identifies the software in the ECM).

**NOTE:** The presence of an ECM dataplate depends on the manufacturing plant and the date the engine was manufactured. If an ECM dataplate was **not** installed by the manufacturing plant, calibration data can be found on the engine dataplate.



## **Engine Diagrams**

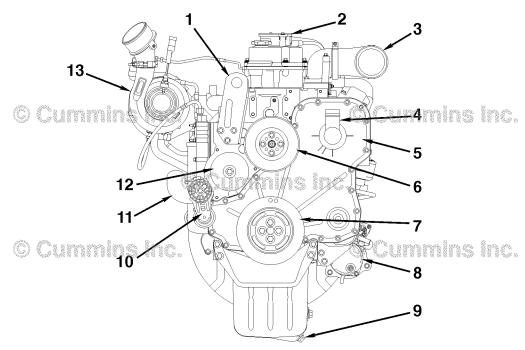
### **Engine Views**

The following illustrations provide the locations of the major external engine components, filters, and other service and maintenance points. Some external components will be different locations for different engine models.

The illustrations are **only** a reference to show a typical engine.

## **Engine Diagrams**

#### **Engine Views**



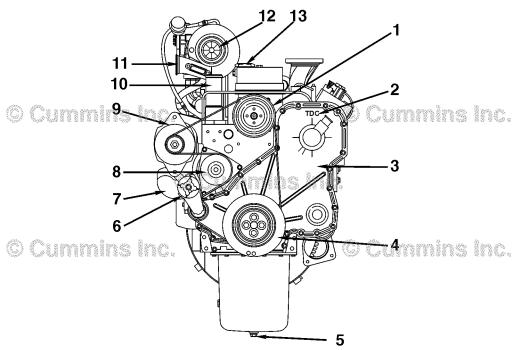
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Front Engine View (Cummins® Common Rail Fuel System)

- 1 Engine lifting bracket
- 2 Crankcase breather
- 3 Air intake connection
- 4 Engine oil fill
- 5 Front gear cover
- 6 Fan pulley
- 7 Vibration Damper
- 8 Starter
- 9 Engine oil pan drain plug
- 10 Automatic belt tensioner
- 11 Coolant inlet connection
- 12 Water pump
- 13 Turbocharger (variable geometry turbocharger shown).

## **Engine Diagrams**

#### **Engine Views**

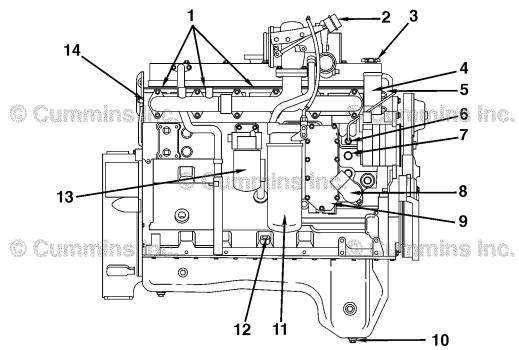


Front View (CAPS Fuel System)

- 1 Fan pulley
- 2 Top dead center (TDC) mark
- 3 Front gear cover
- 4 Vibration damper
- 5 Engine oil pan drain plug
- 6 Automatic belt tensioner
- 7 Water inlet
- 8 Water pump
- 9 Alternator
- 10 Water outlet
- 11 Turbocharger air outlet
- 12 Turbocharger air inlet
- 13 Engine oil fill.

## **Engine Diagrams**

#### **Engine Views**

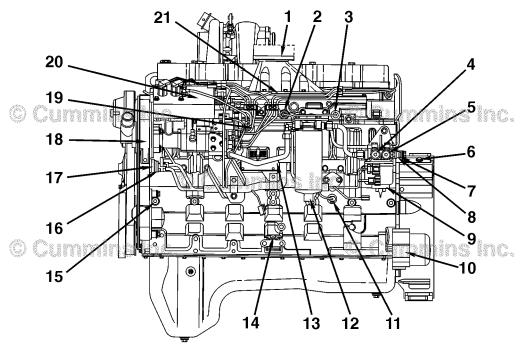


Exhaust Side View (CAPS Fuel System)

- 1 1/2-inch (NPTF) coolant taps
- 2 Turbocharger wastegate actuator
- 3 Engine oil fill
- 4 Coolant outlet
- 5 Front engine lifting bracket
- 6 Coolant temperature sensor
- 7 Coolant heater port
- 8 Coolant inlet
- 9 Lubricating oil cooler
- 10 Engine oil pan drain plug
- 11 Lubricating oil filter
- 12 Dipstick location
- 13 Coolant filter
- 14 Injector drain fuel outlet connection.

## **Engine Diagrams**

#### **Engine Views**

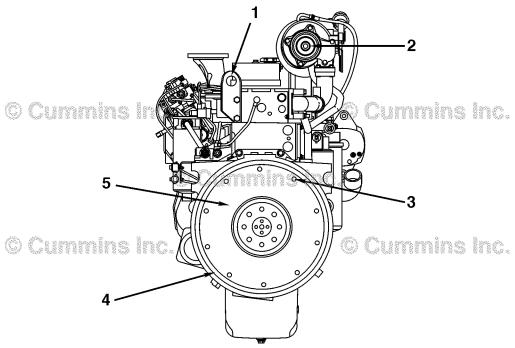


Fuel Pump Side View (CAPS Fuel System)

- 1 Engine air inlet
- 2 Intake manifold pressure sensor
- 3 Intake manifold temperature sensor
- 4 M10 (STOR) fuel pressure after-lift pump
- 5 M10 (STOR) fuel pressure before-lift pump
- 6 Magnetic pickup location 3/4-16 UNF
- 7 Fuel return connection
- 8 Fuel inlet connection
- 9 Fuel lift pump
- 10 Starter mounting flange
- 11 Oil pressure sensor
- 12 Fuel filter/water separator
- 13 Electronic control module (ECM)
- 14 Dipstick location
- 15 M10 (STOR) oil pressure port
- 16 Engine position sensor (EPS) (inboard)
- 17 Engine speed sensor (ESS) (outboard)
- 18 Engine dataplate
- 19 High-pressure fuel lines
- 20 Cummins® Accumulator Pump System (CAPS) injection pump
- 21 Intake air heater.

## **Engine Diagrams**

#### **Engine Views**

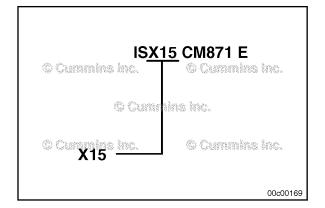


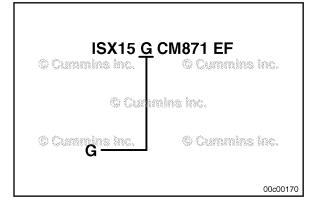
Rear View (CAPS Fuel System)

- 1 Rear engine lifting bracket
- 2 Turbocharger exhaust outlet
- 3 Clutch mounting holes
- 4 Flywheel housing
- 5 Flywheel.



## <u>ISX15</u> CM871 E © Cummina Inc. O Cummins inc. G Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc. IS or QS 00c00168





#### **Engine** Cummins® Service Model **Product Identification General Information**

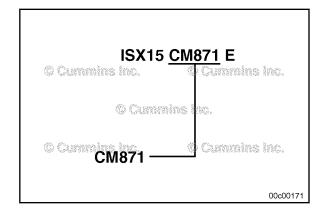
The Cummins® Service Engine Model Nomenclature procedure describes how engines are identified within Cummins service organization. This method was introduced for models after and including manufacture year 2007.

Electronic engines are identified by the first two letters, either an "IS" for On-Highway automotive or "QS" for Off-Highway industrial market applications.

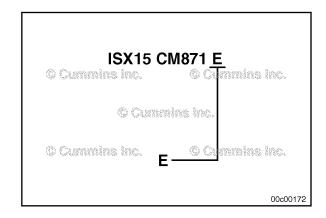
The third letter is the engine platform designation followed by the engine liter size.

If the engine operates on a fuel type other than diesel, the type will be identified after the liter size.

The control system is identified with the letters "CM" followed by the control system model number.

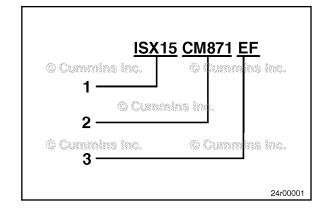


The technology identifier after the control system designates the prevailing technology used with the engine. (See table in this procedure for letter designations.)



#### Example:

- 1 On-Highway automotive "X" 15 liter engine
- 2 Control system number 871
- 3 Technology supported; Electric EGR and Diesel Particulate Filter



Technology	Name	Suffix
Exhaust Gas Recirculation	Not used	None
	Pneumatic	Р
	Electric	Е
Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF)	Not used	None
	Full Flow DPF	F
	Partial Flow DPF	F2
Diesel Oxidation Catalyst	Not used	None
	DOC	С
3-Way Oxidation Catalytic Converter	Not used	None
	3-Way Catalyst	J
Selective Catalytic Reduction System	Not used	None
	Air Driven	S
	Airless	A
Nox Sensor	Not used	None
	Nox Sensor	N
Modular Common Rail System	Used only on QSK19, 38, 50 , 60 HHP Engines	MCRS
Integrated Dosing Control Unit	Not Used	None
	Integrated	I

### **Section 1 - Operating Instructions**

#### **Section Contents**

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## Operating Instructions - Overview General Information



Correct care of your engine will result in longer life, better performance, and more economical operation.

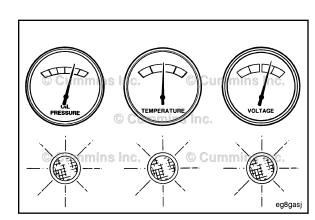
Follow the daily maintenance checks listed in Maintenance Guidelines (Section 2).

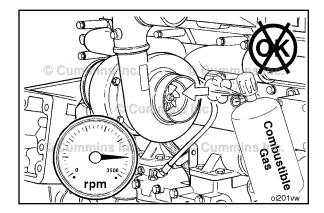
The **new** Cummins® engine associated with this manual does **not** require a "break-in" procedure. This section of the manual provides all of the necessary information required for proper engine operation.

U.S. legislation requires that stationary compression ignition internal combustion engines designated for emergency use are limited to emergency operations and required maintenance and testing.

Check the oil pressure indicators, temperature indicators, warning lights, and other gauges daily to make sure they are operational.







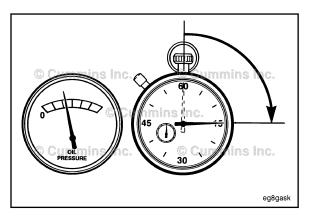
#### **A**WARNING **A**

DO NOT OPERATE A DIESEL ENGINE WHERE THERE ARE OR CAN BE COMBUSTIBLE VAPORS. The vapors can be sucked through the air intake system and cause engine acceleration and overspeeding that can result in a fire, an explosion, and extensive property damage. Numerous safety devices are available, such as air intake shutoff devices, to minimize the risk of overspeeding where an engine, due to its application, might operate in a combustible environment, such as due to a fuel spill or gas leak. Remember, Cummins has no way of knowing the use you have for your engine. THE EQUIPMENT OWNER AND OPERATOR ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR SAFE OPERATION IN HOSTILE ENVIRONMENT. CONSULT YOUR CUMMINS AUTHORIZED REPAIR LOCATION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.

Cummins recommends the installation of an air intake shutoff device or a similar safety device to minimize the risk of overspeeding when an engine is operating in a combustible environment, such as due to a fuel spill or gas leak.

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not expose the engine to corrosive chemicals. Corrosive chemicals can damage the engine.

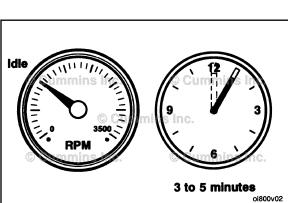




### Normal Starting Procedure General Information

#### $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

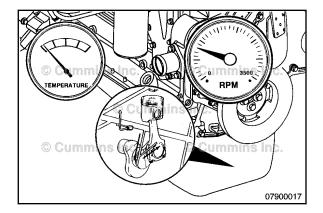
The engine must have adequate oil pressure within 15 seconds after starting. If the WARNING lamp indicating low oil pressure has not gone out or there is no oil pressure indicated on a gauge within 15 seconds, shut off the engine immediately to avoid engine damage. The low oil pressure troubleshooting procedure is located in Troubleshooting Symptoms (Section TS).





Idle the engine 3 to 5 minutes before operating with a load.

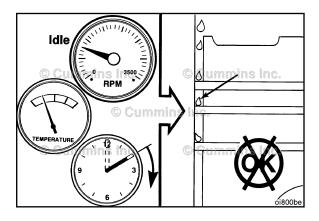
After starting a cold engine, increase the engine speed (rpm) slowly to provide adequate lubrication to the bearings and to allow the oil pressure to stabilize.



#### $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

Do not operate engine at low idle for long periods with engine coolant temperature below the minimum specification in Maintenance Specifications (Section V). This can result in the following:

- Fuel Dilution of the lubricating oil
- Carbon build up in the cylinder
- Cylinder head valve sticking
- Reduced performance



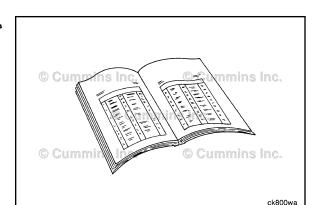
#### Cold Weather Starting General Information

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

To reduce the possibility of damage to the lubricating oil pan, due to the composite materials used in the manufacture of the lubricating oil pan, under no circumstances should an external heat source be applied directly or indirectly to the lubricating oil pan.

Follow the Normal Starting Procedure in this section. If equipped with an intake air heater, the Wait-To-Start lamp will stay on longer.

Refer to the OEM service manual for any additional cold weather starting procedures.

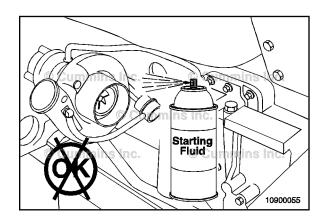


#### **Using Starting Aids**

#### **A**WARNING **A**

Do not use starting fluids with this engine. This engine is equipped with an intake air heater; use of starting fluid can cause an explosion, fire, personal injury, severe damage to the engine, and property damage.

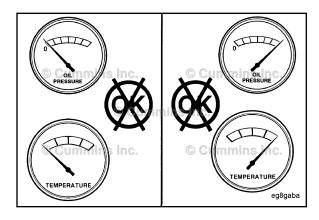
Cold weather starting aids are available for this engine. Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Location for more information.



## Starting Procedure After Extended Shutdown or Oil Change

#### **General Information**

Follow the Normal Starting Procedure in this section. The engine will **not** start until the minimum cranking oil pressure is detected by the ECM. It can take more cranking time to start the engine after an extended shut down or oil change.

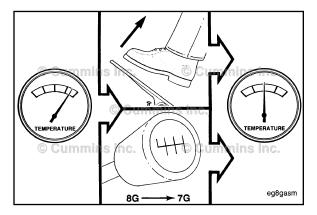




### Operating the Engine Normal

If equipped, monitor the oil pressure and coolant temperature gauges frequently. Refer to Lubricating Oil System specifications and Cooling System specifications, in Maintenance Specifications (Section V) for recommended operating pressures and temperatures. Shut off the engine if any pressure or temperature does **not** meet the specifications.

Continuous operation with engine coolant temperature above or below the engine coolant temperature specifications listed in Maintenance Specifications (Section V) can damage the engine.

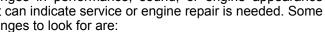


If an overheating condition starts to occur, reduce the power output of the engine by releasing the accelerator pedal or lever or shifting the transmission to a lower gear, or both, until the temperature returns to the normal operating range. If the engine temperature does **not** return to normal, shut off the engine, and refer to Troubleshooting Symptoms (Section TS), or contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Location.

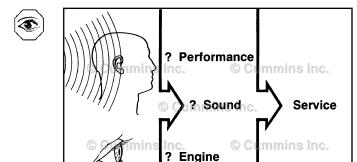
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#### QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section 1 - Operating Instructions

Most failures give an early warning. Look and listen for changes in performance, sound, or engine appearance that can indicate service or engine repair is needed. Some changes to look for are:



- Engine misfires
- Vibration
- Unusual engine noises
- Sudden changes in engine operating temperatures or pressures
- Excessive smoke
- Loss of power
- An increase in oil consumption
- An increase in fuel consumption
- Fuel, oil, or coolant leaks.



**Appearance** 

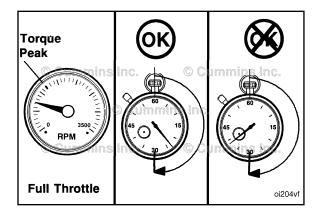
#### **Cold Weather**

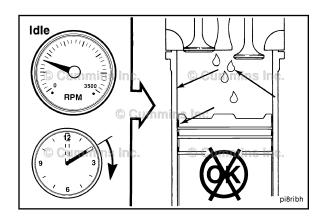
It is possible to operate engines in extremely cold environments if they are properly prepared and maintained. Satisfactory performance of an engine in low ambient temperature conditions requires modification of the engine, surrounding equipment, operating practices and maintenance procedures.

The correct engine coolant lubricating oil and fuels must be used for the cold weather range in which the engine is being operated. Below are the recommendations for these critical engine fluids:

#### Winterfronts and Shutters

Winterfronts and shutters can be used on a vehicle or equipment to reduce air flow through the radiator core into the engine compartment. This can reduce the time required to warm the engine and help maintain the engine coolant temperature. The engine coolant temperature specifications are in the Maintenance Specification (Section V).





### **Engine Operating Range General Information**

#### $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

Do not operate the engine at full throttle below peak torque rpm (refer to engine dataplate for peak torque rpm) for more than 30 seconds. Operating the engine at full throttle below peak torque will shorten engine life to overhaul, can cause serious engine damage, and is considered engine abuse.

Cummins® engines are designed to operate successfully at full throttle under transient conditions down to peak torque engine speed. This is consistent with recommended operating practices.

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not operate the engine beyond the maximum engine speed. Operating the engine beyond the maximum engine speed can cause severe engine damage. Use proper operating techniques for the vehicle, vessel, or equipment to prevent engine overspeed. The maximum engine speed specification is listed in Maintenance Specifications (Section V).

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not idle the engine for excessively long periods. Long periods of idling, more than 10 minutes, can cause poor engine performance.

### Engine Shutdown General Information

Allow the engine to idle 3 to 5 minutes before shutting it off after a full-load operation. This allows adequate cool down of pistons, cylinders, bearings, and turbocharger components.

**NOTE:** For engines equipped with an electronic control module (ECM) ensure the keyswitch is turned off for a minimum of 70 seconds prior to disconnecting the continuous (unswitched) battery power supply. If the unswitched battery power supply is disconnected in less than 70 seconds after the keyswitch is turned off active fault codes and incorrect ECM information can occur.

Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position. If the engine does **not** shut down, refer to Troubleshooting Symptom (Section TS) in appropriate Operation and Maintenance manual.

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Failure to follow the correct shutdown procedure may result in damage to the turbocharger and shorten the turbocharger life.

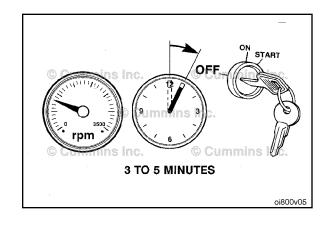
## **Electronic Controlled Fuel System General Information**

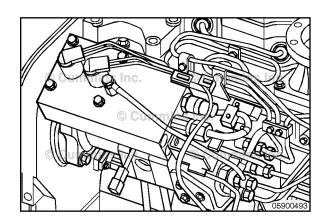
The QSC8.3 engine control system is electronically controlled and also provides many operator and vehicle or equipment features.

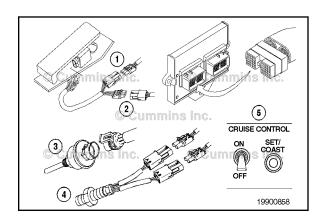
The base functions of the control system include fueling and timing control, limiting the engine speed operating range between the low- and high-idle set points, and reducing exhaust emissions while optimizing engine performance.

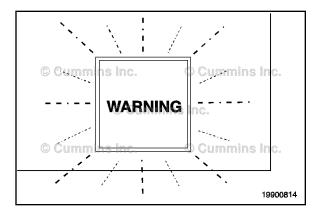
The control system uses inputs from the operator and engine sensors to determine the fueling and timing required to operate at the desired engine speed.

The engine control module (ECM) is the control center of the system. It processes all of the inputs and sends commands to the fuel system, vehicle, and engine control devices.



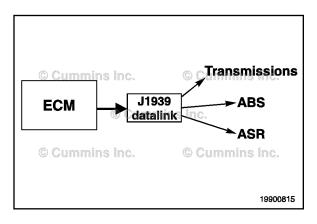






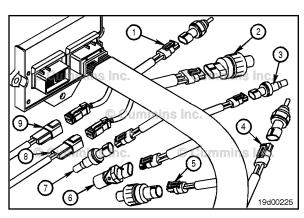
The engine control module (ECM) performs diagnostic tests on most of its circuits and will activate a fault code if a problem is detected in one of these circuits. Along with the fault code identifying the problem, a snapshot of engine operating parameters at the time of fault activation is stored in memory.

Most fault codes will activate a diagnostic lamp to signal the driver.



The ECM communicates with service tools and other vehicle controllers such as the transmission, antilock brake system (ABS), and anti-slip reduction through an SAE J1939 datalink.

Some vehicles and equipment will have J1939 networks that link many of the "smart" controllers together. Vehicle control devices can temporarily command engine speed or torque to perform one of its functions such as transmission shifting or antilock braking.



The control system utilizes a number of sensors to provide data on engine operating parameters. These sensors include:

- 1 Coolant temperature sensor
- 2 Oil pressure sensor
- 3 Water-in-fuel sensor
- 4 Intake air temperature sensor
- 5 Intake manifold pressure sensor
- 6 Engine speed and position sensors
- 7 CAPS fuel temperature sensor
- 8 Injection control valve
- 9 Pumping control valves
- 10 CAPS fuel pressure sensor (not shown).
- 1 Coolant Temperature Sensor
- 2 Oil Pressure Sensor
- 3 Water-in-Fuel Sensor
- 4 Intake Air Temperature Sensor
- 5 Intake Manifold Pressure Sensor
- 6 Engine Speed and Position Sensors
- 7 Cummins® Accumulator Pumping System (CAPS) Accumulator Pressure Sensor
- 8 Injection Control Valve
- 9 Pumping Control Valves.

The following inputs are provided by original equipment manufacturer (OEM)-selected devices:

- Accelerator pedal position sensor
- 2 Idle validation switch
- 3 Coolant level sensor
- 4 Vehicle speed sensor (VSS)
- 5 Feature control switches such as cruise control, power take off (PTO), and fan clutch control
- 6 Accelerator interlock (**not** shown)
- 7 OEM pressure sensor (**not** shown).

**NOTE:** These inputs are application-dependent. Some applications will **not** use all of these inputs.

#### **Engine Protection System**

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

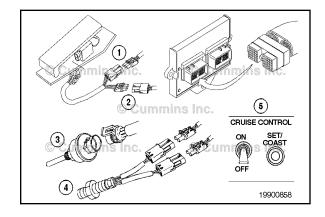
When the red STOP lamp is illuminated, the driver must pull to the side of the road, once it is safe to do so, to reduce the possibility of engine damage.

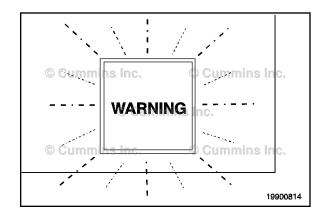
The QSC8.3 engines are equipped with an engine protection system. The system monitors critical engine temperatures and pressures, and will log diagnostic faults when an over or under normal operation condition occurs. If an out-of-range condition exists, and engine derate action is to be initiated, the operator will be alerted by an in-cab WARNING lamp. The WARNING lamp will blink or flash when out-of-range conditions continue to get worse. When the red STOP lamp is illuminated, the driver **must** pull to the side of the road, when it is safe to do so, to reduce the possibility of engine damage.

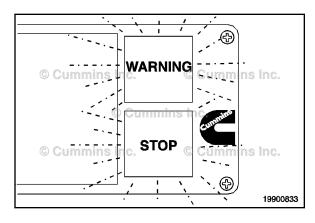
The engine protection system monitors the following data:

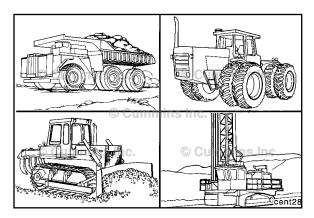
- Coolant temperature
- Coolant level (optional)
- Oil pressure
- Intake manifold temperature
- Engine overspeed
- Fuel temperature.
- OEM pressure (optional)

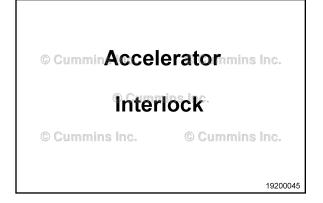
**NOTE:** Engine power and speed will gradually reduce depending on the severity of the observed condition. The engine protection system will **not** shut down the engine unless the engine protection shutdown feature has been enabled.

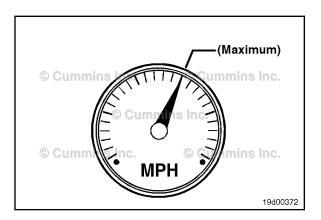












#### **Engine Protection Shutdown**

This feature automatically shuts off the engine when the temperature, pressure, or coolant level sensors indicate the engine is operating over or under normal operating conditions.

The red "STOP" lamp in the cab will flash for 30 seconds prior to shutdown to alert the driver.

The engine protection shutdown feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE™ electronic service tool if the feature is available in the calibration.

#### **Programmable Features**

#### **Control System Features**

The electronic control system can provide many features that are integrated into the vehicle operation. Some of these features can be adjusted or turned on or off with a service tool, but some are set at the factory and can **not** be changed.

The following section describes the functionality of each feature. Whether a feature is available in a given application is calibration dependent.

#### Accelerator Interlock

When the accelerator interlock feature is active and the external accelerator inhibit switch is active, the accelerator action will be disregarded with respect to fueling and the engine shall run at low idle speed or at the remote PTO speed if the remote PTO switch is activated. Because of different customer needs, each particular manufacturer will build the interaction with its brakes, transmission, and fast/slow idle selection capabilities.

Example: Most buses use this feature to disable the accelerator pedal and PTO operation while the bus door is open.

**NOTE:** This is **not** a customer adjustable feature.

#### Road Speed Governor

The road speed governor limits the maximum road speed of the vehicle in top gear.

The maximum vehicle speed in top gear is the maximum road speed for the vehicle. This speed **must** be greater than or equal to the maximum cruise speed if the cruise control feature is enabled.

#### Smart Road Speed Governor

The smart road speed governor feature, when enabled, allows the operator to adjust the maximum vehicle speed limit by using an OEM switch, typically the cruise ACCEL/RESUME switch.

This feature can be used for city driving when reducing maximum vehicle speed can help prevent receiving speeding tickets.

To adjust the maximum vehicle speed limit, the cruise control ON/OFF switch **must** be off and the COAST/ACCEL switch can be used to raise or lower the current limit

**NOTE:** The maximum speed limit can **not** be adjusted above the predefined maximum vehicle speed in top gear limit.

#### Road Speed Governor Upper Droop

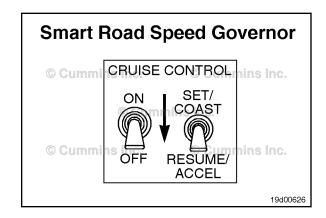
The road speed governor upper droop parameter allows tailoring of the torque curve before the maximum vehicle speed is reached while operating the road speed governor. Increasing the droop can increase fuel economy in hilly terrain. The setting can be between zero and three mph.

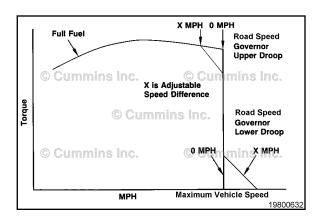
#### Road Speed Governor Lower Droop

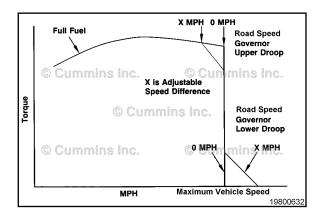
The road speed governor upper droop parameter allows tailoring of the torque curve in a downhill or no-load condition while operating the road speed governor before fueling is completely cut off. Faster downhill speed increases momentum going up the next hill and improves fuel economy in rolling terrain. The setting can be between zero and three mph.

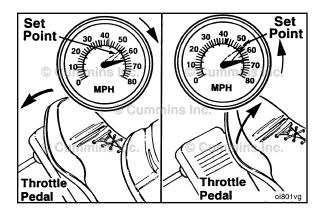
#### Cruise Control

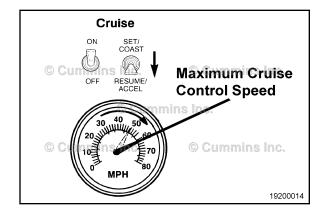
The cruise control feature gives the driver the capability of a "foot off" accelerator cruise operation. It is similar to an automobile cruise control.







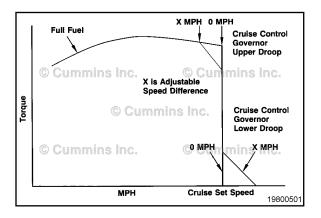




#### Maximum Cruise Control Speed

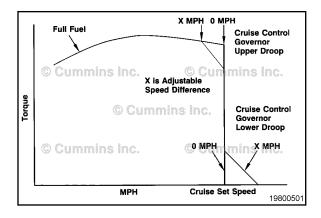
This speed is the maximum allowable cruise set speed.

**NOTE:** The maximum cruise control speed can **not** exceed the maximum vehicle speed in the top gear setting.



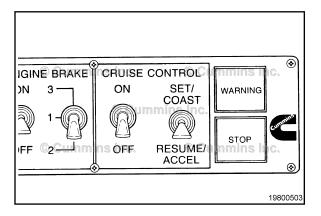
#### Cruise Control Governor Upper Droop

The cruise control governor upper droop parameter allows tailoring of the torque curve before the maximum vehicle speed is reached while operating in cruise control. Increasing the droop can increase fuel economy in hilly terrain. The setting can be between zero and three mph.



#### Cruise Control Governor Lower Droop

The cruise control governor lower droop allows tailoring of the torque curve in a downhill or no-load condition while operating in cruise control before fueling is completely cut off. Faster downhill speed increases momentum going up the next hill and can improve fuel economy in rolling terrain. The setting can be between zero and three mph.



#### SET/ACCEL

The SET/ACCEL parameter tells the ECM how the cab switch is configured. If it is set to YES, the cab switch will be SET/ACCEL in one position and RESUME/COAST in the other position. If it is set to NO, SET/COAST will be in one position while RESUME/ACCEL will be in the other position.

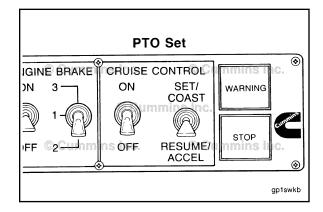
#### Cruise Control Set Speed Save

This feature permits the adjustable cruise control speed to be saved through an engine shutdown and restart. This feature may be programmed using the INSITE™ service tool. When this feature is enabled, the adjustable cruise control speed established prior to shutdown may be resumed after next restart using the RESUME function of the cruise SET/RESUME switch.

# IGINE BRAKE CRUISE CONTROL ON SET/ COAST ON STOP IFF 2 STOP ACCEL 19800503

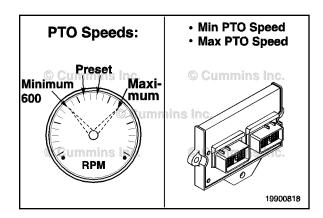
#### Power Takeoff (PTO)

The PTO feature controls the engine at a constant rpm selected by the operator. For applications needing the PTO mode, a remote mounted switch can be used when a cab switch is **not** desirable. The cruise control switches are used for the PTO feature also.



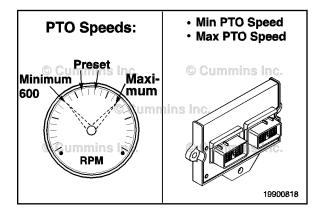
#### PTO Maximum Speed

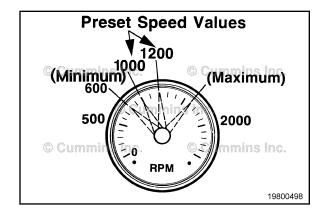
The PTO maximum speed parameter is the maximum engine speed that can be obtained while in the PTO mode.



#### PTO Minimum Speed

The PTO minimum speed parameter is the minimum engine speed that can be obtained while in the PTO mode.

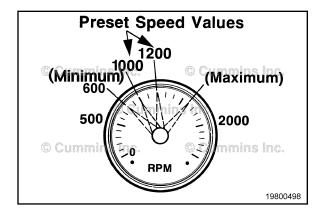




#### PTO Set Point

The set point is for the PTO engine speed. This speed is obtained when the PTO ON/OFF switch is in the ON position and the SET switch is used.

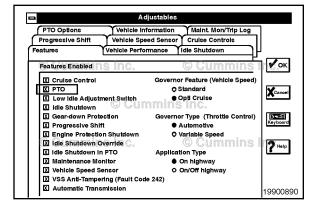
**NOTE:** PTO set speed can **not** exceed the maximum PTO speed.



#### PTO Resume Speed

This is the engine speed that will be obtained when the RESUME switch is used.

**NOTE:** PTO resume speed can **not** exceed the maximum PTO speed.



#### Maximum Engine Load in PTO

Some devices that are driven by the engine during PTO operation are sensitive to input torque. The maximum engine torque that can be output by the engine during PTO operation can be adjusted to protect these devices.

**NOTE:** This torque limit is also in effect during accelerator override of the PTO function.

# O Curalternate PTO (Y/N) sinc. PTO Accelerator Override (Y/N) Brake Override in PTO (Y/N) Clutch Override in PTO (Y/N) Cummins Inc. Cummins Inc.

19d00631

#### Alternate PTO

The alternate PTO feature allows new SET/RESUME PTO speeds to be established **only** when PTO is inactive. This is designed to protect pumping applications when high engine speed changes while in PTO mode could cause pump damage.

The INSITE™ electronic service tool can enable or disable this feature.

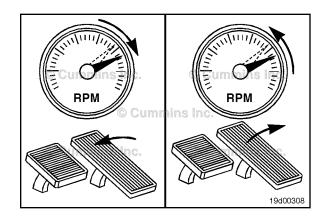
#### PTO Accelerator Override

Some applications require the ability to override the PTO set speed with the accelerator to increase engine speed without disengaging the PTO function. When the accelerator override in PTO feature is enabled, the engine speed can be increased above the current PTO operating speed by depressing the accelerator. Engine speed can only be overridden up to the maximum accelerator override in PTO speed. If the accelerator is released, the engine speed will return to the PTO set speed that was in effect before the accelerator override event.

#### Brake and Clutch PTO Disable

The brake override in PTO disable feature allows the operator to exit PTO operation if the brake is activated.

The clutch override in PTO disable feature allows the operator to exit PTO operation if the clutch pedal is depressed.

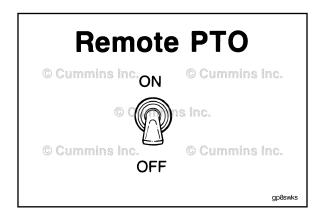


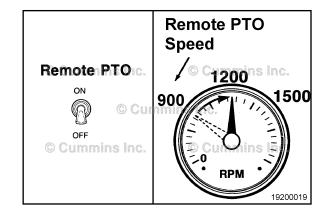
#### Remote PTO

The remote PTO feature allows the PTO mode to be activated from a separate remote switch. Remote PTO can have up to five different set speeds depending upon how many times the switch is toggled from OFF to ON before being left in the ON position.

Example: To obtain remote PTO set speed 3, rapidly toggle the remote PTO ON/OFF switch from OFF to ON three times and leave it in the ON position on the last cycle.

Remote PTO speeds 1 through 5 are the possible engine speeds when the remote PTO is enabled. The remote PTO has higher priority than the cab PTO so it will control engine speeds in cases when both the cab and remote PTO are enabled.





# Maximum Speed in Top Gear Cummins Inc. 65 © Cummins Inc.

62

19200020

© Cummins Inc.

# © Cummins Inc. Heavy Engine Load Top Gear Cummins Shift Up Top Gear Cummins Shift Up Top Gear Cummins Shift Up Top Gear Cummins Inc. Commins Inc. 19200006

# Top Transmission © Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc.

# One Gear-Down © CummiRatio © Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc.

#### Gear Down Protection

The gear down protection feature limits the vehicle speed in the lower gears. The maximum vehicle speed in the lower gears is set at a lower mph than the maximum vehicle speed in the top gear. This encourages driving in the top gear for better fuel economy. The parameters gear down maximum vehicle speed, light engine load, and heavy engine load are associated with this feature.

This feature allows the operator to down shift from top gear to the next lower gear under heavy load and maintain a speed higher than the gear down speed. This allows the operator to keep the vehicle momentum up by using a lower gear to maintain a high engine speed when going uphill. As soon as the engine load drops off (e.g., going downhill) or the operator down shifts to another lower gear, then the vehicle speed limit will ramp back down to the light load gear down speed limit. The driver will then have to up shift back into top gear to reach the maximum vehicle speed limit.

#### Top Transmission Gear Ratio

The top transmission gear ratio parameter is needed for gear down protection to work properly with double overdrive transmissions. This parameter will also be used by the trip information system to record the percentage of distance traveled in top gear.

#### One Gear Down Gear Ratio

The one gear down gear ratio parameter is used to tell the ECM the first gear down gear ratio of the transmission.

Engine Cummins

© Cummins Inc.

Top Gear

19200006

Light

Cummin Shift Up

© Cummins inc.

**Top Gear** 

Heavy

**Engine** 

Shift Down

Load

Gear Down Maximum Vehicle Speed, Light Engine Load

This is the maximum vehicle speed (3) for operating one gear below top gear during light engine load operations. This value can **not** exceed gear down maximum vehicle speed, heavy engine load (2).

Gear Down Maximum Vehicle Speed, Heavy Engine Load This the maximum vehicle speed (2) for operating one gear below top gear during heavy engine load operations. This value can **not** exceed maximum vehicle speed in top gear (1).

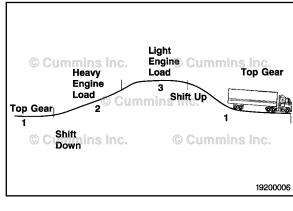
#### Light Engine Cummin Heavy Top Gear Load **Engine** Shift Ur Load Top Gear Shift Down S 19200006

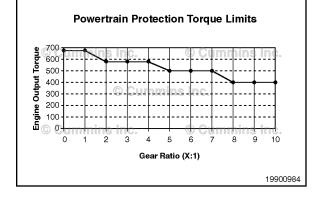
#### Powertrain Protection

This feature can limit engine output torque depending upon transmission gear ratio. This feature helps protect the drivetrain when lower gears are engaged. Engine torque limits based on transmission gear ratio can be adjusted using the INSITE™ service tool. This feature can also limit the maximum engine torque when a switched input to the ECM is activated. This allows the operator, or an automatic switching device, to limit engine torque under certain operating conditions, such as operation of an auxiliary device. This feature can also be configured to limit torque during heavy load conditions. This allows full torque output at light load conditions and limits torque output when the engine is heavily loaded. An example of a torque limit table is illustrated.

#### Automotive/Variable Speed (VS) Governor

The automotive/variable speed (VS) governor feature gives the owner a choice of engine governors. The automotive governor allows a larger speed variation under varying load conditions for a given accelerator position. The VS governor maintains a constant engine speed for a given accelerator position under varying load conditions.





#### **Automotive Governor**

- Engine Speed Varies With

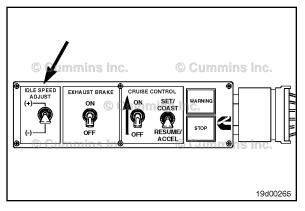
Loadmins Inc.

#### Variable Speed Governor

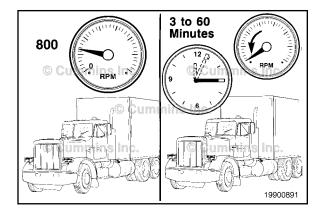
- Engine Speed is Constant Under Varying Loads ummins Inc.

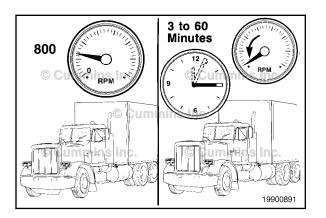
19200023

### Electronic Controlled Fuel System Page 1-18



# DLE SPEED EXHAUST BRAKE CRUISE CONTROL ON SET/OFF RESUME/ ACCEL





#### Low Idle Speed

This parameter is the engine speed at which the engine will idle. This speed can be adjusted by a cab switch if the switch is installed and the low idle adjustment feature is enabled.

#### Low Idle Adjustment

This feature allows the idle speed range to be increased or decreased in 25 rpm increments with the in-cab increment or decrement switch. There are limits on how high or low the low idle speed can be adjusted. The allowable adjustment range for a ISB/QSB engine is 700 to 1000 rpm.

#### Idle Shutdown

19d00265

The feature automatically shuts off an engine after a period of engine idling when there is no activity from the driver, such as clutch, brake, or accelerator actuation.

The idle shutdown system will **not** be active at coolant temperatures below 37.8°C [100°F].

After an engine has been automatically shut off, the key **must** be turned off for five seconds before attempting a restart.

**NOTE:** This feature will shut off the engine **only**. It will **not** remove power from other accessories powered by the keyswitch and these can cause a drain on the battery.

#### Idle Shutdown Time

Idle shutdown time is the period of engine idling time when there is no activity from the driver, such as clutch, brake, or accelerator actuation, before the engine automatically shuts off.

**NOTE:** This parameter will **not** appear if the idle shutdown feature is turned off.

#### Idle Shutdown in PTO

The idle shutdown in PTO feature automatically shuts off the engine after a period of PTO or remote PTO operation in which there is no activity from the driver, such as clutch, brake, or accelerator actuation.

#### Idle Shutdown Override

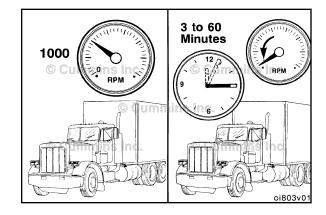
The idle shutdown override feature allows the driver to override the idle shutdown by changing the position of the brake, clutch, or accelerator.

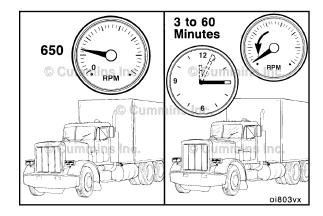
After the idle shutdown feature has been overridden, this feature will **not** shut off the engine again until the vehicle has been moved.

#### **Engine Protection System**

The ISB/QSB engines are equipped with an engine protection system. The system monitors critical engine temperatures and pressures and will log diagnostic faults when an over or under normal operation condition occurs. If an out-of-range condition exists and engine derate action is to be initiated, the operator will be alerted by an in-cab warning light. The warning light will blink or flash when out-of-range conditions continue to get worse. The driver **must** pull to the side of the road, when it is safe to do so, to reduce the possibility of engine damage.

**NOTE:** Engine power and speed will be gradually reduced, depending upon the level of severity of the observed condition. The engine protection system will **not** shut down the engine unless the engine protection shutdown feature has been selected.





# Engine Protection System Monitors Cummins Inc. Cummins Inc.

- Coolant Temperature

- Coolant Level (Optional)
- Oil Pressure
- Intake Manifold Temperature ins inc.
- Engine Overspeed

19900892

#### **Engine Protection System Monitors**

- © Cummins Inc. - Coolant Temperature
  - Coolant Level (Optional)

  - Oil Pressure
  - Intake Manifold Temperature
- © CuEngine Overspeed Cummins Inc.
  - Fuel Temperature

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**Engine Protection Shutdown** 

The engine protection shutdown feature automatically shuts off the engine whenever monitored parameters indicate the engine is operating over or under normal operating conditions.

The red STOP lamp will flash for a calibrated period of time prior to shutdown to alert the driver.

Vehicle Speed Sensor Type

The vehicle speed sensor (VSS) type parameter indicates the type of vehicle speed sensor being used by the ECM.

9 Cummins Inc. 9 Cummins Inc.

**Vehicle Speed Sensor** 

19900820

© Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc.

#### **Maximum Engine Speed** Without VSS

© Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc.

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Maximum Engine Speed Without VSS

The maximum engine speed without VSS parameter sets the maximum engine speed allowed when no vehicle speed is detected.

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#### Tire Revolutions Per Mile

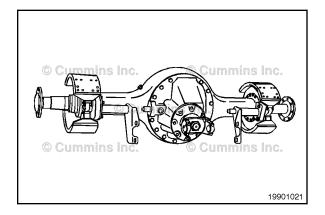
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Tire Revolutions Per Mile

The tire revolutions per mile parameter is used to tell the ECM how many times the tire will turn a full revolution in one mile.

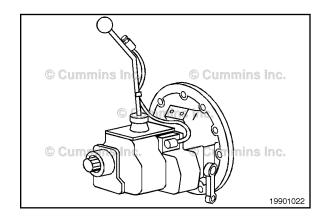
#### Rear Axle Ratio

This parameter tells the ECM the gear ratio of the rear axle.



#### Number of Transmission Tailshaft Gear Teeth

This parameter tells the ECM the number of gear teeth on the transmission tailshaft.



#### VSS Anti-Tampering (Fault code 242)

This feature gives the customer the option of disabling Fault Code 242.

**NOTE:** Fault Code 242 is logged when an invalid or inappropriate vehicle speed signal is detected by the ECM indicating an intermittent connection or signal tampering. This fault code is **not** a guarantee that vehicle speed sensor tampering has been performed.

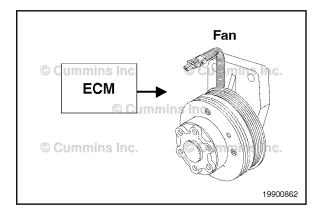
# © Cummins Inc. VSS Anti-Tampering (Fault Code 242) - (Y/N) © Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc.

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#### Fan Clutch Enable

The ECM can control the cooling fan based on inputs from the coolant temperature sensor and the intake manifold temperature sensor.

Some applications will also provide inputs to the ECM for auxiliary device cooling (e.g., air conditioner pressure, power steering temperature, transmission temperature) or a manual fan switch for fan control.



#### © Cummins Inc. Air Conditioner **Pressure Switch Input**

© Cummins Inc.

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#### Air Conditioner Pressure Switch Input

The air conditioner pressure switch input feature allows for the air conditioner pressure switch input to be disabled if that input into the ECM is not being used. Select this feature if the air conditioner pressure switch input into the ECM is being used.

#### **Application Type**

On-Highway (Top Gear)

**On/Off Highway** (Lower Gears) Cummins Inc.

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#### © CunAutomatic © Cummins Inc. Transmission (Y/N)

9 Cummins Inc.

Factory Setting = N

© Cummins Inc.

© Cummins Inc.

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#### Application Type

The application type feature selection tells the ECM what type of application is being used in this vehicle. Choose between on-highway or on/off-highway. On-highway applications are those that use top gear for the majority of its operations. On/off-applications are those that use gears lower than top gear for the majority of its operations.

#### **Automatic Transmission**

The automatic transmission feature tells the ECM what type of transmission is used in the vehicle. The transmission is either manual or automatic.

#### User Activated Datalogger

The user activated datalogger feature is aimed at improving troubleshooting capabilities and providing better assistance in troubleshooting intermittent problems. This is accomplished through use of an internal ECM datalogger to capture data while the problem is occurring. The INSITE™ electronic service tool is used to configure the feature for the specific type of problem that exists. Once the feature has been configured, the vehicle or machine can be put into operation.

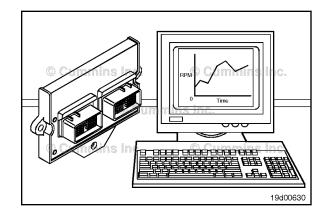
When the problem occurs, the ECM datalogger is activated and stores data in the ECM. This data can be analyzed using the INSITE™ service tool. Once the problem has been resolved, the ECM can be reset using the INSITE™ electronic service tool and the data will be cleared.

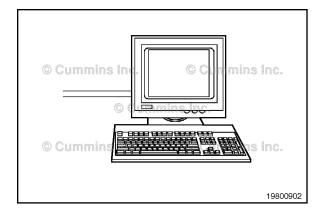
The ECM can store up to two occurrences of a specific problem. These occurrences are known as Event 1 and Event 2. Event 1 data is the first occurrence of a specific problem and is stored as a baseline. Additional occurrences are stored in Event 2. Event 2 data get overwritten each time a new occurrence happens until the ECM is reset.

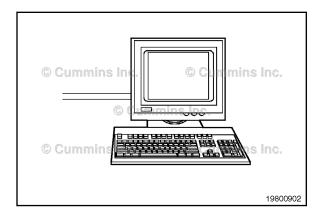
For example, if a high coolant temperature condition happened five times, the first occurrence would be stored in Event 1 and the fifth occurrence would be stored in Event 2. The second, third, and fourth occurrences were stored in Event 2 but were overwritten each time the next event occurred.

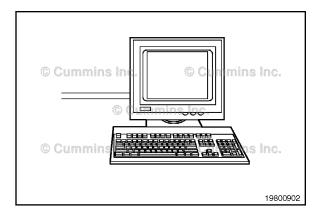
Both Event 1 and Event 2 data are stored in a before/after manner where half the data logged is pre-trigger information and the other half the data is logged post-trigger information. This is designed to give the user a snapshot of what was happening right up the point when the problem occurred and right after as well.

The INSITE™ electronic service tool is used to configure the feature by specifying which parameters the ECM will log, sampling rate, activation mode, and triggers 1 through 4. The feature will need to be configured differently depending upon what type of problem is occurring. If an intermittent problem is occurring with no fault codes but the operator can determine when the problem happens, manual mode activation should be used. If a vehicle experiences fault codes intermittently or abnormal temperatures of pressure, automatic mode should be used.









#### Manual Activation:

The INSITE™ electronic service tool is used to select manual mode and sampling rate and to log parameters. The vehicle can then be sent into operation. When the operator experiences the problem, turning on the diagnostic switch will activate the ECM to start logging data. The ECM will continue to log data until that event's ECM buffer is full. After the intermittent problem stops, the diagnostic switch should be turned off. This data will be stored in Event 1. The operator can keep collecting additional occurrences of the problem of which the most recent occurrence will be stored in Event 2. The INSITE™ electronic service tool can then be used to analyze the data.

#### Automatic Activation:

Automatic mode allows the operator to define up to four triggers using the INSITE™ service tool. When these triggers become true, the ECM will be activated to log data. Each trigger can be configured to activate the ECM by either a fault code going active/inactive or a parameter going above or below a specified value. The INSITE™ electronic service tool is also used to select sampling rate and which parameters to log. When the ECM is activated the logged data is stored in the ECM in the same manner as manual mode.

The four triggers have and/or logic. This means that triggers 1 through 3 are used in conjunction with each other and trigger 4 is used as an alternate with triggers 1 through 3.

In detail, this means the following:

- If only trigger 1 is used, when the condition set for trigger 1 is true, the ECM will be activated to log data.
- If triggers 1 and 2 are used, both conditions have to become true before the ECM is activated.
- If triggers 1 and 2 and 3 are used, all three conditions have to become true before the ECM is activated.
- Trigger 4 is the "or" trigger. If trigger 4 is used with any combination of triggers 1 through 3, triggers 1 through 3 becoming true or trigger 4 becoming true will activate the ECM.

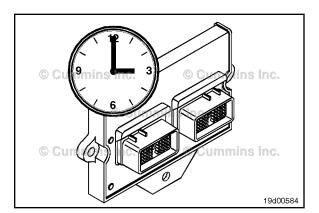
#### Real Time Clock

The real time clock feature provides time/date stamping of operational events, such as fault codes, audit trails, and engine protection data.

The real time clock is contained within the ECM and will stamp events in units of year, month, day of month, hour, minute, and second. If the clock loses power, a diagnostic fault code will be triggered. Upon loss of power, the real time clock will be initialized with the last known real time.

The INSITE™ electronic service tool can be used to enable the real time clock feature and set the ECM clock. The auto set feature can be selected which will automatically set the ECM clock to the current time/date of the PC.

**NOTE:** Once the real time clock feature has been enabled in the ECM it can **not** be disabled.



#### Vehicle Anti-Theft Protection

The anti-theft feature prevents the engine from starting until a password is entered in the ECM using Cummins® RoadRelay $^{\text{TM}}$  or the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool. Once deactivated, the engine can be started.

The anti-theft feature will prevent the engine from starting **only** if the feature is enabled and the feature is activated. The feature can **only** be activated when the engine is idling or keyed on and **not** running. This feature has three separate functions:

- antilock
- Throttle lock
- Hijack.

#### antilock

There are two user selectable modes of operation:

- Automatic
- Manual.

In automatic mode, the engine is **always** locked by the ECM at each engine shutdown. No password is required to activate anti-theft. A password is required to deactivate anti-theft. This feature will **not** lock automatically if the engine stopped because of an unintended stall.



CumAinti - Locks Inc.

Automatic

Cummir Manual Cummins Inc.

19d00689

Manual mode activation requires operator action to lock the engine. The user is prompted to activate the security by answering a YES/NO question. If the user answers YES, the user **must** then key on the engine. If a PIN is required (user selectable option), the user is prompted to enter the correct PIN to activate anti-theft. If no PIN is required, the anti-theft is activated by default.

There are six user passwords capable of locking or unlocking the engine. These are stored in the ECM and adjusted by the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.

A fault will be logged and a RED dash lamp will flash if the anti-theft feature is active and an attempt to start the engine is made.

#### Throttle Lock

With the engine idling, the user can activate the feature by entering the PIN. The engine will then ignore throttle input until a valid password is reentered. If the feature is activated while the engine is idling and if vehicle speed is greater than zero, the engine will be shut down. The engine can also be shut off by the keyswitch. The engine will **not** restart until a valid password is entered.

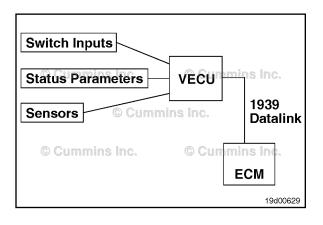


#### Hijack

A special hijack function will allow the engine to be temporarily unlocked. This functionality is to counter a hijacking event when a hijacker forces the operator to input the password and the hijacker takes off with the vehicle. This feature is customer selectable. When enabled, a special hijack code may be entered that will allow the vehicle to be driven for a customer programmable amount of time, then to idle for a customer programmable amount of time, and shut down. Once the vehicle has shut down, the special hijack code will **not** restart the engine. Once the vehicle has shut down, one of the six passwords **must** be entered to restart the engine.

#### J1939 Multiplexing

The J1939 multiplexing feature gives the ability to send and receive messages over the J1939 datalink instead of hard wire connections. This is accomplished by using a vehicle electronic control unit. Inputs from switches, status parameters, and sensors can be hardwired into the vehicle electronic control unit. The vehicle electronic control unit can then broadcast the information from these switches and sensors via the J1939 datalink to the other ECMs on the vehicle system. The Cummins® ECM is one of the control modules connected to the vehicle system through the J1939 datalink.



The INSITE™ electronic service tool can be used to enable or disable this feature. When the feature is disabled the ECM will **not** recognize any multiplexed input into the ECM. When the feature is enabled the ECM can be configured to receive a multiplexed signal for the following parameters:

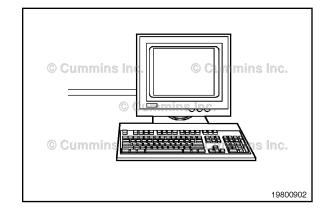
- Air Conditioner Pressure Switch
- Service Brake Switch
- Clutch Switch
- Cruise Control ON/OFF Switch
- Cruise Control Resume Switch
- · Cruise Control Set Switch
- PTO ON/OFF Switch
- · PTO Resume Switch
- PTO Set Switch
- Remote PTO Switch
- Idle Increment/Decrement Switch
- Diagnostic Switch
- · Torque Derate Switch
- · Manual Fan Switch
- Engine Brake Switch
- Accelerator Pedal Position
- Idle Validation On Idle/Off Idle
- Remote Accelerator Switch
- Remote Accelerator Position
- · Wait-to-Start Lamp Status
- Water-in-Filter Lamp Status.

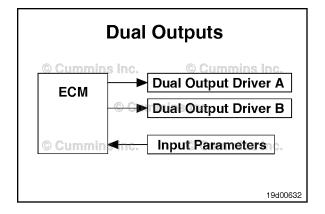
This feature will be configured by the OEM. If the Cummins® ECM is **not** capable of communication and a new ECM is required, a review of the customer configuration records should be used to determine how the feature should be configured in the new ECM.

#### **Dual Outputs**

The dual outputs feature, also known as switched outputs based on sensed inputs, allows the ECM to control one or two driver outputs based on input from up to 14 parameters.

The feature can also be configured to shut down the engine based on customer specified values of up to 14 of the same input parameters.



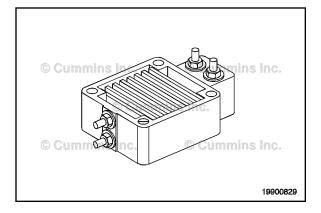


The 14 input parameters are:

- A Intake Manifold Temperature
- B Engine Speed
- C Commanded Fueling
- D Intake Manifold Pressure
- E Vehicle Speed
- F Engine Coolant Temperature
- G Engine Oil Pressure
- H PTO Status
- I OEM Switch
- J OEM Sensor
- K Throttle
- L Ambient Air Pressure
- M Remote Throttle
- N Fuel Rate.

The dual outputs feature can be enabled or disabled by using the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool. The feature configuration, which defines what inputs and outputs are used, is specified by the customer or OEM.

The configuration can  ${\bf not}$  be changed with the INSITE  $^{\rm TM}$  service tool.

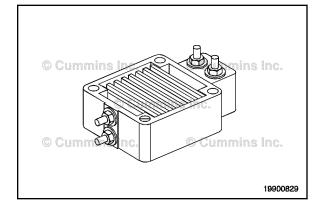


#### Intake Air Heater

The intake air heater feature controls the heating elements that are located in the engine's intake air stream. These elements heat the intake air when starting the engine in cold ambient conditions. Start ability and white smoke control are enhanced by the use of an intake air heater. A wait-to-start lamp is located on the operator's controls to indicate when to crank the engine.

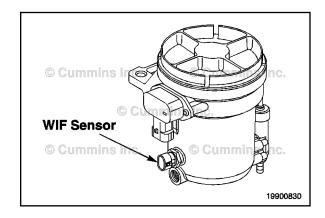
The ECM checks intake manifold temperature to determine how long to energize the air heater before extinguishing the wait-to-start lamp (this is for the preheat phase).

Once the engine is started, the heater will be energized again for a time period determined by intake air temperature and fuel temperature (this is for the postheat phase).



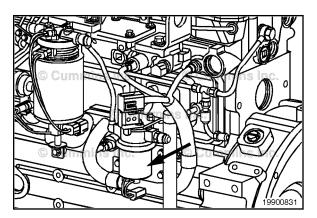
#### Water-in-Fuel (WIF) Sensor

The water-in-fuel sensor is located in the fuel filter housing. Once the storage space in the bottom of the filter housing fills with a certain amount of water, the sensor will signal the ECM. A water-in-fuel lamp will illuminate at the operator controls indicating that the water **must** be drained from the fuel filter assembly.



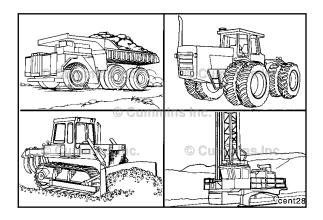
#### Electric Lift Pump

The ECM controls the electric lift pump which is located between the fuel tank and the injection pump. Whenever the keyswitch is turned on, the lift pump will be energized for a few seconds to make sure that the low pressure fuel lines are fully primed.



The electronic control system can provide many features that are integrated into the vehicle's operation. Some of these features can be adjusted or turned on and off with a service tool, but some are set at the factory and can **not** be changed.

The following section describes the functionality of each feature and whether an available feature in a given application is calibration-dependent.



#### **Maintenance Monitor Data**

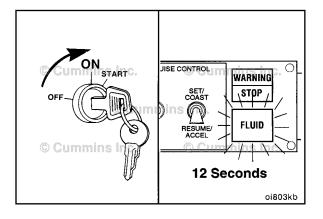
Percent of Current Maintenance Interval XXX.X%
© Cummins Inc.

Time Since Last MM Reset XXXXX Hrs.

Fuel Burned Since Last MM Reset XXXX Gal.

Current MM Mode XXXX

19d00575



#### Maintenance Monitor Reset Log 1 Maximum Adjusted Interval © CummiThreshold Threshold Reset@ XXXX XXXX **XXXX** Fuel: © Cummins Inc. Time: XXXX XXXX XXXX 19400576

# Cumulative Possible CumminReset © CErrorins Inc. Fuel: XXXX XXXX Cummins Inc. Time: XXXX XXXX Cummins Inc. Time: Cummins Inc. 19400577

#### Maintenance Monitor Data

Using the INSITE™ service tool, the following maintenance data can be viewed or printed from the ECM:

- Percent of current interval consumed (by time or fuel burned)
- Time since last reset
- Fuel burned since last reset
- Current maintenance monitor mode.

#### Alerting the Operator

The maintenance monitor will alert the operator of the need to change oil by flashing the FLUID lamp for approximately 12 seconds after keyswitch is turned on. The flashing sequence will be three quick flashes followed by a pause. This flash sequence will go through five cycles in the 12-second period. This sequence will occur every time the keyswitch is turned on until the maintenance monitor has been reset.

**NOTE:** The diagnostic switch **must** be in the OFF position for the flashing sequence to occur.

#### Maintenance Monitor Reset Log

The maximum threshold is entered by the user either directly using the time mode, or by entering the interval factor in the automatic mode.

The adjusted threshold is the new threshold set automatically by the maintenance monitor when the automatic mode is selected, and it automatically reduces the maintenance intervals.

The "interval reset at" is the interval time and fuel recorded by the ECM at the time the maintenance monitor was reset.

The "cumulative reset at" is the total time and fuel recorded by the ECM at the time the maintenance monitor was reset.

The possible error will contain an "X" next to a row of data that can be inaccurate due to a system fault. The "X" will be triggered when a vehicle speed sensor fault or powerdown fault occurs. These faults can cause data to either **not** accumulate or accumulate inaccurately.

#### Maintenance Monitor Reset

The maintenance monitor reset can be accomplished by clicking the reset button on the maintenance monitor screen using the INSITE™ service tool, or using one of the following procedures:

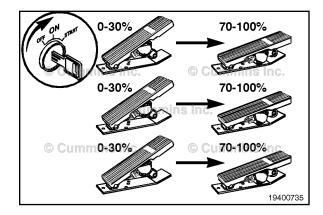
- 1) Procedure for applications with a throttle pedal.
- a Turn the keyswitch to the ON position (but do **not** start the engine) and turn the diagnostic switch to the ON position.
- b Fully depress the throttle pedal (100 percent) for at least 3 seconds and then release it.
- c Fully depress the throttle pedal (100 percent), twice, for less than 3 seconds each time.
- d Fully depress the throttle pedal (100 percent) for at least 3 seconds and then release it.
- 2) Procedure for applications without a throttle pedal.
- a Turn the keyswitch to the ON position (but do **not** start the engine).
- b Turn the diagnostic switch to the ON position for at least 3 seconds and then turn it to the OFF position.
- c Turn the diagnostic switch to the ON position (for less than 3 seconds) and then to the OFF position, twice, with less than 3 seconds between each switching.
- d Turn the diagnostic switch to the ON position for at least 3 seconds and then turn it to the OFF position.

**NOTE:** Procedure **must** be completed within 20 seconds after initiating steps 1) a through d or steps 2) a through d or the data will **not** reset.

**NOTE:** The WARNING lamp will flash three times to indicate that the reset has been completed.

#### **Trip Information System**

The trip information system records fuel consumption and time information for the engine during normal operation, and in certain operating modes such as intermediate speed control and idle. Either data can be displayed using the INSITE™ service tool. Some data can **not** be reset and reflect the performance of the engine over its lifetime. Other data, as well as trip data, can be reset using the INSITE™ service tool.

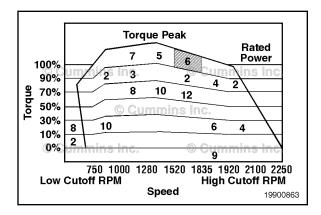


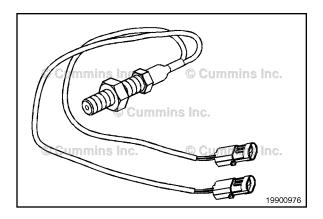
© Cummins Inc.

Trip Information
© System c.

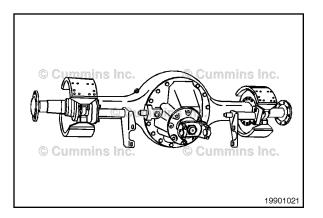
© Cummins Inc.

© Cummins Inc.









#### **Duty Cycle Monitor**

With this feature the ECM tracks engine load and speed. These data are stored in the ECM, and the INSITE™ electronic service tool is used to display the data. The INSITE™ electronic service tool display shows a duty cycle "map" that shows the whole engine's operating range in terms of speed and load. This "map" is divided into fifty regions. The percent of the engine operating time spent in each region is shown on the display.

The ECM contains duty cycle data for the whole life of the engine and for two 500-hour operating periods. The two 500-hour maps can be reset with the INSITE™ service tool.

#### Vehicle Speed Sensor Type

The vehicle speed sensor (VSS) indicates the type of vehicle speed sensor being used with the ECM.

The vehicle speed sensor type can be adjusted with the INSITE™ service tool.

The sensor type is one of the following:

- 1 None
- 2 Magnetic
- 3 J1939 datalink
- 4 Other.

#### Tire Revolutions per Mile

This parameter indicates to the ECM how many times the tire will turn a full revolution in one mile.

Tire revolutions per mile can be adjusted using the INSITE  $^{\rm TM}$  service tool.

#### Rear Axle Ratio

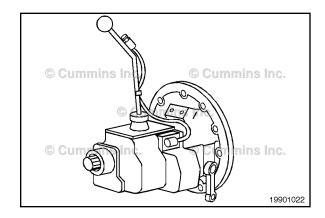
This parameter indicates to the ECM the gear ratio of the rear axle.

Rear axle ratio can be adjusted using the INSITE  $^{\text{\tiny TM}}$  service tool.

Number of Transmission Tailshaft Gear Teeth

This parameter indicates to the ECM the number of gear teeth on the transmission tailshaft.

The number of transmission tailshaft gear teeth can be adjusted using the INSITE™ service tool.



#### Road Speed Governor

The road speed governor limits the maximum road speed of the vehicle in top gear.

The maximum vehicle speed in top gear is the maximum road speed for the vehicle. This speed **must** be greater than or equal to the maximum cruise speed if the cruise control feature is enabled.

The maximum road speed in top gear can be adjusted by using the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.

**NOTE:** The auxiliary governor needs to be disabled to utilize the road speed governor.

#### Cruise Control

#### **A**WARNING **A**

Do not use cruise control when the road is slippery, in heavy traffic, or when the weather is inclement. Loss of vehicle control can result.

The cruise control feature gives the driver the capability of a foot-off accelerator cruise operation. It is similar to an automobile's cruise control.

The cruise control feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE™ service tool.

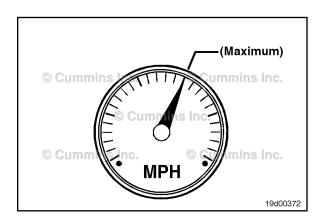
**NOTE:** Both cruise control and intermediate speed control can **not** be active at the same time.

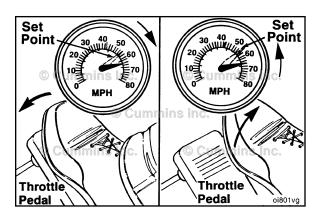
#### Maximum Cruise Control Speed

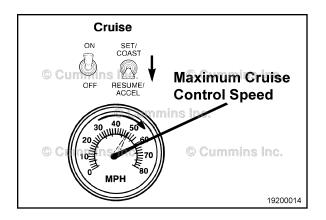
This speed is the maximum allowable cruise set speed.

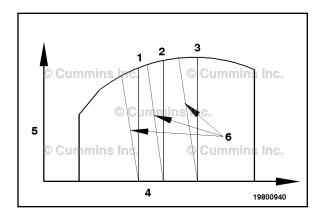
The maximum cruise control speed can be adjusted using the INSITE™ service tool.

**NOTE:** The maximum cruise control speed can **not** exceed the maximum vehicle speed in top gear setting.





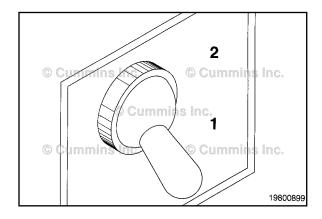




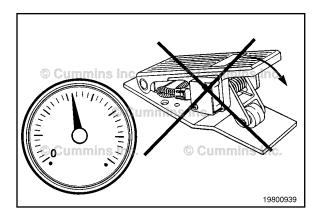
Intermediate Speed Control

The intermediate speed control feature controls the engine at a constant rpm. Up to three intermediate speed control set speeds (1, 2, and 3) can be selected depending on original equipment manufacturer (OEM) availability (the axis 4 equals engine speed and 5 equals engine torque).

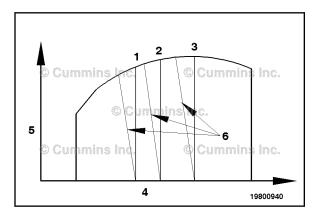
**NOTE:** An additional five set speeds can be obtained through use of the variable intermediate speed input signal.



The intermediate speed control feature provides the ability to select an intermediate speed control set speed by an original equipment manufacturer (OEM)-provided switch (1 is the OFF position and 2 is the ON position), depending on original equipment manufacturer availability.



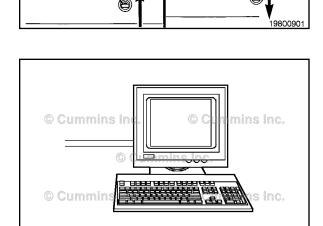
This feature will override the throttle and control the engine speed to the intermediate speed control speed setting. This feature allows throttle control above the set speed or below the set speed, according to the calibration setup.



The intermediate speed control feature provides a single droop (6) for up to three intermediate speeds (1, 2, and 3). An additional five set speeds can be obtained through use of the variable intermediate speed input signal. This droop is independent of all other selectable droops and is enforced during intermediate speed control operation **only** (the axis 4 equals engine speed and 5 equals engine torque).

The intermediate speed control set speed can be adjusted by the intermediate speed control increment/decrement switch. Set speed changes using this switch will be saved to the engine control module (ECM) when the keyswitch is turned to the OFF position.

The intermediate speed control feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE<sup>TM</sup> electronic service tool if this feature is available in the calibration. The intermediate speed control set speeds (1, 2, and 3) can be adjusted using the INSITE<sup>TM</sup> electronic service tool along with the intermediate speed control droop.



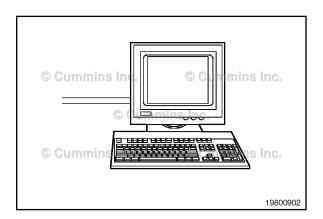
#### Hybrid Governor

The hybrid governor can be enabled or disabled with the INSITE™ electronic service tool if the feature is available in the calibration. The hybrid governor feature uses calibrated torque curves instead of the 100-percent throttle torque curve to limit fueling at partial-throttle auxiliary speed governor, and therefore achieves partial-throttle operation with the same power and torque rise characteristics of the full-throttle operation. It will allow the application to be operated in a more fuel efficient manner and with a greater capability of driving at partial throttle.

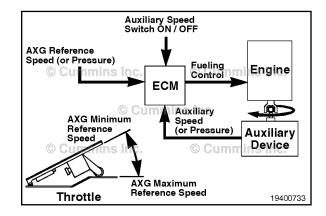
#### Auxiliary Speed Governor

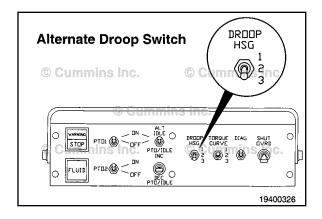
The auxiliary speed governor is an application-specific feature that allows the engine to be governed by either an auxiliary speed or pressure signal. The feature uses a manual switch input to turn the governor operation on and off.

**NOTE:** The switch **must** go from OFF to ON position while the engine is running to activate this feature. It can **not** be on all the time.



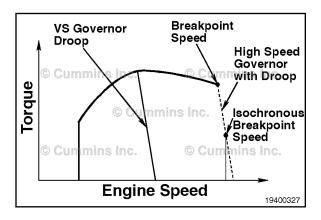
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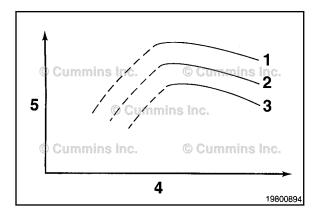


Depending on original equipment manufacturer (OEM) availability the alternate droop feature provides the ability to select up to two additional alternate droop settings by an original equipment manufacturer (OEM) provided switch.

The type of droop switch (position 1, position 2, and position 3 ) can be adjusted using the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.

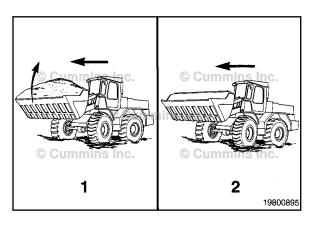


Each alternate droop setting provides the ability to select the high speed governor break point speed and droop percent. Droop percent at minimum and maximum throttle for the vehicle speed (VS) governor is also adjustable. The break point speed determines the position on the engine torque curve where high speed governor will start to limit engine torque output. Selection of the alternate droop feature is accomplished by using the INSITE™ electronic service tool if the alternate droop feature is available in the calibration.



#### Switched Torque

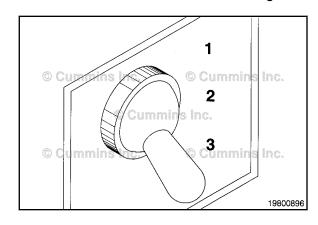
The switched torque feature allows the operator to switch between the 100-percent throttle torque curve (1) and up to two derated torque curves (2 and 3). (The axis 4 is engine speed and 5 is engine torque.)

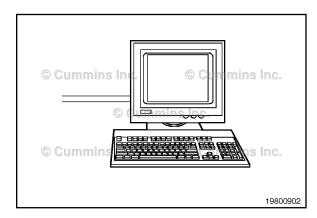


This feature improves operating efficiency in loaded (1) versus unloaded (2), as well as protecting the transmission and drivetrain.

Depending on original equipment manufacturer (OEM) availability the switched torque feature provides the ability to select two additional derated torque curves with an original equipment manufacturer (OEM)-provided switch.

This feature can be enabled or disabled by using the INSITE™ electronic service tool if the alternate torque feature is available in the calibration.

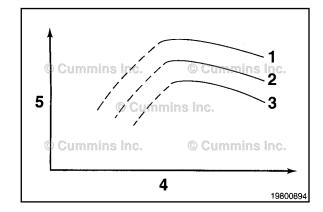




#### **Boost Power**

The boost power feature provides the operator with enhanced torque and power for a fraction of the operating period. If the feature is enabled, boost power can be engaged by a cab-mounted switch or automatically if the automatic boost power feature is enabled. The additional power is limited by a calibrated time period, thresholds for intake manifold temperature, coolant temperature, and engine speed.

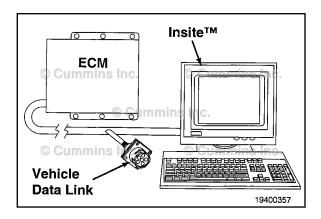
**NOTE:** Boost power is **not** available continuously.



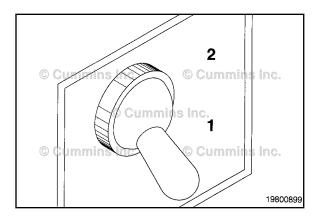
The INSITE™ electronic service tool can enable or disable the boost power feature if the feature is available in the calibration. The electronic service tool can also monitor the cab-mounted boost power switch.

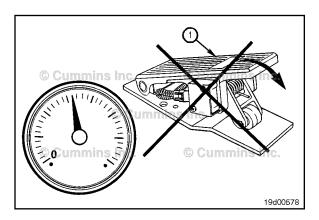
If the boost power feature is enabled, the boost power can be engaged by using a cab-mounted switch. When the automatic boost power feature is enabled, it automatically switches the engine to boost power curve based on the engine operating conditions, and no manual switch is needed.

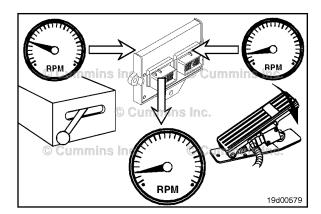
The automatic boost power feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE™ service tool.

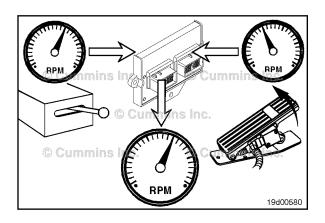


# Electronic Controlled Fuel System Page 1-38









#### Remote Throttle

The remote throttle feature allows the operator to control the engine from a position other than the driver's seat. This feature is selected by the operator through an original equipment manufacturer (OEM) cab-mounted switch.

There are four modes available for the remote throttle feature. These modes can be adjusted using the INSITE™ service tool.

The remote throttle feature, if allowed, can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE™ electronic service tool if the feature is available in the calibration.

#### Remote Throttle Mode One (default)

This mode will override the primary throttle (1) control and control the engine speed with the remote throttle setting.

**NOTE:** Remote throttle mode one does **not** employ idle validation and is intended for stationary applications, **only**.

#### Remote Throttle Mode Two (select minimum)

Remote mode two throttle is a select minimum throttle using two different throttles. One example is equipment that uses a hand throttle as your primary throttle and a foot throttle as a decelerating remote throttle. Remote mode two throttle is enabled when a minimum throttle value is sensed between the primary throttle and the remote throttle.

**NOTE:** Remote throttle mode two does **not** employ idle validation.

#### Remote Throttle Mode Three (select maximum)

Remote mode three throttle is a select maximum throttle using two different throttles. One example is, equipment using a hand throttle as your primary throttle and a foot throttle as an accelerating remote throttle. Remote mode three throttle is enabled when a maximum throttle value is sensed between the primary throttle and the remote throttle.

**NOTE:** Remote throttle mode three does **not** employ idle validation.

#### Frequency Throttle

The frequency throttle feature converts a filtered throttle frequency input into a requested throttle percentage. The frequency throttle feature is applicable in industrial and marine applications in which a position (electronic or log signal) is **not** appropriate. The frequency throttle feature supports idle validation.

The frequency throttle feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE™ electronic service tool if the feature is available in the calibration.

#### Multiple Unit Synchronization

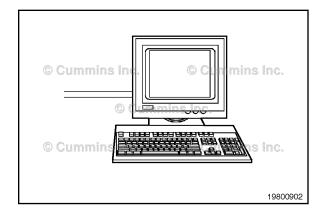
The multiple unit synchronization feature allows two or more engines to be controlled by a single throttle signal. There are three engine configurations available with this feature. They are soft-coupled, hard-coupled, and soft-coupled marine.

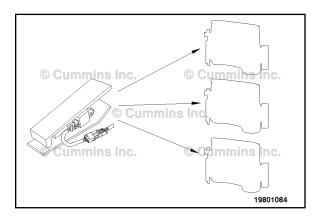
The multiple unit synchronization feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE™ electronic service tool if the feature is available in the calibration.

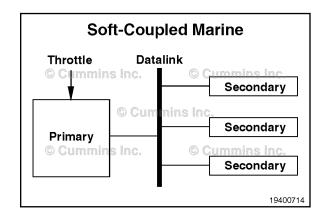
All soft-coupled marine configuration engines are connected to a J1939 datalink.

#### Pulse-Width Modulate Output

This feature allows the engine control module to output an analog signal that is proportional to either engine speed, engine load, engine torque output, or throttle input.



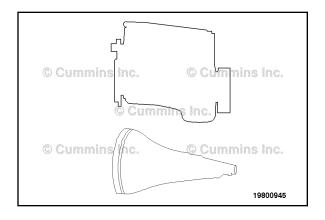




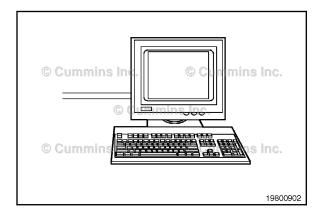
# PWM Output Signal

- © Cummins Inc. © Cummins Inc.
  - Engine Speed
  - Engine Load
  - Engine Torque
- © Cummins Inc.

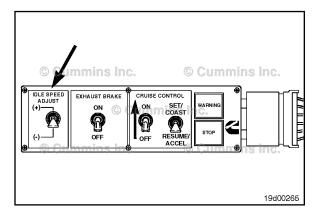
19d00581



The pulse-width modulate output signal is intended to be used to control an engine or transmission that relies on an analog signal input. This signal can also be configured as an on/off signal where the signal is either 12 VDC (v battery) or open, depending on the load.



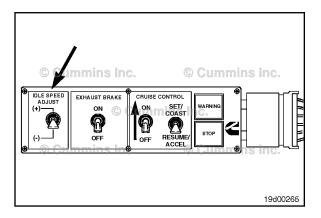
The pulse-width modulate output feature can be adjusted using the INSITE™ electronic service tool if the feature is adjustable in the calibration.



#### Low-Idle Speed

This parameter is the engine speed at which the engine will idle. This speed can be adjusted by a cab switch if the switch is installed and the low-idle adjustment feature is enabled.

Low-idle speed can be adjusted using the INSITE  $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.



#### Low-Idle Adjustment

This feature allows the idle speed range to be increased or decreased in 25-rpm standard increments with the incab increment or decrement switch. Depending on the calibration, the rpm increment could **not** be 25-rpm. There are limits on how high or low the low-idle speed can be adjusted. The allowable adjustment range for a QSC8.3 engine is 600 to 1200 rpm.

Alternate Low-Idle Speed Control

This feature allows the operator to switch between the low idle speed setting (3) and an alternate low-idle speed setting (4) (the axis 1 is engine speed and 2 is engine torque).

**NOTE:** On QSC8.3 engines during cold start-ups, and with engine temperatures less than 21°C [70°F], pilot injection has priority over alternate low-idle speed until the engine is properly warmed up.

Depending on original equipment manufacturer (OEM) availability the alternate low-idle speed control feature provides the ability to select an alternate idle speed by an original equipment manufacturer (OEM)-provided switch (1 is in the OFF position, and 2 is in the ON position).

**NOTE:** The alternate low idle speed can **not** be adjusted by the idle increment/decrement switch.



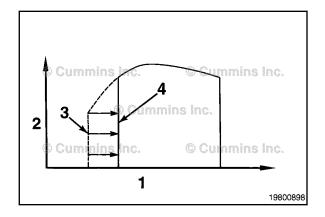
This feature automatically shuts off an engine after a period of engine idling when there is no activity from the driver such as engine speed changing or having the engine under load.

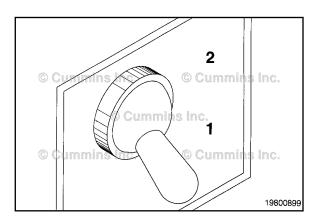
The idle shutdown system will **not** be active at coolant temperatures below 37.8°C [100°F].

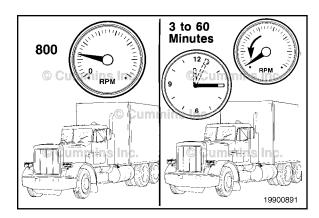
After an engine has been automatically shut off, the key **must** be turned off for 15 to 20 seconds before attempting a restart.

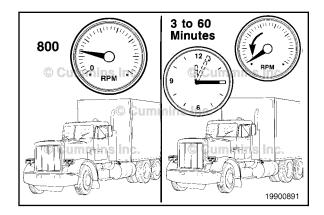
The idle shutdown feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE  $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.

**NOTE:** This feature will shut off the engine **only**. It will **not** remove power from other accessories powered by the keyswitch. These can drain the battery.







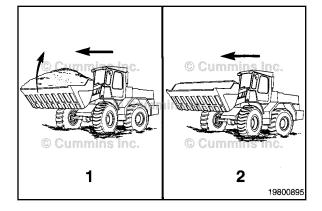


## Idle Shutdown Time

This is a period of engine idling time when there is no activity from the driver before the engine automatically

The idle shutdown time, if allowed, can be changed using the INSITE™ service tool.

NOTE: This parameter will not appear if the idle shutdown feature is turned off.

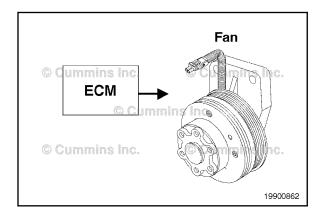


#### Idle Shutdown Override

This feature allows the driver to override the idle shutdown by changing the engine speed or putting the engine under load (1).

The idle shutdown warning period lasts for a calibrated period of time prior to engine shutdown. The yellow WARNING lamp on the dash will flash during the idle shutdown warning period.

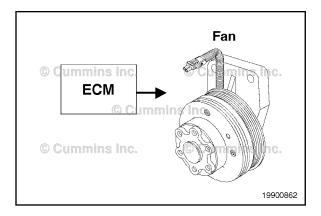
After the idle shutdown feature has been overridden, this feature will not shut off the engine again until the vehicle has been moved.



#### Fan Type

Enable this feature to control a variable speed fan drive to help optimize fuel economy when a variable speed fan is available for use. The engine control module (ECM) varies fan speed according to coolant temperature to maintain the temperature in the optimum operating range while minimizing the amount of load put on the engine by the fan.

The variable speed fan feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE™ service tool.



#### Programmable Fan Logic

Select either 0 VDC equals ON or 12 VDC equals ON to match the fan clutch logic used in the application. It is recommended that a fan relay be used for fans that draw more than six amps.

The programmable fan logic can be adjusted using the INSITE™ service tool.

#### Manual Fan Switch Enable

The ECM can control the cooling fan based on inputs from the coolant temperature sensor and the intake manifold temperature sensor.

Some applications will also provide inputs to the engine control module (ECM) for auxiliary device cooling, such as air conditioner pressure and power steering temperature. Your application also can include a manual switch for fan control.

The manual fan switch feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.

#### Air Conditioner Pressure Switch Input

Enable this feature if the air conditioner pressure switch input into the ECM is being used to control the fan.

The air conditioner pressure switch input can be enabled by using the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.

Minimum Fan-on Time with Air Conditioner Pressure Switch

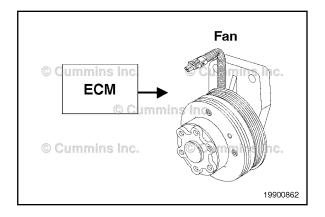
This feature controls the minimum amount of time that the fan will stay on when it is activated by the air conditioner pressure switch to reduce excessive fan cycling.

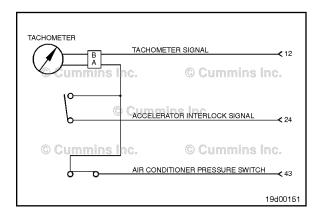
The minimum fan-on time with air conditioner pressure switch can be adjusted by using the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.

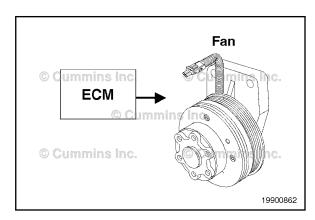
#### Fan-on with Exhaust Brake

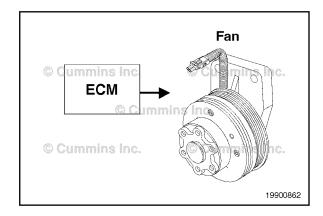
This feature will enable an electric fan when the exhaust brake is engaged. This increases the total braking power by increasing the parasitic load on the engine.

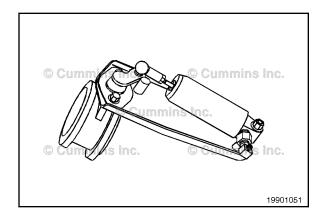
The fan-on with exhaust brake feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE™ service tool.







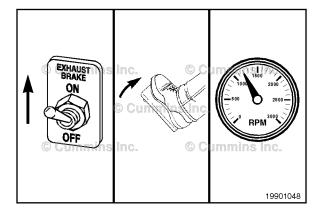




#### **Exhaust Brake**

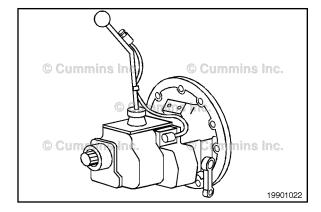
Some vehicles are equipped with an ECM-controlled exhaust brake. This exhaust brake can be used to slow the vehicle. The brake accomplishes this by restricting the exhaust gas flow out of the engine. Using the exhaust brake in hilly terrain or during heavily loaded decelerations can help reduce wear on the service brakes.

The ECM will activate the exhaust brake when conditions require its operation.



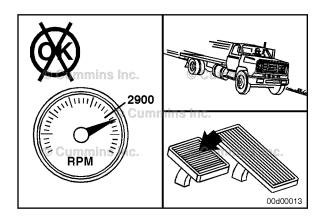
Several operating conditions **must** be true to activate the exhaust brake:

- 1 The exhaust brake switch **must** be in the ON position.
- 2 The operator's foot **must** be off the accelerator pedal (pedal at low-idle speed position).
- 3 The engine speed **must** be above 1000 rpm.



If the above conditions are true, in addition to several ECM internal fueling command checks, then the exhaust brake will engage and begin applying a braking effect to the engine. The exhaust brake will remain on until one of the above conditions is no longer true.

**NOTE:** Some electronically controlled automatic transmissions will begin downshifting during exhaust brake operation. This keeps the engine speed up near rated speed where the braking effect is greatest.

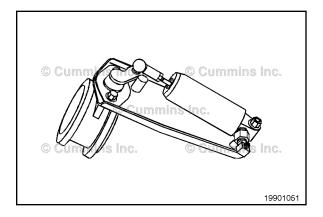


# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

The engine speed must not exceed 2900 rpm under any circumstances. When descending a steep grade, use a combination of transmission gears and engine or service brakes to control the vehicle and engine speed.

#### Exhaust Brake or Drivetrain Retarder Control

This feature tells the ECM whether an exhaust brake or a drivetrain retarder is being used on the vehicle. It allows the drivetrain retarder to operate below 1000 rpm down to idle speed, but will disengage at 1000 rpm when the exhaust brake feature is chosen.



#### **Engine Warm-up Protection**

This feature inhibits the throttle to keep the engine at low idle. This allows oil to reach all critical engine components before engine speed is increased above low idle.

To limit the engine's speed at start-up, the following inputs are limited:

- 1 Throttle input
- 2 Intermediate speed control switches
- 3 Datalink control inputs.

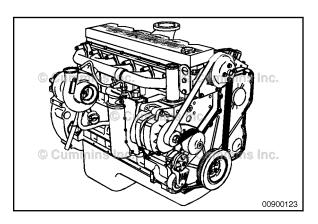
The engine warm-up protection feature can be enabled or disabled using the INSITE $^{\text{TM}}$  service tool.

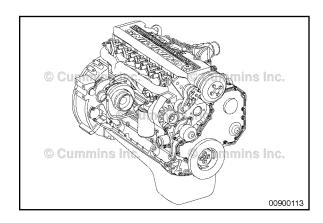
**NOTE:** The MAINTENANCE lamp is turned on while this feature is operating. Once adequate oil pressure is supplied to the engine, the lamp is turned off.

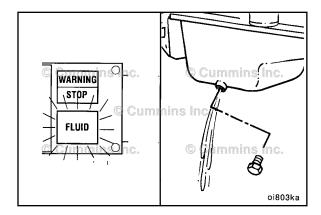
#### Hot Shutdown Monitor/Hot Shutdown Load Percent

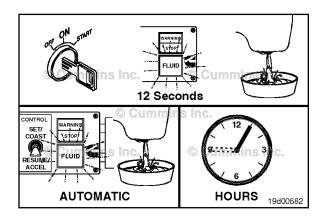
If the hot shutdown monitor feature is enabled, the engine control module (ECM) will log an inactive fault code when the engine is turned off while still "hot" by the operator or by the engine protection feature.

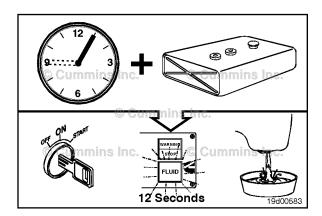
An engine is considered "hot" when the hot shutdown load percent of the engine is above the threshold set by the INSITE™ service tool. The hot shutdown load percent is based on the duty cycle load factor that is determined from the engine's fueling levels.











Maintenance Monitor

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

The maintenance monitor is designed to alert the operator of the need for a routine maintenance stop. Maintenance records must still be maintained for historical purposes.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

The maintenance monitor uses data received from the engine control module (ECM) to determine the amount of fuel burned. Whenever a battery voltage fault has occurred, the maintenance monitor data can be inaccurate.

The maintenance monitor is an optional feature that will alert the operator when it is time to change oil and perform any other simultaneous maintenance tasks. The maintenance monitor continuously monitors the time the engine has been operating and the amount of fuel burned, to determine when it is time to change oil.

**NOTE:** The operator **must** still be alert for any indications that the engine needs other service.

The maintenance monitor has three modes of operation:

- Automatic mode
- · Manual mode
- · Time mode.

Maintenance Monitor Automatic Mode

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

The use of synthetic-base oil does not justify extended oil change intervals. Extended oil change intervals will decrease engine life because of factors such as corrosion, deposits, and wear.

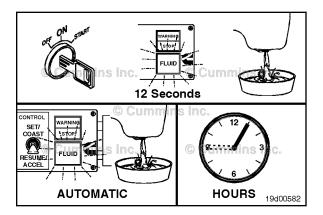
The automatic mode alerts the operator when it is time to change oil based on Cummins Inc. recommended interval. It determines the maintenance interval based on coolant temperature and load factor.

When the automatic mode is selected, the severe oil drain interval duty cycle is the default.

Maintenance Monitor Interval Factor

The interval factor is used **only** in the maintenance monitor automatic mode. It is used to adjust the maintenance interval for severe, normal, or light-duty applications.

The original factory programmed value is SEVERE.



#### Maintenance Monitor Manual Mode

### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

When selecting the correct oil-change interval for your application, Cummins Inc. does not recommend exceeding published intervals and is not responsible for damage sustained from overextended drain intervals.

Refer to Procedure 102-002 in Section 2.

The time mode allows the customer to enter a desired time interval. The maintenance monitor will then monitor the time the engine has run and alert the operator when the interval has ended.

#### Maintenance Monitor Interval Alert Percentage

This feature allows the user to enter the percentage of the current interval at which the light comes on, indicating the need for an oil change. The parameter allows the user to obtain an early warning of the need for a maintenance stop.

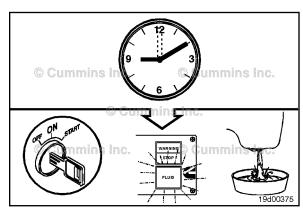
For example, if the time mode is set to 100 hours, and the interval alert percentage is set to 90 percent, the MAINTENANCE lamp will illuminate at 90 hours (90 percent of 100 hours).

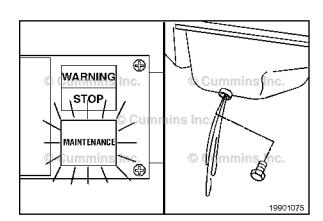
#### **Engine Time Offset**

This parameter is part of the trip information system. The value entered here will be added to total ECM time to get total engine time. This parameter allows the time on the engine to be entered when an ECM is replaced.

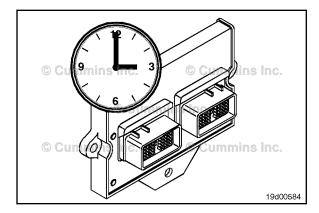
Engine time offset can be adjusted using the INSITE™ service tool.

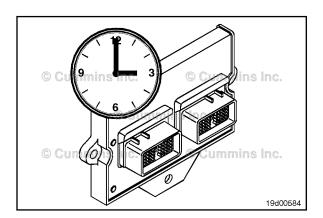












#### Real-Time Clock

The real-time clock provides time and date for stamping of operational events. The real time clock will maintain time value in units of year, month, day, hour (24-hour base), minute, and second. Loss of clock accuracy will be indicated with a diagnostic fault code. This feature can be set manually or automatically (to the PC time and date) through the INSITE™ service tool.

Adjust Time		
	Standard Setting	Customer Selection
Auto Set (set to PC time and date)	No	Yes No
Manual Date		
Date		Adjust Date
Time		

Reduced accuracy will be indicated with the diagnostic Fault Code 319. Upon loss of clock accuracy, the real-time clock will be "initialized" with the last known real time.

The loss of the real-time clock can occur due to a hardware failure (real-time clock chip fails) or a loss of power. There is no battery backup for the clock. Therefore, if the battery is removed from the system for five seconds, the real-time clock will be lost.

To initialize the real-time clock, use the INSITE™ service tool, the menu item "Adjustments - Feature and Parameters." At this point a screen will pop up in which you can manually enter a new time and date, or you can select "Real-Time Clock Autoset" and the time and date will be set to the PC's time and date. After initializing the real time clock, INSITE™ electronic service tool will set the Fault Code 319 inactive.

**NOTE:** Once the real-time clock has been enabled, you can **not** disable the feature.

#### **User-Activated Datalogger**

The purpose of this feature is to enable the engine control module (ECM) to log selectable data parameters on request. This snapshot request can be initiated either by an operator-controlled diagnostic switch or automatically based on a set of selectable trigger points. The engine control module (ECM) will store, to nonvolatile memory, a maximum of two snapshot events. Half of the data for each snapshot event will consist of pretrigger data, and the other half will be posttrigger data. The INSITE™ electronic service tool will provide a list of loggable data parameters and trigger points for the user to select. In addition, the INSITE™ electronic service tool will allow the user to select the time interval for data parameter sampling and choose manual or automatic triggers. This feature has the potential to decrease equipment downtime due to improved troubleshooting capabilities as well as providing assistance in troubleshooting intermittent problems. Also, in the diagnostic switch mode, an operator can capture data while a problem is occurring, so service personnel can analyze the data at a later time.

#### Parameters:

- User-activated datalogger enable
- Trigger No. 1
- Trigger No. 2
- · Trigger type
- · Fault code trigger
- Fault code trigger when
- · Parameter trigger
- · Parameter trigger when
- · Parameter limit value
- · Activation mode
- Sampling rate
- Parameters to log.

#### Throttle-Activated Diagnostic Switch

Throttle-activated diagnostic switch is intended to eliminate the need for a dash-mounted diagnostic switch, which is used to activate the diagnostic mode to display active fault codes in a sequence of flashing lamps. The throttle-activated diagnostic switch feature eliminates the need for a dash-mounted diagnostic switch by providing a simple sequence of throttle movements that activate the diagnostic mode.

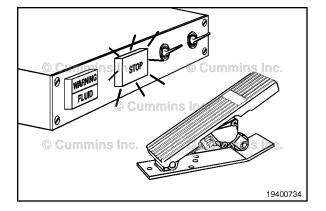
**NOTE:** The feature will work with all throttle types.

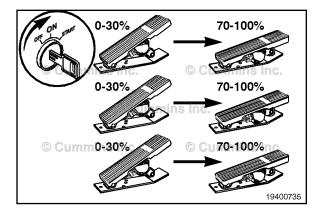
**NOTE:** In order to reset the maintenance monitor data, a diagnostic switch **must** be installed.

#### Parameters:

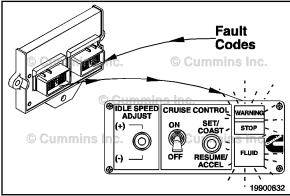
- User-activated datalogger enable
- Trigger No. 1
- © CanTrigger No. 2 © Cummins Inc.
  - Trigger type
  - Fault code trigger
  - Fault code trigger when
  - Parameter trigger
  - Parameter trigger when
- © Corparameter limit value Cummins Inc.
  - Activation mode
  - Sampling rate
  - Parameters to log

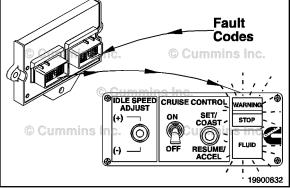
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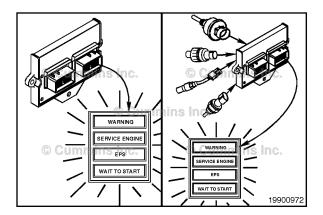




When the engine is not running, a sequence of three throttle cycles after the keyswitch is turned on will activate the diagnostic mode. The increment/decrement switch can be used to navigate to the next or previous fault code. In the case that these switches are **not** available, a single throttle cycle will also increment to the next fault code.







#### **Diagnostic Fault Codes**

The QSC8.3 control system can show and record operation anomalies that present themselves as fault codes. These codes will make troubleshooting easier. The fault codes are recorded in the engine control module (ECM). They can be read using the fault lamps in the dash or with the INSITE™ service tool.

NOTE: Not all engines or QSC8.3 control system anomalies are shown as fault codes.

The ISC/QSC/ISL control system can show and record operation anomalies that present themselves as fault codes. These codes will make troubleshooting easier. The fault codes are recorded in the engine control module (ECM). They can be read using the fault lamps in the dash or with the INSITE™ service tool.

NOTE: Not all engine or QSC control system anomalies are shown as fault codes.

There are three types of system codes:

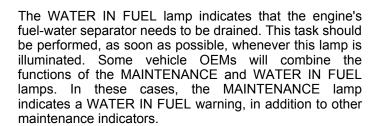
- Engine electronic control system fault codes
- Engine protection system fault codes
- Engine maintenance indicator codes.

All fault codes recorded will be either active (fault code is currently active on the engine) or inactive (fault code was active at some time, but at the moment is **not** active).

Most, but **not** all, of the electronic fault codes will light a lamp when they are active. There are three possible lamps that can be illuminated when a fault code is active:

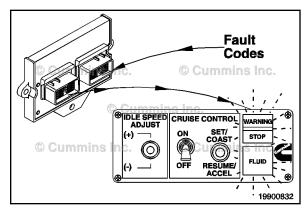
- The WARNING or CHECK ENGINE lamp is yellow and indicates the need to repair the fault at the first available opportunity.
- The STOP or STOP ENGINE lamp is red and indicates the need to stop the engine as soon as it can be safely done. The engine should remain shut down until the fault can be repaired.
- The MAINTENANCE lamp will illuminate when an engine maintenance function needs to be performed.

Some vehicles will also have a WAIT TO START lamp and a WATER IN FUEL lamp. The WAIT TO START lamp is illuminated during the preheat time that takes place at key-on during cold-weather starting. To minimize cranking time during cold-weather starting, the engine can **not** be cranked until the WAIT TO START lamp has been extinguished.

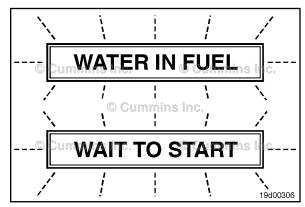


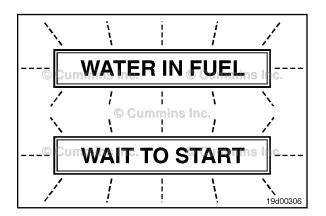
To check for active engine electronic system fault codes and maintenance indicator codes, turn the keyswitch to the OFF position, and move the diagnostic switch to the ON position, or connect the shorting plug into the diagnostic connector.

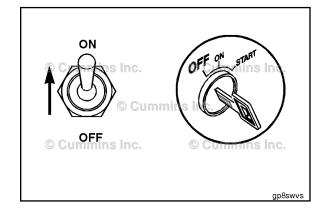










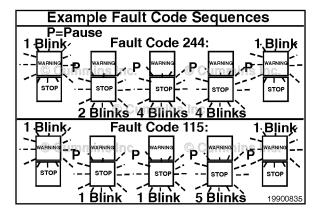


ON START No Fault OFF START Fault Codes Codes Recorded Recorded ્ર જો E CONTROL-E CONTROL SET/ SET/ WARNING WARNING COAST Flashing (((1))-7\_r-1 STOP RESUME RESŪMĒ/ **ACCEL** ACCEL 19900834

Turn the vehicle keyswitch to the ON position.

If no active fault codes are recorded, both WARNING and STOP lamps will illuminate and stay on.

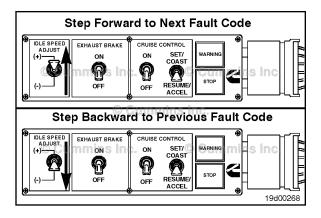
If active fault codes are recorded, both WARNING and STOP lamps will illuminate momentarily, then begin to flash the codes of the recorded faults.



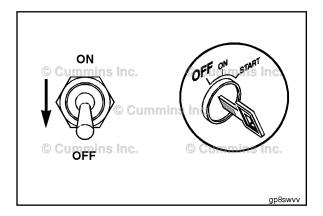
The fault code will flash in the following sequence:

- 1 A yellow WARNING lamp will flash.
- 2 There is a short 1- or 2-second pause.
- 3 The fault code will flash on the red STOP lamp.
- 4 There is a short 1- or 2-second pause between each number.

When the number has finished flashing in red, a yellow WARNING lamp will appear again. The fault code will repeat the same sequence.



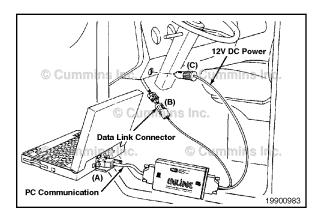
The lights flash each fault code out two times before advancing to the next code. To skip to the next fault code sooner, move the IDLE SPEED ADJUST switch (if equipped) momentarily to the (+) position. You can go back to the previous fault code by momentarily moving the IDLE SPEED ADJUST switch (if equipped) to the (-) position. If **only** one active fault code is recorded, the QSC control system will continuously display the same fault code, even when either (+) or (-) switch is depressed.



When **not** using the diagnostic system, turn OFF the Diagnostic Switch, or remove the Shorting Plug. If the Diagnostic Switch is left ON or the Shorting Plug left in, the engine control module (ECM) will **not** log some fault codes.

Fault Code Snapshot Data

This additional fault code information can be obtained by using the INSITE™ service tool. The snapshot data records the value or state of the control system sensors and switches at the time a fault code occurred. Either set of data is stored for the first occurrence of the fault, since it was last cleared, and for the most recent occurrence. This data can be very valuable when trying to recreate or determine engine operating conditions at the time of a fault.



# **Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)**

#### **General Information**

Some applications utilize accessories such as (CB radios, mobile transmitters, etc.) if not installed and used correctly the radio frequency energy generated by these accessories can cause electromagnetic interference (EMI) conditions to exist between the accessory and the Cummins electronically controlled systems. Cummins is **not** liable for any performance problems with either the electronically controlled systems or the accessory due to EMI. EMI is **not** considered by Cummins to be a system failure and therefore is **not** warrantable.

#### System EMI Susceptibility

Your Cummins product has been designed and tested for minimum sensitivity to incoming electromagnetic energy. Testing has shown that there is no performance degradation at relatively high energy levels; however, if very high energy levels are encountered, then some noncritical diagnostic fault code logging can occur. The electronically controlled systems EMI susceptibility level will protect your systems from most, if **not** all, electromagnetic energy-emitting devices that meet the legal requirements.

#### System EMI Radiation Levels

Your Cummins product has been designed to emit minimum electromagnetic energy. Electronic components are required to pass various Cummins and industry EMI specifications. Testing has shown that when the systems are properly installed, they will not interfere with onboard communication equipment or with the vehicle's, equipment's, or vessel's ability to meet any applicable EMI standards and regulated specifications.

If an interference condition is observed, follow the suggestions below to reduce the amount of interference:

- 1 Locate the transmitting antenna as far away from the electronically controlled systems and as high as possible.
- 2 Locate the transmitting antenna as far away as possible from all metal obstructions (e.g., exhaust stacks)
- 3 Consult a representative of the accessory supplier in your area to:
- Accurately calibrate the device for proper frequency, power output, and sensitivity (both base and remote site devices must be properly calibrated)
- Obtain antenna reflective energy data measurements to determine the optimum antenna location
- Obtain optimum antenna type and mounting arrangement for your application
- Make sure your accessory equipment model is built for maximum filtering to reject incoming electromagnetic noise.

Notes

# **Section 2 - Maintenance Guidelines**

# **Section Contents**

	Page
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Oil Drain Intervals	
Tool Requirements	2-2
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#### **Maintenance Guidelines - Overview**

#### General Information

Cummins Inc. recommends that the system be maintained according to the Maintenance Schedule in this section.

If the system is operating in ambient temperatures below -18°C [0°F] or above 38°C [100°F], perform maintenance at shorter intervals. Shorter maintenance intervals are also required if the system is operated in a dusty environment or if frequent stops are made. For gas fueled generator sets, shorter maintenance intervals are also required, if operating at loads below 70% for prolonged periods. Contact your local Cummins® Authorized Repair Location for recommended maintenance intervals.

Some of these maintenance procedures require special tools or must be completed by qualified personnel. Contact your local Cummins® Authorized Repair Location for detailed information.

If your system is equipped with a component or accessory not manufactured or supplied by Cummins Inc., refer to the component manufacturer's maintenance recommendations.

OEM supplied equipment and components can impact on the performance and reliability of the engine if they are not correctly maintained.

Use the chart provided in this section as a convenient way to record maintenance performed.

# **Tool Requirements**

#### **General Information**

Most of the maintenance operations described in this manual can be performed with common hand tools (metric and S.A.E. wrenches, sockets, and screwdrivers).

The following is a list of special service tools required for some maintenance operations:

Tool Part Number	Description
ST-1273	Pressure gauge
3375045	Torque wrench (0 to 175 ft-lb)
3375049	Oil filter wrench
3376807	Engine coolant and fuel filter wrench
3822524	Belt tension gauge, click type (v-belts and v-ribbed with 4 or 5 ribs)
3822525	Belt tension gauge, click type (v-ribbed with 6 to 12 ribs)
3824556	Charge air cooler (CAC) pressure kit
3824591	Engine barring gear
3824783	Torque wrench (0 to 300 in-lb)
CC-2800	Refractometer
CC-2802	Coolant test kit
3824842	M10 Compuchek® fitting

Contact at Cummins Authorized Repair Location for the required service tools.

A computer is required to run the OEM software. Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Location for information on hardware requirements.

#### **Maintenance Schedule**

#### **General Information**

Perform maintenance at whichever interval occurs first.	At each scheduled	maintenance interval,	perform all pre	evious
maintenance checks that are due for scheduled mainten	ance.			

<b>Maintenance Procedures at Daily Interval</b>	Section 3
---	-----------

- Air Intake Piping Check
- · Cooling Fan Check
- · Crankcase Breather Tube Check
- · Air Tanks and Reservoirs Check
- Engine Coolant Level Check
- Fuel-Water Separator Drain
- · Engine Lubricating Oil Level Check

#### Maintenance Procedures at 250 Hours or 3 Month ......Section 4

- Air Cleaner Restriction Check
- Charge-Air Piping Check
- Charge-Air Cooler Check
- · Fuel Injection Pump Mounting Check
- Air Compressor Mounting Check

#### Maintenance Procedures at 500 Hours or 6 Months ......Section 5

- Fuel Filters (Cummins® and OEM supplied) Change
- Cooling System Check
- Coolant Filter Change
- Lubricating Oil Filter and Oil Change<sup>1</sup>
- · Batteries Check
- Battery Cables and Connections Check
- Radiator Pressure Cap Check

#### Maintenance Procedures at 1000 Hours or 1 Year ......Section 6

- Drive Belts Check
- Fan Hub Belt Driven Check
- Cooling Fan Belt Tensioner Check

#### Maintenance Procedures at 2000 Hours or 2 Years ......Section 7

- Cooling System Flush<sup>2</sup>
- Vibration Damper, Rubber Check
- Vibration Damper, Viscous Check
- Engine Steam Cleaning Clean
- · Air Compressor Discharge Lines Clean
- Engine Mounts Check

#### Maintenance Procedures at 5000 Hours or 4 Years ......Section 8

- Overhead Set Adjust
- 1 The lubricating oil and lubricating oil filter interval is determined by the sulfur content of the fuel and lubricating oil type used. See the Oil Drain Intervals in this section.
- 2 This cooling system requirement to Flush at this scheduled maintenance includes: Drain, Flush, and Fill.

#### **Oil Drain Intervals**

See Table 1 to determine the maximum recommended oil change and filter change intervals in kilometers, miles, hours, or months, whichever comes first.

Table 1					
American Petroleum Institute (API) Classification	International Classification (ACEA and JAMA)	Fuel Sulfur Content	Oil Ch	ange Interval	
			Kilometers [Miles]	Hours	Months
CJ-4 (CES 20081)	ACEA E9	< 500 ppm	14,500 [9000]	500	6
	JAMA DH-2	500 - 5000 ppm	11,600 [7200]*	400*	6
CI-4 (CES 20078)	ACEA E7	up to 5000 ppm	14,500 [9000]	500	6
API CH-4/SJ	ACEA E5	up to 5000 ppm	14,500 [9000]	500	6
(CES 20071, 20076, or 20077)					
API CF-4/SG (CES	ACEA E3	up to 5000 ppm	7250 [4500]	250	6
20075)	ACEA E2				
	JAMA DH-1				
API CD API CE API CG-4/SH	ACEA E1	up to 5000 ppm	Obsole	te, Do Not Use	•

<sup>\*</sup> The oil drain interval **must** be reduced by 20 percent if American Petroleum Institute (API) CJ-4 (Cummins Inc. Engineering Standard 20081) lubricating oil is used with diesel fuel containing 0.05 to 0.5 mass percent (500 to 5000 ppm) sulfur content.

# **Maintenance Record Form**

# **Maintenance Data**

		Maintena	nce Record			
Engine Serial No.:	ne Serial No.: Engine Model:					
Owner's Name:			Equipment Name/	Number:		
Key to table headings:						
			Date			
		B = km [Miles], Ho	ours or Time Interva			
		C = Actual km	[Miles] or Hours			
			Check Performed			
			Performed By			
		F = Co	mments			
А	В	С	D	Е	F	
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Notes

# **Section 3 - Maintenance Procedures at Daily Interval**

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Air Tanks and Reservoirs	
Drain	3-4
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Maintenance Check	3-4
Crankcase Breather Tube	3-3
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Unusual System Noise	3-^
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Lubricating Oil Level	
Maintenance Check	

	QSC8.3 and QS	L9
Section 3 - Maintenance F	Procedures at Daily Inter	val

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# **Daily Maintenance Procedures - Overview**

#### **General Information**

Preventative maintenance begins with day-to-day awareness of the system. Before starting the system, check the appropriate fluid levels. Look for:

- Leaks
- · Loose or damaged parts
- · Worn or damaged belts
- · Worn or damage low and high voltage harnesses
- Any change in system appearance.
- · Odor of fuel
- · Odor of electronic devices

#### System Operation Report

The system **must** be maintained in top mechanical and electronic condition if the operator is to get optimum satisfaction from its use. The maintenance department needs daily running reports from the operator to make necessary adjustments in the time allocated. The daily running report also helps to make provisions for more extensive maintenance work as the reports indicate the necessity.

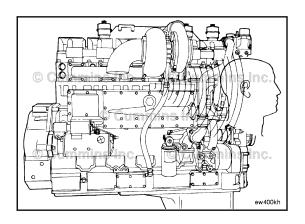
Comparison and intelligent interpretation of the daily report, along with a practical follow-up action, will eliminate most failures and emergency repairs.

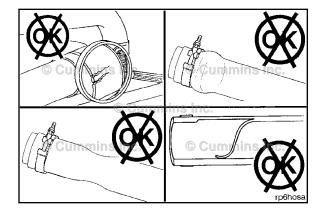
Report to the maintenance department any of the following conditions that may apply:

- · Low lubricating oil pressure
- Low power
- Power increases or engine surge
- Erratic or no accelerator control or response
- Any warning lights flashing or staying on
- Abnormal water or oil temperature
- Unusual system noise
- Excessive smoke
- · Excessive use of coolant, fuel, or lubricating oil
- · Any fuel, coolant, or lubricating oil leaks
- · Loose or damaged parts
- · Worn or damaged belts
- Worn or damaged low or high voltage harnesses

### **Unusual System Noise**

During daily maintenance checks, listen for any unusual system noise(s) that can indicate that service is required.







# Air Intake Piping Maintenance Check

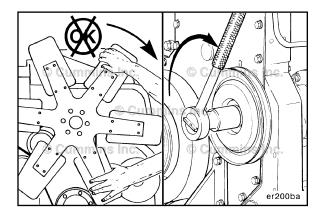


Inspect the intake piping daily for wear points and damage to piping, loose clamps, and punctures that can damage the engine.

Replace damaged pipes and tighten loose clamps, as necessary, to prevent the air system from leaking.

Torque Value: 8 N·m [71 in-lb]

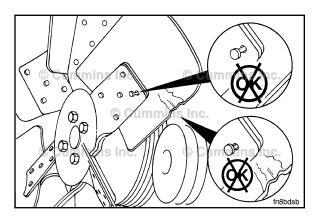
Check for corrosion under the clamps and hoses of the intake system piping. Corrosion can allow corrosive products and dirt to enter the intake system. Disassemble and clean, as required.



# Fan, Cooling Inspect for Reuse

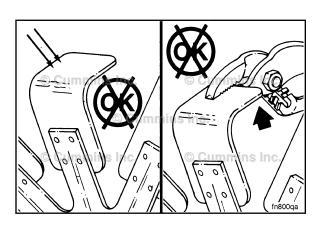


Do not rotate the engine by pulling or prying on the fan. The fan blade(s) can be damaged and cause the fan to fail and cause personal injury or property damage. Use the accessory drive shaft or the crankshaft barring tool to rotate the crankshaft.





A visual inspection of the cooling fan is required daily. Check for cracks, loose rivets, and bent or loose blades. Check the fan to make sure it is securely mounted. Tighten the capscrews, if necessary.



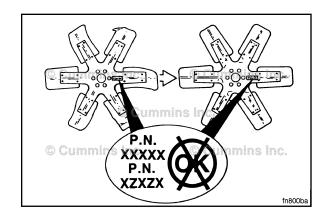


Do not straighten a bent fan blade or continue to use a damaged fan. A bent or damaged fan blade can fail during operation and cause personal injury or property damage.

#### QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section 3 - Maintenance Procedures at Daily Interval

Replace original equipment fan that is damaged with a fan of the identical part number. Cummins Inc. **must** approve any other fan changes to be covered under warranty.

Refer to the vehicle or equipment manufacturer's specifications for capscrew torque.

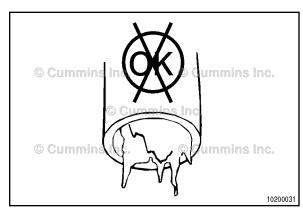


# Crankcase Breather Tube Maintenance Check

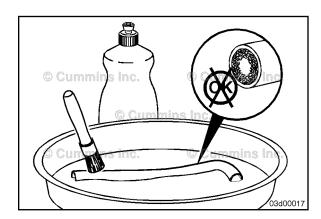
Inspect the breather tube for sludge, debris, or ice in the tube.

Inspect the tube more frequently in icy conditions.

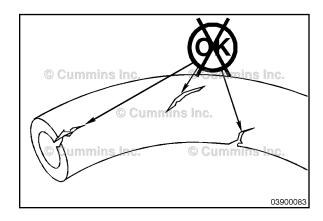


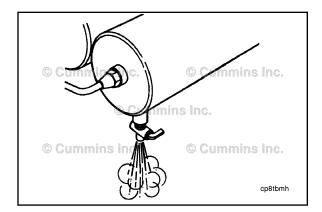


If sludge, debris, or ice is found clean the tube with detergent and warm water or a solvent. Dry the tube with compressed air.



Visually inspect the tube for cracks or damage. If damage is found, replace the crankcase breather tube. Contact your Cummins Authorized Repair Location.



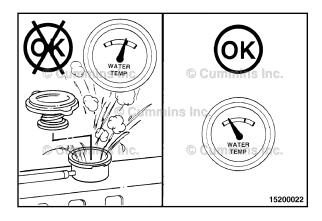




# **Air Tanks and Reservoirs**

#### **Drain**

If automatic purging or spitter valves are used, confirm the valves are operating correctly. If a manual drain valve is used on the wet tank, open the draincock on the wet tank to drain any moisture accumulated in the air system. If oil is present, the air compressor system **must** be checked. Contact your Cummins Authorized Repair Location.





# Coolant Level Maintenance Check

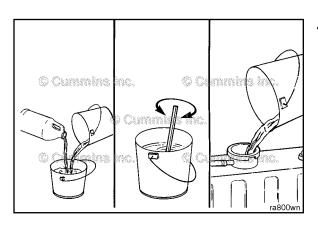
# **A**WARNING **A**

Do not remove a pressure cap from a hot engine. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50°C [120°F] before removing the pressure cap. Heated coolant spray or steam can cause personal injury.

### $oldsymbol{\Delta}$ CAUTION $oldsymbol{\Delta}$

Never use a sealing additive to stop leaks in the cooling system. This can result in cooling system plugging and inadequate coolant flow, causing the engine to overheat.

The coolant level **must** be checked daily.



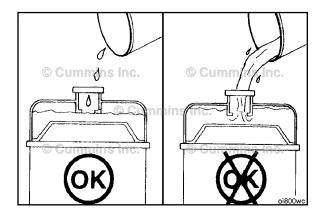


#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not add cold coolant to a hot engine. Engine castings can be damaged. Allow the engine to cool to below 50°C [120°F] before adding coolant.

Coolant added to the engine **must** be mixed with the correct proportions of antifreeze, supplemental coolant additive, and water to avoid engine damage.

Coolant recommendations and specification details on correct mixing of coolant can be found in Maintenance Specifications (Section V).





Fill the cooling system with coolant. Refer to the markings on the radiator or expansion tank for coolant levels or refer to the OEM manual.

**NOTE:** Some radiators have two fill necks, both of which **must** be filled when the cooling system is drained.

# **Fuel-Water Separator**

#### Drain

# **A**WARNING **A**

Drain the water-fuel separator into a container and dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Cummins Inc. requires a fuel-water separator or fuel filter be installed in the fuel supply system.

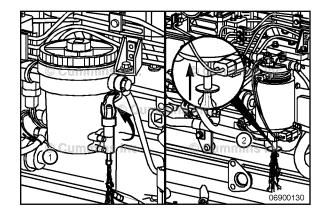
Drain the water and sediment from the separator daily.

#### **Canister Type**

Shut off the engine.

Pull up on the drain valve lever until fluid drains out of the drain tube. Drain the filter sump until clear fuel is visible.

Push up on the drain valve until fluid drains out of the drain tube.



#### Spin-on Type

Shut off the engine.

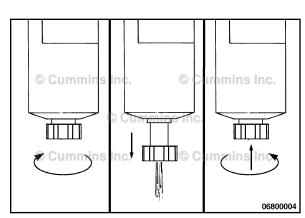
Use your hand to open the drain valve. Turn the valve **counterclockwise** approximately  $3\frac{1}{2}$  turns until the valve drops down 25.4mm [1 in] and draining occurs.

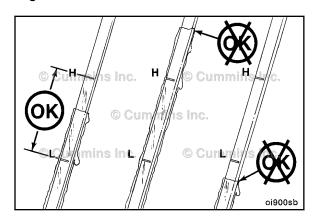
Drain the filter sump until clear fuel is visible.

# $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

When closing the drain valve, do not overtighten the valve. Overtightening can damage the threads.

To close the valve, lift the valve and turn **clockwise** until it is hand-tight.







# Lubricating Oil Level Maintenance Check



## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Never operate the engine with oil level below the L (low) mark or above the H (high) mark. Poor engine performance or engine damage can occur.

The engine **must** be level when checking the oil level to make sure the measurement is correct.

Shut off the engine for an accurate reading.

Wait at least 15 minutes after shutting off the engine to check the oil level. This allows time for the oil to drain into the oil pan.

For additional lubricating oil recommendations and oil pan capacity information, refer to Maintenance Specifications (Section V).

# Section 4 - Maintenance Procedures at 250 Hours or 3 Months

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#### Maintenance Procedures - Overview General Information

All maintenance checks and inspections listed in previous maintenance intervals **must** also be performed at this time, in addition to those listed under this maintenance interval.

#### **Air Cleaner Restriction**

#### **Maintenance Check**

**Mechanical Indicator** 

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Never operate the engine without an air cleaner. Intake air must be filtered to prevent dirt and debris from entering the engine and causing premature wear.

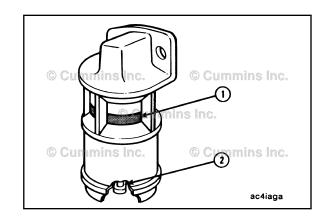
**NOTE:** Do **not** remove the felt washer from the indicator. The felt washer absorbs moisture.

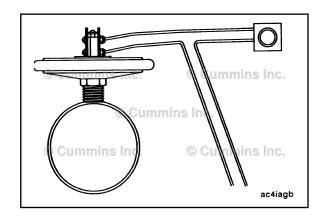
A mechanical restriction indicator is available to indicate excessive air restriction through a dry-type air cleaner. This instrument can be mounted in the air cleaner outlet or on the instrument panel. The red flag (1) in the window gradually rises as the cartridge loads with dirt. After changing or replacing the cartridge, reset the indicator by pushing the reset button (2).

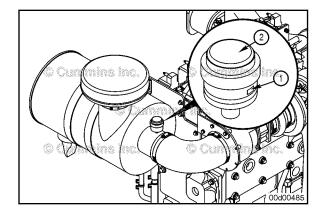
Restriction or vacuum indicators need to be installed as close as possible to the turbocharger air inlet in order to obtain a true indication of restrictions.

#### **Vacuum Indicator**

Vacuum switches actuate a warning light on the instrument panel when the air restriction becomes excessive.

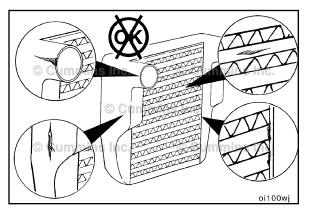






#### **Industrial Gas Mechanical Indicator**

A mechanical restriction indicator is available to indicate excessive air restriction through a dry-type air cleaner. This instrument is mounted in the air cleaner outlet. The red flag (1) in the window gradually rises as the cartridge loads with dirt. When air restriction is indicated the air filter **must** be replaced. After changing or replacing the cartridge, reset the indicator by pushing the reset button (2)

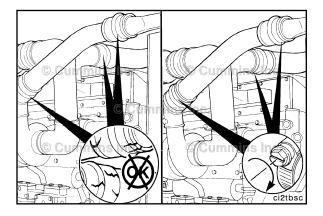




# Charge-Air Cooler Maintenance Check



Inspect the charge-air cooler (CAC) for dirt and debris blocking the fins. Check for cracks, holes, or other damage. If damage is found, refer to the vehicle, vessel, or equipment manufacturer.

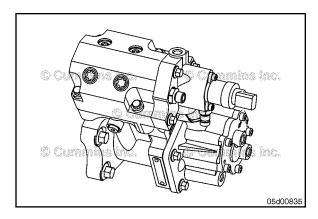




# Charge-Air Piping Maintenance Check



Inspect the charge-air piping and hoses for leaks, holes, cracks, or loose connections. Tighten the hose clamps if necessary. Refer to the vehicle or equipment manufacturer's specifications for the correct torque value.



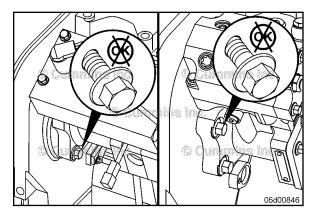
# Fuel Pump General Information

This procedure refers to the Cummins® Common Rail fuel system.

#### **Maintenance Check**

Inspect the fuel injection pump mounting nuts, including the support bracket, for loose or damaged hardware.

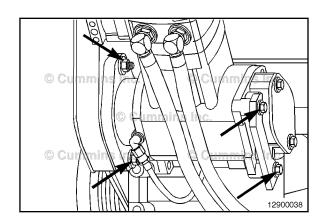




# Air Compressor Maintenance Check

Inspect the air compressor mounting nuts, including the tail support bracket, for loose or damaged hardware.





Notes	

# Section 5 - Maintenance Procedures at 500 Hours or 6 Months

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## Maintenance Procedures - Overview General Information

All maintenance checks and inspections listed in previous maintenance intervals **must** also be performed at this time, in addition to those listed under this maintenance interval.

## **Fuel Filter (Spin-On Type)**

#### **General Information**

#### **CAPS Fuel System**

The CAPS fuel system requires the use of a single fuel filter. The filter must have the following characteristics:

- · water-separating
- 10-micron rating
- · water-in-fuel sensor
- · water-drain valve
- · engine mounted or chassis mounted.

Fleetguard® FS1022 meets these requirements.

#### **Cummins Common Rail Fuel System**

The Cummins Common Rail fuel system requires the use of two fuel filters. The suction side filter **must** have the following characteristics:

- · water-separating
- 10-micron rating
- · water-in-fuel sensor with shunt resistor
- · water-drain valve
- · always chassis mounted.

Fleetguard® FS1003 meets these requirements.

Racor model 1000MA meets these requirements for marine applications.

The pressure side filter **must** have the following characteristics:

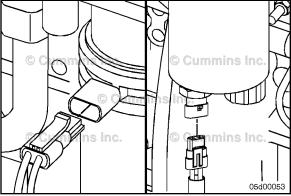
- 2-micron rating
- · engine mounted or chassis mounted.

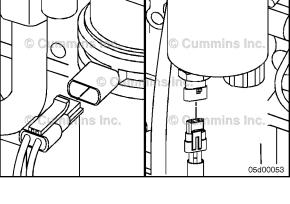
Fleetguard® FF5488 meets these requirements.

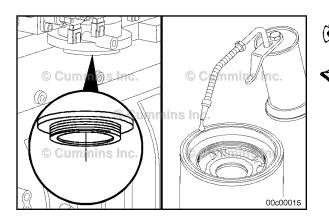
The fuel supply and return valves **must** be closed when servicing the fuel filters on marine applications.

Refer to Procedure 100-001 in Section E for Engine Identification. The CM554 engine uses the CAPS fuel system. The CM850 engine uses the Cummins Common Rail fuel system.

# Remove







# **A** WARNING **A**

Fuel is flammable. Keep all cigarettes, flames, pilot lights, arcing equipment, and switches out of the work area and areas sharing ventilation to reduce the possibility of severe personal injury or death when working on the fuel system.

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Use caution when disconnecting or removing fuel lines, replacing filters and priming the fuel system that fuel is not spilled or drained into the bilge area. Do not drop or throw filter elements into the bilge area. The fuel and fuel filters must be discarded in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Close the fuel supply and return valves, if equipped.

Disconnect the wiring harness from the water-in-fuel sensor, if equipped.

Disconnect the wiring harness from the fuel heater, if equipped.

Loosen and remove the fuel filter.

Make sure the seal ring does **not** stick to the filter head.

Remove the ring with an o-ring pick, if necessary.





Mechanical overtightening can distort the threads as well as damage the filter element seal or filter canister.

Do **not** fill the fuel filter with fuel before installation; instead, prime the fuel system using the fuel lift pump.

Be sure the center seal ring is installed onto the filter

Install the filter as specified by the filter manufacturer.

Connect the water-in-fuel sensor and the fuel heater, if equipped.

#### **Cummins Common Rail Fuel System**

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Mechanical overtightening can distort the threads as well as damage the filter element seal or filter canister.

It will be necessary to fill the 10-micron water stripping (suction side) fuel filter with fuel.

Do **not** fill the 2-micron (pressure side) fuel filter with fuel before installation; instead, prime the fuel system using the fuel lift pump.

Be sure the center seal ring is installed onto the filter spud.

Install the filter as specified by the filter manufacturer.

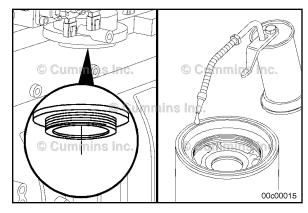
Connect the water-in-fuel sensor and the fuel heater, if equipped.

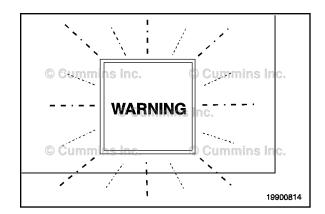
The Cummins Common Rail Fuel System is capable of detecting the presence of the correct water-in-fuel sensor.

If the water-in-fuel sensor is incompatible or disconnected, the engine WARNING lamp will illuminate.







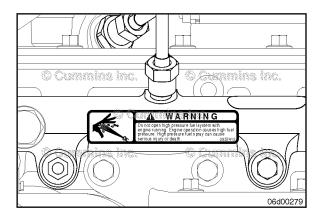


#### **Prime**

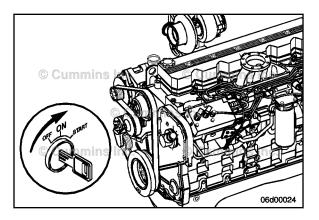
# **A**WARNING **A**

Do not open the high-pressure fuel system with the engine running. Engine operation causes high fuel pressure. High-pressure fuel spray can cause serious injury or death.

Open the fuel supply and return valves, if equipped.



#### Section 5 - Maintenance Procedures at 500 Hours or 6 Months



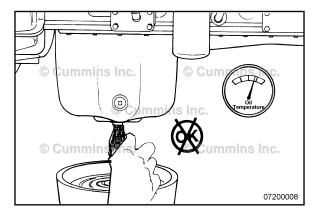
Cycle the keyswitch and allow the lift pump to run. The lift pump will run for 30 seconds. Afterwards, turn the keyswitch off and back on again allowing the lift pump to run again.

Allow the lift pump to run for three or four 30-second cycles before attempting to start the engine.

#### **Finishing Steps**

Operate the fuel lift pump to help prime the fuel system. Turn the keyswitch to RUN, but do **not** attempt to start the engine. This will cause the ECM to operate the fuel lift pump through a priming cycle which lasts at least 30 seconds. Cycle the lift pump several times by keying off, waiting 10 seconds and keying back on again.

Once the engine is started, slowly increase the engine speed while air is purged from the fuel plumbing.





# Lubricating Oil and Filters Drain

# **A**WARNING **A**

To reduce the possibility of personal injury, avoid direct contact of hot oil with your skin.

# **A**WARNING **A**

Some state and federal agencies have determined that used engine oil can be carcinogenic and cause reproductive toxicity. Avoid inhalation of vapors, ingestion, and prolonged contact with used engine oil. If not reused, dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.

**NOTE:** Use a container that can hold at least 23.6 liters [25 qt] of lubricating oil.

**NOTE:** For composite oil pans, hold the external locking nut in position with a separate wrench while removing the drain plug. This will prevent the bulkhead from loosening during drain plug removal.

Operate the engine until the coolant temperature reaches 60°C [140°F]. Shut off the engine. Remove the oil drain plug. Drain the oil immediately to make sure all the oil and suspended contaminants are removed from the engine.

#### Remove

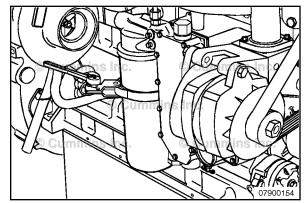
Clean the area around the lubricating oil filter head.

Using an oil filter wrench, remove the filter.

Clean the gasket surface of the filter head with a clean lint-free cloth.







#### Install

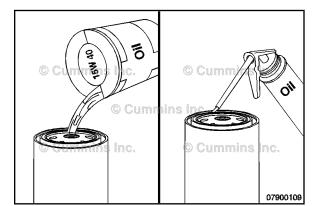
## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

The lubricating oil filter should be full of oil at start-up to prevent engine damage.

Use clean 15W-40 oil to coat the gasket surface of the filter.

Fill the filter with clean 15W-40 oil.





## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

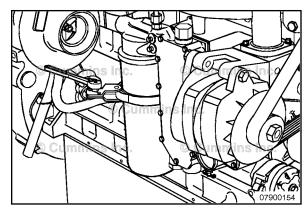
Mechanical overtightening of the filter can distort the threads or damage the filter element seal.

Install the filter on the oil filter head. Tighten the filter until the gasket contacts the filter head surface.

Tighten the filter according to the instructions supplied with the filter.







# **∆**CAUTION**∆**

For composite oil pans, always use a new sealing washer on the oil drain plug. Hold the external locking nut in place while tightening the oil drain plug.

Clean and check the lubricating oil drain plug threads and sealing surface.

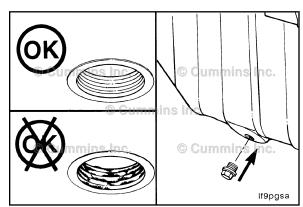
Install the lubricating oil pan drain plug.

Torque Value		
	N•m	[ft-lb]
Steel Oil Pan	80	59
Cast Aluminum Oil Pan	60	45
Composite Oil Pan	60	45





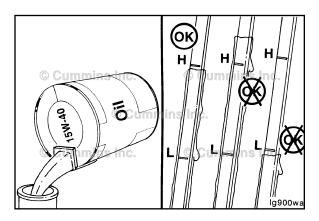








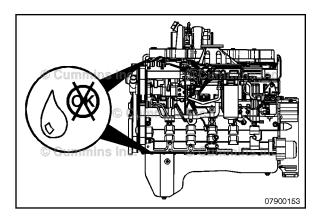
NOTE: Use a high quality 15W-40 multiviscosity oil, such as Cummins Premium Blue®, or equivalent, in Cummins engines. Choose the correct oil for your operating climate as outlined in the Operation and Maintenance Manual.





Fill the engine with clean lubricating oil to the proper level.

NOTE: When filling the oil pan, use the fill tube on the side of the engine rather than on top of the rocker lever cover.

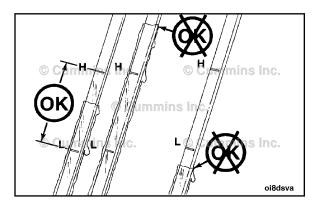




#### **A** WARNING **A**

If no oil pressure is noted within 15 seconds after the engine is started, shut down the engine to reduce the possibility of internal damage.

Idle the engine to inspect for leaks at the drain plug.





Shut off the engine. Wait approximately 10 minutes to let the oil drain from the upper parts of the engine. Check the level again.



Add oil as necessary to bring the oil level to the "H" (high) mark on the dipstick.

#### Page 5-7

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# Supplemental Coolant Additive (SCA) and Antifreeze Concentration

#### **Maintenance Check**

**Supplemental Coolant Additive (SCA)** 

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Failing to maintain the required SCA concentration level can cause engine damage.

#### Check the SCA concentration level

- At least twice a year
- At every subsequent oil drain interval if the concentration is above 3 units
- Whenever coolant is added to the cooling system between filter changes.

Use Fleetguard® coolant test kit, Part No. CC2602, to check the SCA concentration level. Instructions are included with the test kit. Use the Coolant Recommendations and Specifications in Maintenance Specifications (Section V) for the correct SCA and antifreeze level.

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#### **Antifreeze**

#### $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

Overconcentration of antifreeze or use of high-silicate antifreeze can damage the engine.

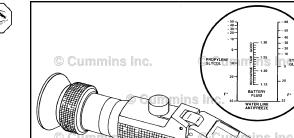
Check the antifreeze concentration. Use a mixture of 50-percent water and 50-percent ethylene glycol or propylene glycol-based antifreeze to protect the engine to -32°C [-26°F] year-around.

The Fleetguard® refractometer, Part Number C2800, provides a reliable, easy-to-read, and accurate measurement of freezing point protection and glycol (antifreeze) concentration.

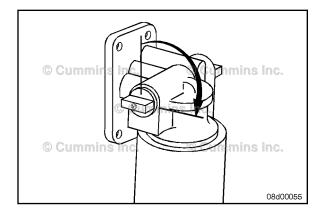
Antifreeze is essential in every climate.

Antifreeze broadens the operating temperature range by lowering the coolant freezing point and by raising its boiling point.

The corrosion inhibitors also protect the cooling system components from corrosion and prolong component life.







#### **Coolant Filter**

#### Remove

**All Applications Except Marine** 

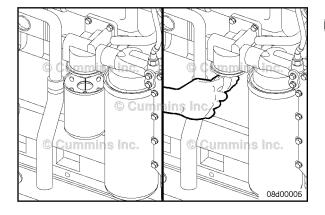


Do not remove the pressure cap from a hot engine. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50°C [120°F] before removing the pressure cap. Heated coolant spray or steam can cause personal injury.

**NOTE:** Some engine models do **not** require coolant filters.

Remove the coolant system pressure cap.

Turn the shutoff valve to the OFF position by rotating the knob from the vertical to the horizontal direction as shown.





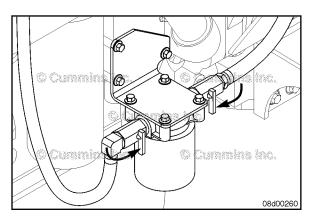
#### **A**WARNING **A**

A small amount of coolant can leak when servicing the coolant filter with the shutoff valve in the OFF position. To reduce the possibility of personal injury, avoid contact with hot coolant.



Coolant is toxic. Keep away from children and pets. If not reused, dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Remove and discard the coolant filter.



#### **Marine Applications**

# **A**WARNING **A**

Do not remove the pressure cap from a hot engine. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50°C [120°F] before removing the pressure cap. Heated coolant spray or steam can cause personal injury.

**NOTE:** It is possible that some marine engine models do **not** have coolant filters.

Remove the coolant system pressure cap.

Turn the inlet and outlet shutoff valves to the OFF position by rotating the knobs from the horizontal to the vertical direction as shown.

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# **A**WARNING **A**

A small amount of coolant can leak when servicing the coolant filter with the shutoff valve in the OFF position. To reduce the possibility of personal injury, avoid contact with hot coolant.



Coolant is toxic. Keep away from children and pets. If not reused, dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Use caution when draining coolant that coolant is not spilled or drained into the bilge area. Do not pump the coolant overboard. If the coolant is not reused, it must be discarded in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Remove and discard the coolant filter.



#### Install

**All Applications Except Marine** 

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Do not allow oil to get into the filter. Oil will damage the DCA.

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Mechanical overtightening can distort the threads or damage the filter head.

Apply a thin film of lubricating oil to the gasket sealing surface before installing the new coolant filter.

Install the coolant filter on the filter head. Tighten the filter until the gasket contacts the filter head surface.

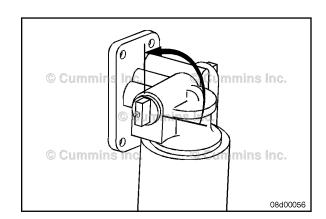
Tighten the coolant filter an additional 1/2 to 3/4 of a turn, or as specified by the filter manufacturer.



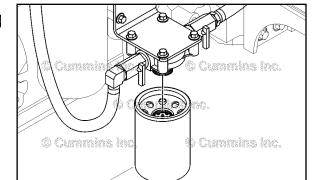
# $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

The valve must be in the ON position to prevent engine damage.

Turn the shutoff to the ON position by rotating the knob from the horizontal to the vertical position in the direction shown.

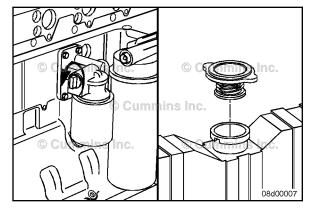


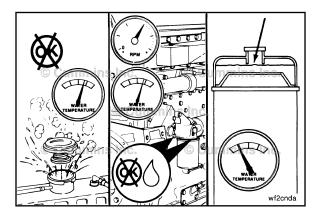






Install the coolant system pressure cap.







Operate the engine and check for coolant leaks.

After the air has been purged from the system, check the coolant level again.





#### **Marine Applications**

#### $oldsymbol{\Delta}$ CAUTION $oldsymbol{\Delta}$



Do not allow oil to get into the filter. Oil will damage the DCA.

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$



Mechanical overtightening can distort the threads or damage the filter head.

Apply a thin film of lubricating oil to the gasket sealing surface before installing the new coolant filter.

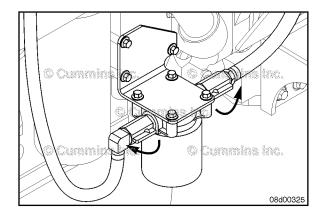
Install the coolant filter on the filter head. Tighten the filter until the gasket contacts the filter head surface.

Tighten the coolant filter an additional 1/2 to 3/4 of a turn, or as specified by the filter manufacturer.



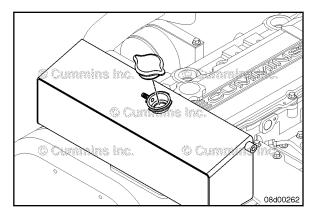
The valve must be in the ON position to prevent engine damage.

Turn the shutoff valves to the ON position by rotating the knobs from the vertical to the horizontal position in the direction shown.



Install the coolant system pressure cap.

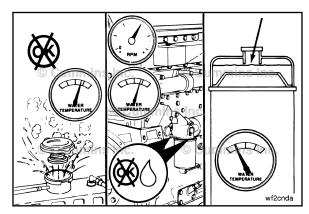




Operate the engine and check for coolant leaks.

After the air has been purged from the system, check the coolant level again.





#### **Batteries**

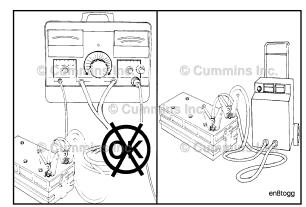
#### Inspect

Use an inductive charging and cranking system analyzer to load-test the state of charge of maintenance-free batteries. If the state of charge is low, use a battery charger to charge the battery. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

Replace the battery if it will **not** charge to the manufacturer's specifications or the battery will **not** maintain a charge.







If conventional batteries are used, remove the cell caps or covers and check the electrolyte (water and sulfuric acid solution) level.



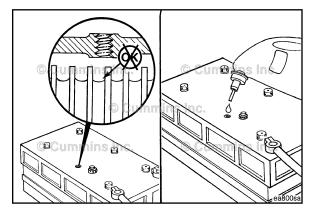
Batteries can emit explosive gas. To reduce the possibility of personal injury, always ventilate the compartment before servicing the batteries. To reduce the possibility of arcing, remove the battery (-) negative cable first and attach the battery negative cable last.

**NOTE:** Maintenance-free batteries are sealed and do **not** require the addition of water.

Fill each battery cell with water. Refer to the manufacturer's specifications.

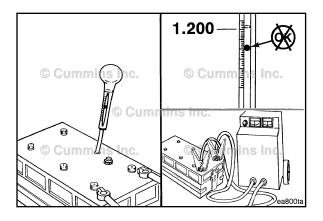






Refer to the accompanying table to determine the battery state of charge based on the specific-gravity readings.

Battery State of Charge	Specific Gravity @ 27°C [80°F]
100%	1.260 to 1.280
75%	1.230 to 1.250
50%	1.200 to 1.220
25%	1.170 to 1.190
Discharged	1.110 to 1.130

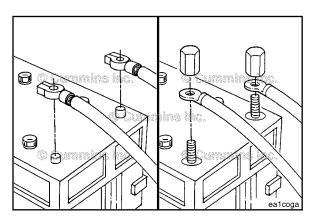




Use a hydrometer to measure the specific gravity of each cell.

**NOTE:** If the specific gravity of any cell is below 1.200, the battery **must** be charged.

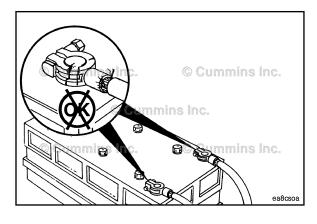
**NOTE:** Do **not** attempt to check the specific gravity of a battery immediately after adding water. If it is necessary to add water to allow use of the hydrometer, charge the battery several minutes at a high rate to mix the electrolyte.



# **Battery Cables and Connections Initial Check**

There are two possible heavy-duty battery connections:

- Battery terminal and clamp (1)
- Threaded battery terminal and nut (2).





## **A**WARNING **A**



Batteries can emit explosive gases. To reduce the possibility of personal injury, always ventilate the compartment before servicing the batteries. To reduce the possibility of arcing, remove the negative (-) battery cable last.

Remove and inspect the battery cables and connections for cracks or corrosion.

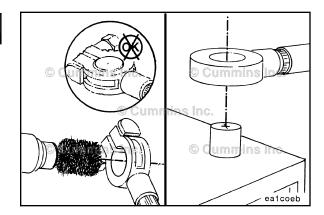
Replace broken terminals, connectors, or cables.

#### QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section 5 - Maintenance Procedures at 500 Hours or 6 Months

If the connections are corroded, use a battery brush or wire brush to clean the connections until shiny.



Make sure all debris is removed from the connecting surfaces.



## **A**WARNING **A**

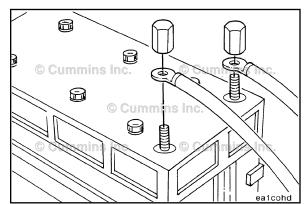
Batteries can emit explosive gases. To reduce the possibility of personal injury, always ventilate the compartment before servicing the batteries. To reduce the possibility of arcing, remove the negative (-) battery cable first and attach the negative (-) battery cable last.



Coat the terminals with grease to prevent corrosion.



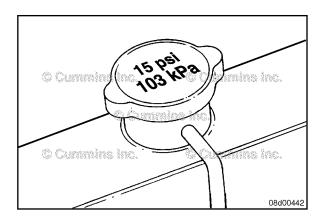




# Radiator Pressure Cap General Information

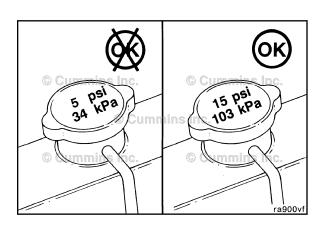
The system is designed to use a pressure cap to prevent boiling of the coolant.

Radiator Cap Pressure Test	
System Temperature Cap (Pressure Rating)	
104°C [220°F]	103 kPa [15 psi]

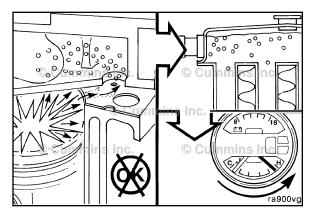


An incorrect or malfunctioning cap can result in the loss of coolant and the engine running hot.





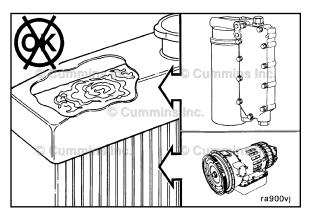
# QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section 5 - Maintenance Procedures at 500 Hours or 6 Months





Air in the coolant can result in loss of coolant from the overflow when the aerated coolant is hot. The heated air expands, increasing the pressure in the system, causing the cap to open.

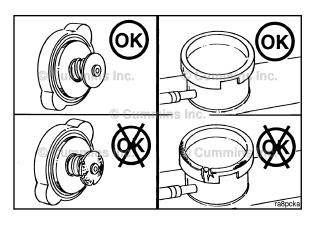
Similarly, coolant can be displaced through the overflow if the head gasket leaks compression gases into the cooling system.





**NOTE:** Transmission fluid can also leak into the coolant through radiator bottom tank transmission oil coolers.







#### Inspect for Reuse

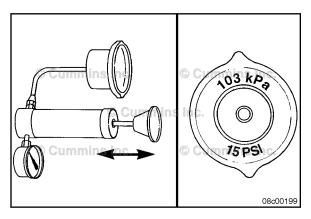
Be sure the correct radiator cap is being used. Refer to Procedure 018-018 in Section  $V_{\cdot}$ 



Inspect the rubber seal of the pressure cap for damage.

Inspect the radiator fill neck for cracks or other damage.

Refer to the OEM service manual for instructions if the fill neck is damaged.





Pressure-test the radiator cap.

The pressure cap **must** seal within 14 kPa [2 psi] of the value stated on the cap, or it **must** be replaced.



Refer to the OEM service manual for the radiator cap test procedure.

# Section 6 - Maintenance Procedures at 1000 Hours or 1 Year

## **Section Contents**

	Page
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Drive Belts	
Maintenance Check	6-1
Fan Hub, Belt Driven	6-3
Maintenance Check	6-3
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Page 6-b

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## Maintenance Procedures - Overview General Information

All maintenance checks and inspections listed in previous maintenance intervals **must** also be performed at this time, in addition to those listed under this maintenance interval.

# Drive Belts Maintenance Check Poly-Vee Belt

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Make sure that the engine is switched off and any starting mechanisms are isolated before any inspections are made. Daily belt inspections can be carried out through an appropriate aperture. Do not remove any guards.

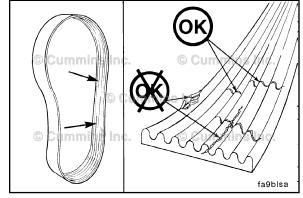
Inspect the belts daily. Check the belt for intersecting cracks. Traverse (across the belt width) cracks are acceptable. Longitudinal (direction of belt length) cracks that intersect with transverse cracks are **not** acceptable. Replace the belt if it is frayed or has pieces of material missing. Refer to Section A for belt adjustment and replacement procedures.

Belt damage can be caused by:

- Incorrect tension
- Incorrect size or length
- · Pulley misalignment
- · Incorrect installation
- Severe operating environment
- Oil or grease on the side of belts.









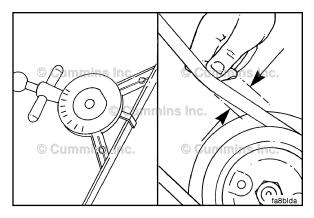
#### Cogged Belt

Inspect the belts daily. Replace the belts if they are cracked, frayed, or have chunks of material missing. Small cracks are acceptable.

Adjust the belts that have a glazed or shiny surface, which indicates belt slippage. Correctly installed and tensioned belts will show even pulley and belt wear. Refer to Section A for belt adjustment and replacement procedures.

Belt damage can be caused by:

- Incorrect tension
- Incorrect size or length
- · Pulley misalignment
- · Incorrect installation
- · Severe operating environment
- · Oil or grease on the belts





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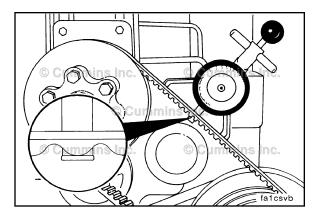
Measure the belt tension in the center span of the pulleys.

Refer to the Belt Tension Chart in Section V for the correct gauge and tension value for the belt width used.



An alternate method (deflection method) can be used to check belt tension by applying 110 N [25 lbf] force between the pulleys on v-belts. If the deflection is more than one belt thickness per foot of pulley center distance, the belt tension **must** be adjusted.

Refer to Section A for adjustment procedures.

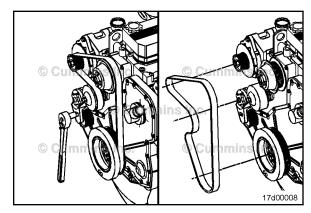


For cogged belts, **make sure** that the belt tension gauge is positioned so that the center tensioning leg is placed directly over the high point (hump) of a cog. Other positioning will result in incorrect measurement.

# Fan Hub, Belt Driven Maintenance Check

Remove the drive belt.





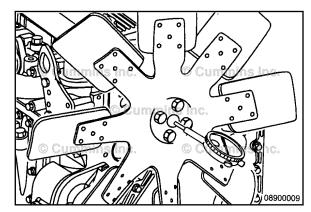
**NOTE:** The fan hub **must** rotate without any wobble or excessive end play.

Check the fan hub bearing.

Fan Hub End Play			
mm		in	
0.15	MAX	0.006	





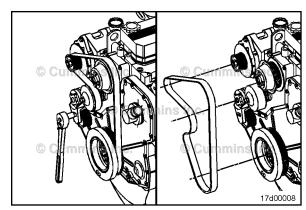


# **Drive Belt, Cooling Fan** Remove

Lift the tensioner to remove the drive belt.

**NOTE:** The belt tensioner is spring-loaded and **must** be pivoted away from the drive belt. Pivoting in the wrong direction can result in damage to the belt tensioner.





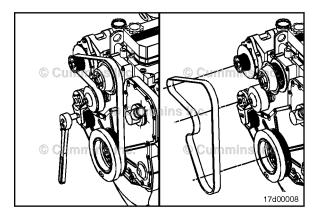
#### Install

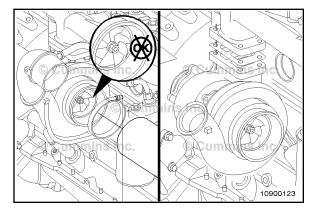
Lift and hold the belt tensioner. Install the drive belt and release the tensioner.

**NOTE:** The belt tensioner is spring-loaded and **must** be pivoted away from the drive belt. Pivoting in the wrong direction can result in damage to the belt tensioner.

Service Tip: If difficulty is experienced installing the drive belt (i.e., the belt seems too short), position the belt over the grooved pulleys first then while holding the tensioner up, slide the belt over the water pump pulley.









# **Turbocharger Inspect for Reuse**

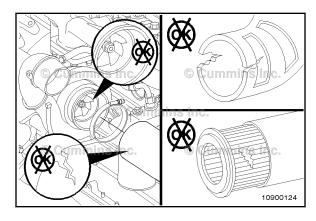


Remove the intake pipe from the turbocharger.

Inspect the turbocharger compressor impeller blades for damage.



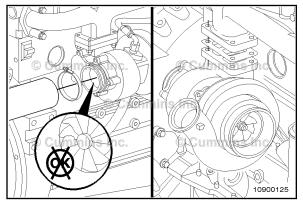
Replace the turbocharger if damage is found. Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Location for replacement.





If the compressor impeller is damaged, inspect the intake piping and filter element for damage.

Repair any damage before operating the engine.





Remove the exhaust pipe from the turbocharger.

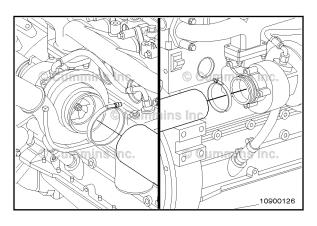
Inspect the turbine wheel for damage.



Replace the turbocharger if damage is found. Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Location for replacement.









Install the intake pipe and tighten the clamp.

Install the exhaust pipe and tighten the clamp.



Torque Value: 8 N·m [ 71 in-lb ]

# Section 7 - Maintenance Procedures at 2000 Hours or 2 Years

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## Maintenance Procedures - Overview General Information

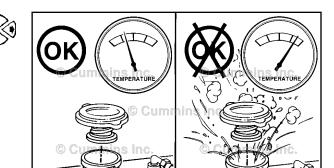
All maintenance checks and inspections listed in previous maintenance intervals **must** also be performed at this time, in addition to those listed under this maintenance interval.

# Cooling System Drain

# **A**WARNING **A**

Do not remove the pressure cap from a hot engine. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50°C [120°F] before removing the pressure cap. Heated coolant spray or steam can cause personal injury.

Remove the pressure cap.



# **A**WARNING **A**

Coolant is toxic. Keep away from children and pets. If not reused, dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.

A drain pan with a capacity of 19 liters [5 gal] will be adequate for most applications.

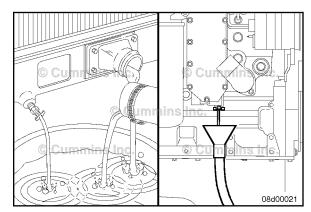
Drain the cooling system by opening the drain valve on the radiator and removing the plug in the bottom of the water inlet hose.

After the cooling system is completely drained, close the drain valves.

Check for damaged hoses and loose or damaged hose clamps. Replace as required.

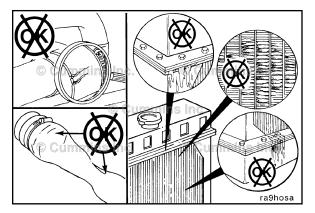
Check the radiator for leaks, damage, and buildup of dirt. Clean and replace as required.

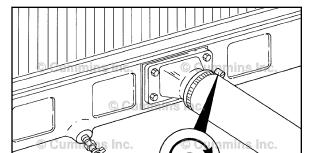














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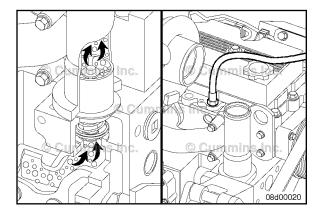
#### Fill

Close the radiator draincocks.

Install the lower radiator hose(s).

Tighten the hose clamps.

Torque Value: 5 N·m [ 44 in-lb ]



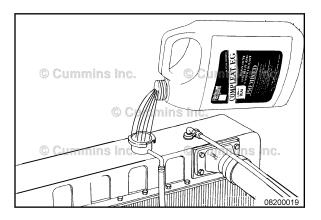
The system is designed to use a specific quantity of coolant. If the coolant level is low, the engine will operate at a higher than normal temperature.

If the addition of coolant is necessary, the engine or system has a leak. Find and repair the leak.

The system has a designed fill rate of 19 liters [5 gal] per minute.



Cummins Inc. recommends Fleetguard® Compleat ES™ heavy duty coolant. It is available in glycol forms (ethylene and propylene) and complies with ASTM D6210 (EG) and ASTM D6211 (PG) specifications.



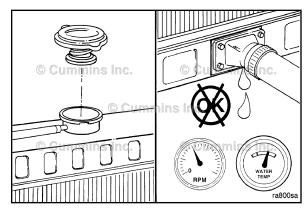
Fill the cooling system with heavy-duty coolant and install the correct service filter (if equipped).

Install the pressure cap. Operate the engine until the coolant reaches a temperature of 80°C [176°F] and check for coolant leaks.

Check the coolant level again to make sure that the system is full of coolant or that the coolant level has risen to the hot level in the recovery bottle on the system, if so equipped.







# **A**WARNING **A**

Do not stand near the surge tank or radiator while operating the engine with the pressure cap off. If the vehicle is equipped with a fill door on side of the surge tank, keep it closed due to coolant expansion.

Low silicate antifreeze **must** be mixed with quality water at a 50/50 ratio (40 to 60 percent working range). A 50/50 mixture of antifreeze and water gives a -37°C [-34°F] freeze point and a boiling point of 109°C [228°F].

The actual lowest freeze point of ethylene glycol antifreezes is at 68 percent, The use of higher concentrations of antifreeze will raise the freeze point of the solution and increase the possibility of a silicate gel problem.

Remove the pressure cap.

Fill the cooling system to the capacity or level stated in the OEM service manual using a mixture of 50 percent water and 50 percent ethylene glycol or propylene glycol antifreeze.

Open all coolant flow valves to equipment heating systems. See the OEM service manual for valve locations.

Wait 2 to 3 minutes, without starting the engine, to allow the coolant level to stabilize.

Add a 50/50 mixture to bring the coolant level back to FULL.

Turn all cab heater switches to HIGH in order to allow maximum coolant flow through heater core(s). The blower does **not** have to be on.

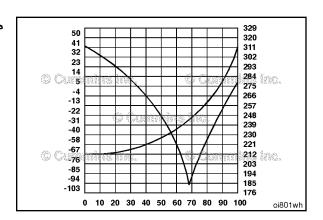
With the pressure cap off:

- Operate the engine at LOW Idle for 2 minutes.
- Shut the engine OFF and add coolant to bring the level back to FULL, using a 50/50 mixture.

With the pressure cap off:

 Operate the engine at LOW IDLE for 1 minute to allow adequate oil pressure to build throughout the engine.





#### Flush

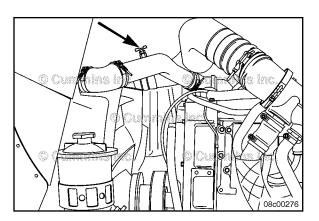


Do not use caustic cleaners in the cooling system. Aluminum components will be damaged.

The cooling system **must** be clean to work correctly and to eliminate buildup of harmful chemicals.



Fleetguard® Restore™ is a heavy-duty cooling system cleaner that removes corrosion, silica gel, and other deposits. The performance of Fleetguard® Restore™ is dependent on time, temperature, and concentration levels. An extremely scaled or flow-restricted system, for example, can require higher concentrations of cleaners, higher temperatures, longer cleaning times, or the use of Restore Plus™. Up to twice the recommended concentration levels of Fleetguard® Restore™ can be used safely. Fleetguard® Restore Plus™ must be used only at its recommended concentration level. Extremely scaled or fouled systems can require more than one cleaning.



#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

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Fleetguard® Restore™ contains no antifreeze. Do not allow the cooling system to freeze during the cleaning operation.

# $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

Opening the manual bleed valve on applicable installations is critical. Failure to do so can result in engine damage.

**NOTE:** Some applications can have a manual bleed valve that is required to be opened to properly fill the system. The upper radiator pipe is a common location for bleed valves. The illustration is for reference **only**.

If applicable, open the manual bleed valve before filling the cooling system.

Once filled, close the manual bleed valve.

# **A**WARNING **A**

Do not stand near the surge tank or radiator while operating the engine with the pressure cap off. If the vehicle is equipped with a fill door on the side of the surge tank, keep it closed due to coolant expansion.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Fleetguard® Restore™ contains no antifreeze. Do not allow the cooling system to freeze during the cleaning operation.

# $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

Opening the manual bleed valve on applicable installations is critical. Failure to do so can result in engine damage.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

The system must be filled properly to prevent air locks or serious engine damage can result. During filling, air must be purged from the engine coolant passages. Make sure to open the petcock on the aftercooler for aftercooled engines. Wait 2 to 3 minutes to allow the air to be vented; then add the mixture to bring the coolant level to the top.

**NOTE:** Some applications can have a manual bleed valve that is required to be opened to properly fill the system. The upper radiator pipe is a common location for bleed valves. The illustration is for reference **only**.

If applicable, open the manual bleed valve before filling the cooling system.

Once filled, close the manual bleed valve.

**NOTE:** Add 3.8 liters [1 gal] of Fleetguard®, Restore<sup>™</sup>, Restore Plus<sup>™</sup>, or equivalent for each 38 to 57 liters [10 to 15 gal] of cooling system capacity.

Fill the cooling system to the capacity or level stated in the OEM service manual.

Use plain water.

Open all coolant flow valves to equipment heating systems. See the OEM service manual for valve locations.

Wait 2 to 3 minutes, without starting the engine, to allow the coolant level to stabilize.

Add plain water to bring the level back to FULL.

Turn all cab heater switches to HIGH in order to allow maximum coolant flow through the heater core(s). The blower does **not** have to be ON.

With the pressure cap off:

- Operate the engine at LOW IDLE for 2 minutes.
- Shut the engine OFF and add plain water to bring the level back to FULL.

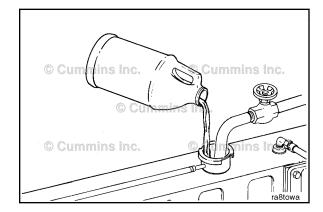
With the pressure cap off:

- Operate the engine at LOW IDLE for 1 minute to allow adequate oil pressure to build throughout the engine.
- Operate the engine at HIGH IDLE until the thermostat opens.

Operate the engine at low idle 2 minutes before shutting it down. This allows adequate cool down of pistons, cylinders, bearings, and turbocharger components.

Shut the engine OFF and check the coolant level according to the OEM service manual recommendations and add coolant, if necessary, to bring it back to the FULL level.

Install the pressure cap.





## **A**WARNING **A**

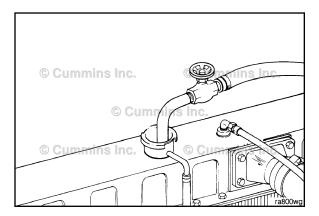
Do not remove the pressure cap from a hot engine. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50°C [120°F] before removing the pressure cap. Heated coolant spray or steam can cause personal injury.



Coolant is toxic. Keep away from children and pets. If not reused, dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Operate the engine at normal operating temperatures, at least 85°C [185°F], for 1 to 1 ½ hours.

Shut the engine OFF allow to cool to 50°C [122°F], and drain the cooling system.





### **A**WARNING **A**

Do not stand near the surge tank or radiator while operating engine with the pressure cap OFF. If the vehicle is equipped with fill door on the side of the surge tank, keep it closed due to coolant expansion.

Remove the pressure cap.

Fill the cooling system to the capacity or level stated in the OEM service manual.

Open all coolant flow valves to equipment heating systems. See the OEM service manual for valve locations.

Wait 2 to 3 minutes without starting the engine to allow the system to naturally purge entrained air and the coolant level to stabilize.

Add plain water to bring the level back to FULL.

Turn all cab heater switches to HIGH in order to allow maximum coolant flow through the heater core(s). The blower **must** be turned ON.

With the pressure cap off:

- Operate the engine at LOW IDLE for 2 minutes.
- Shut the engine OFF and add plain water to bring the level back to FULL.

With the pressure cap off:

- Operate the engine al LOW Idle for 1 minute to allow adequate oil pressure to build throughout the engine.
- Operate the engine at HIGH Idle until the thermostat opens.

Continue to operate the engine at HIGH idle for 5 minutes with the coolant temperature above 85°C [185°F].

Allow the engine to idle 2 minutes before shutting it down. This allows adequate cool down of pistons, cylinders, bearings, and turbocharger components.

## **A**WARNING **A**

Do not remove the pressure cap from a hot engine. Wait until the coolant temperature is below 50°C [120°F] before removing the pressure cap. Heated coolant spray or steam can cause personal injury.

## **A**WARNING **A**

Coolant is toxic. Keep away from children and pets. If not reused, dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Shut the engine OFF. Allow it to cool to 50°C [122°F], and drain the cooling system.

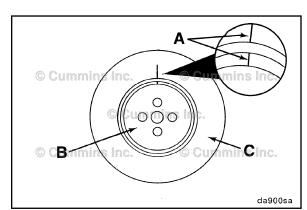
If the water being drained is still dirty, the system **must** be flushed again, until the drained water is clean.

## Vibration Damper, Rubber Inspect for Reuse

Check the index lines (A) on the damper hub (B) and the inertia member (C). If the lines are more than 1.59 mm [1/16 in] out of alignment, replace the damper.

Inspect the vibration damper hub (B) for cracks. Replace the damper if the hub is cracked.

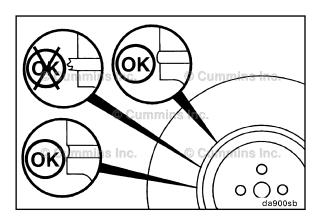




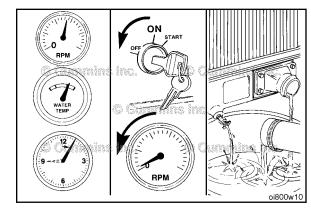
Inspect the rubber member for deterioration. If pieces of rubber are missing or if the elastic member is more than 3.18 mm [1/8 in] below the metal surface, replace the damper.

**NOTE:** Also look for forward movement of the damper ring on the hub. Replace the damper if any movement is detected.

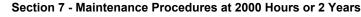








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## Vibration Damper, Viscous Inspect

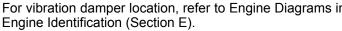
## $oldsymbol{\Delta}$ CAUTION $oldsymbol{\Delta}$

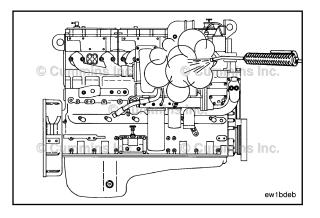
The silicone fluid in the vibration damper will become solid after extended service and will make the damper inoperative. An inoperative vibration damper can cause major engine or drivetrain failures.

Check the vibration damper for evidence of fluid loss, dents, and wobble. Inspect the vibration damper thickness for any deformation or raising of the damper cover plate.

If any of these conditions are identified, contact your local Cummins Authorized Repair Location to replace the vibration damper.

For vibration damper location, refer to Engine Diagrams in







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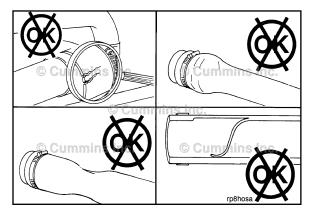
## **Engine Steam Cleaning** Clean

## **A** WARNING **A**

When using a steam cleaner, wear safety glasses or a face shield, as well as protective clothing. Hot steam can cause serious personal injury.

Steam is the best method of cleaning a dirty engine or a piece of equipment. If steam is not available, use a solvent to wash the engine.

Protect all electrical components, openings, and wiring from the full force of the cleaner spray nozzle.





## **Radiator Hoses Maintenance Check**

Check all hoses for cracks, cuts, or collapsing.

NOTE: The silicone engine coolant hose will exhibit swelling due to the elasticity of the hose.

If damage is found, replace damaged hoses. Contact your local Cummins Authorized Repair Location.

## Air Compressor Discharge Lines General Information

All air compressors have a small amount of lubricating oil carryover that lubricates the piston rings and moving parts. When this lubricating oil is exposed to normal air compressor operating temperatures over time, the lubricating oil will form varnish or carbon deposits. If the following maintenance check are not performed, the air compressor piston rings will wear and not seal correctly.

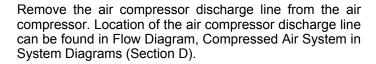
#### Maintenance Check

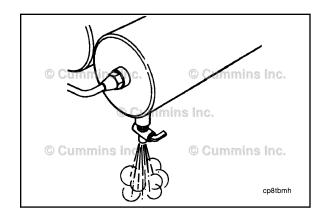


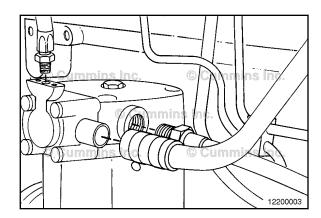
Wear appropriate eye and face protection when using compressed air. Flying debris and dirt can cause personal injury.

Shut off the engine.

Open the drain valve on the wet tank to release the system air pressure.





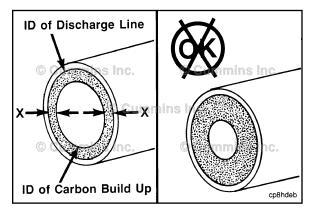


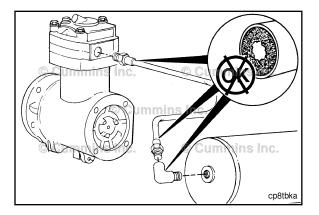
Measure the total carbon deposit thickness inside the air discharge line as shown. If the total carbon deposit (X + X) exceeds 2 mm [1/16 in], clean and inspect the cylinder head, the valve assembly, and the discharge line. Replace if necessary. Contact the Cummins Authorized Repair Location for procedures.





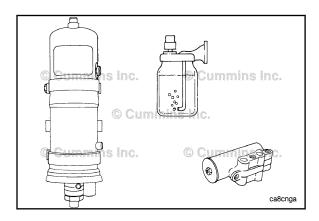






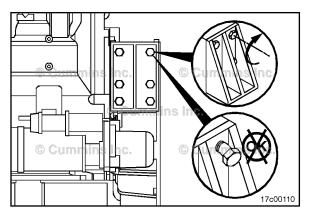


If the total carbon deposit exceeds specifications, continue checking the air discharge line connections up to the first tank until total carbon deposit is less than 2 mm [1/16 in]. Clean or replace any lines or connections that exceed this specification.





Inspect any air driers, splitter valves, pressure relief valves, and alcohol injectors for carbon deposits or malfunctioning parts. Inspect for air leaks. Maintain and repair the parts according to the manufacturer's specifications.





## Engine Mounting Bolts Maintenance Check



## $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$



Damaged engine mounts and brackets can cause engine misalignment. Driveline component damage can result in vibration complaints.



Inspect all rubber-cushioned mounts for cracks or damage.

Inspect all mounting brackets for cracks or damaged bolt holes.

Check the torque on the engine-mounting nuts and bolts. Tighten any that are loose. Refer to the equipment manufacturer for torque specifications.

# Section 8 - Maintenance Procedures at 5000 Hours or 4 Years

## **Section Contents**

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General Information	8-1
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Finishing Steps	8-3
Preparatory Steps	8-1

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## Maintenance Procedures - Overview General Information

All maintenance checks and inspections listed in previous maintenance intervals **must** also be performed at this time, in addition to those listed under this maintenance interval.

## Overhead Set Preparatory Steps

Remove the crankcase breather tube, rocker lever cover mounted breather **only**.

Remove the variable geometry turbocharger actuator air supply line, if equipped.

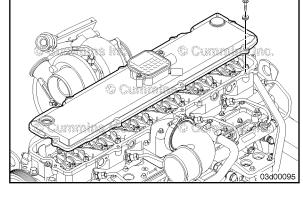
Remove the capscrews.

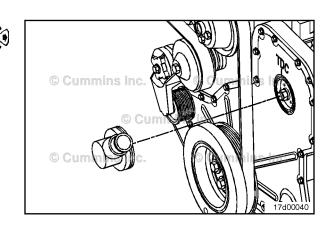
Remove the rocker lever cover and gasket.

**NOTE:** Rocker lever cover configurations will be different based upon if the cover is center bolted or perimeter bolted. The rocker lever cover can also be taller if the engine is equipped with engine brakes.

Remove the plastic fuel pump drive cover located on the front of the engine.





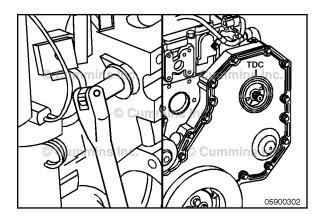


### **Adjust**

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Engine coolant temperature should be less than 60°C [140°F].

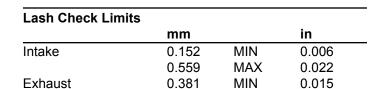
Use barring tool, Part Number 3824591, or equivalent. Rotate the crankshaft to align the top dead center marks on the gear cover and the fuel pump gear.



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Section 8 - Maintenance Procedures at 5000 Hours or 4 Years

With the engine in this position, lash can be checked on the following rocker arms: 1I, 1E, 2I, 3E, 4I, and 5E.

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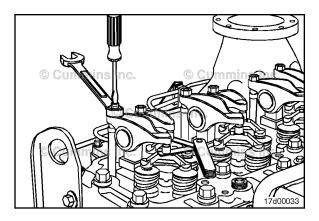
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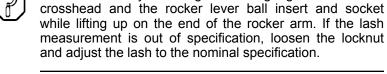
**NOTE:** Lash checks are performed as part of a troubleshooting procedure, and resetting is **not** required during checks as long as the lash measurements are within the above limits.

Measure lash by inserting a feeler gauge between the

MAX

0.032



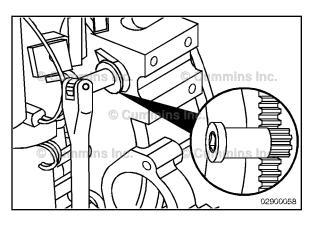


Lash Reset Specifications				
	mm		in	
Intake	0.305	NOM	0.012	
Exhaust	0.559	NOM	0.022	

**NOTE:** Lash resets are **only** required at the interval specified in the Maintenance Schedule, when lash is measured and found out of specification, or when engine repairs cause removal of the rocker arms and/or loosening of the adjusting screws.

Tighten the locknut and measure again.

Torque Value: 24 N·m [ 212 in-lb ]





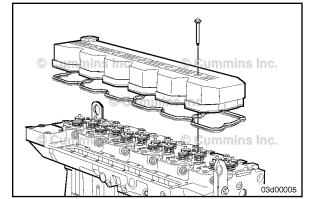
Use the barring tool, Part Number 3824591, or equivalent, and rotate the crankshaft 360 degrees and measure lash for rocker arms 2E, 3I, 4E, 5I, 6I, and 6E. Reset the lash, if out of specification.

### **Finishing Steps**

#### **Center Bolted Rocker Lever Cover**

Place the gasket on the cylinder head. Be sure the gasket is properly aligned around the cylinder head capscrews. Install the rocker lever cover and capscrews.





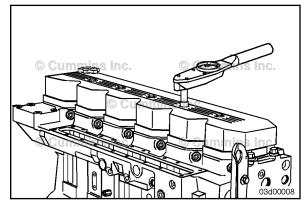
Tighten the capscrews.

Torque Value: 12 N·m [ 106 in-lb ]







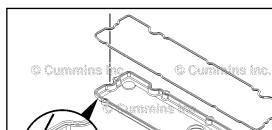


#### **Perimeter Bolted Rocker Lever Cover**

**NOTE:** If the gasket has been removed from the rocker lever cover, a new gasket **must** be used.

The following installation procedure **must** be used when installing the press-in gasket.

- 1 Press the molded gasket into the corners of the rocker lever cover.
- 2 Press the gasket around the capscrew mounting holes.
- 3 Press the remaining gasket into the rocker lever cover.

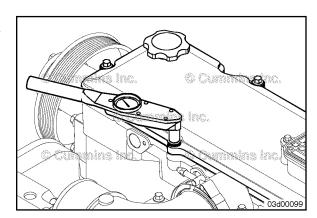


Install the rocker lever cover and capscrews.

Torque Value: 12 N·m [ 106 in-lb ]

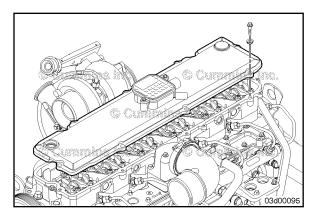






Install the crankcase breather tube, rocker lever cover mounted breather **only**.

Install the variable geometry turbocharger actuator air supply line, if equipped.





## **Engine Brake Preparatory Steps**

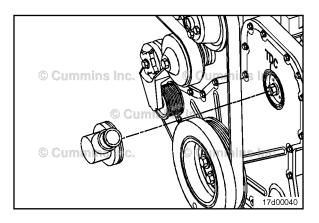
Remove the crankcase breather tube, rocker lever cover mounted breather **only**.

Remove the variable geometry turbocharger actuator air supply line, if equipped.

Remove the capscrews.

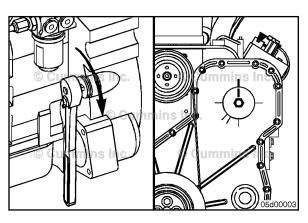
Remove the rocker lever cover and gasket.

**NOTE:** Rocker lever cover configurations will be different based upon if the cover is center bolted or perimeter bolted. The rocker lever cover can also be taller if the engine is equipped with engine brakes.





Remove the plastic fuel pump drive cover located on the front of the engine.



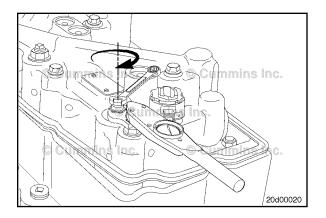
### **Adjust**

Using the barring tool, Part Number 3824591, rotate the crankshaft to align the mark on the fuel pump gear with the top dead center mark on the gear cover.

#### QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section 8 - Maintenance Procedures at 5000 Hours or 4 Years

When the engine is in the top dead center position, brake lash can be set on cylinders 1, 3, and 5.

Using two wrenches, hold the adjusting nut and loosen the lock nuts on the brake at cylinders 1, 3, and 5.

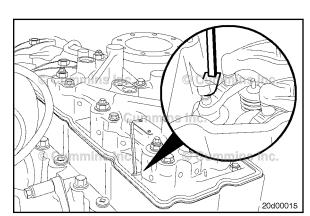


#### Brake Lash - Feeler Gauge Method

Insert the appropriate brake lash feeler gauge between the brake slave piston and exhaust crosshead pin on cylinder number 1.

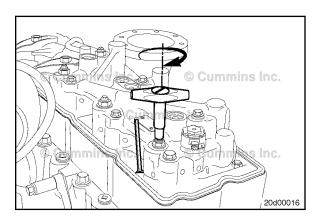
Brake Lash - Feeler Gauge		
Tool Part No.	Lash Specification	
3163681	2.286 mm [0.090 in]	

**NOTE:** If the correct size feeler gauge is **not** available, there is an alternate dial indicator method for setting the brake lash following in this procedure.



Using the 6 in-lb torque wrench, Part Number 3376592, tighten the adjusting nut until the torque wrench "clicks," or until drag is felt on the feeler gauge.

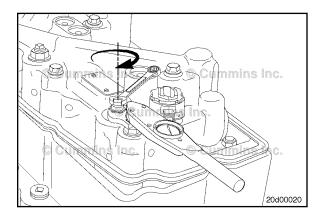




Remove the feeler gauge. Using two wrenches, hold the adjusting nut and tighten the locknut.

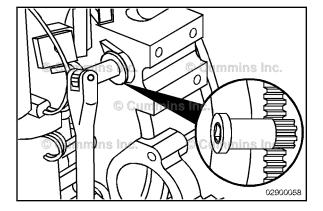
**Torque Value:** 35 N·m [ 25 ft-lb ] Repeat for cylinders 3 and 5.





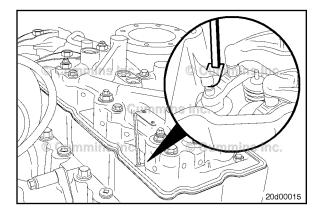
## Engine Brake Page 8-6

## QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section 8 - Maintenance Procedures at 5000 Hours or 4 Years



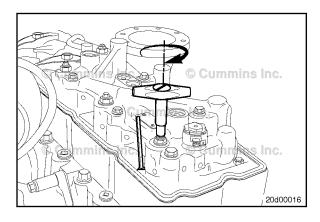
Using the engine barring tool, Part Number 3824591, rotate the crankshaft 360 degrees to align the mark on the fuel pump gear with the mark on the gear cover that is 180 degrees away from top dead center.

When the engine is in position, brake lash can be set on cylinders 2, 4, and 6.



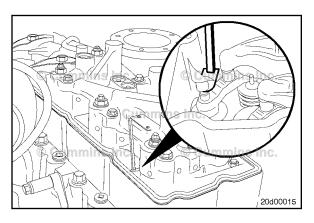
Insert the appropriate brake lash feeler gauge between the brake the brake sleeve piston and the exhaust crosshead pin on cylinder number 2.

Brake Lash - Feeler Gauge	
Tool Part No.	Lash Specification
3163681	2.286 mm [0.090 in]





Using the 6 in-lb torque wrench, Part Number 3376592, tighten the adjusting nut until the torque wrench "clicks," or until drag is felt on the feeler gauge.



Remove the feeler gauge. Using two wrenches, hold the adjusting nut and tighten the locknut.

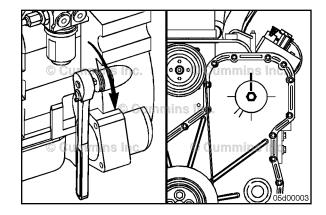
**Torque Value:** 35 N•m [ 25 ft-lb ] Repeat for cylinders 4 and 6.

20d00017

#### QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section 8 - Maintenance Procedures at 5000 Hours or 4 Years

The following method can be used instead of the feeler gauge method if a feeler gauge of the proper size is **not** available.

Using the barring tool, Part Number 3824591, rotate the crankshaft to align the mark on the fuel pump gear with the top dead center mark on the gear cover.



#### Brake Lash - Dial Indicator

Tighten the backlash adjusting nut on cylinder 1 until resistance is felt. Place the dial indicator tip on the adjusting nut and zero the dial indicator. Turn the lash adjusting nut in a **counterclockwise** direction until the appropriate lash is reached.

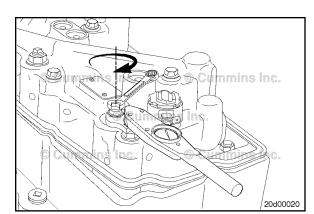
#### Measurements

	mm	in
Brake Lash	2.286	0.090
Specification		

Using two wrenches, hold the adjusting nut and tighten the locknut.

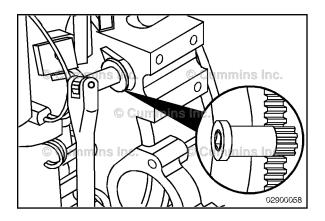
**Torque Value:** 35 N•m [ 25 ft-lb ] Repeat for cylinders 3 and 5.





Using the engine barring tool, Part Number 3824591, rotate the crankshaft 360 degrees to align the mark on the fuel pump gear with the mark on the gear cover that is 180 degrees away from top dead center.

When the engine is in position, brake lash can be set on cylinders 2, 4, and 6.



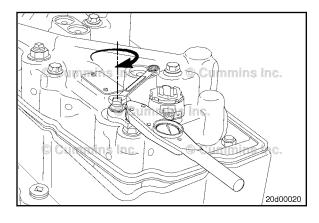
#### Section 8 - Maintenance Procedures at 5000 Hours or 4 Years

Brake Lash - Dial Indicator

Tighten the backlash adjusting nut on cylinder 2 until resistance is felt. Place the dial indicator tip on the adjusting nut and zero the dial indicator. Turn the lash adjusting nut in a **counterclockwise** direction until the appropriate lash is reached.

#### Measurements

	mm	in
Brake Lash	2.286	0.090
Specification		

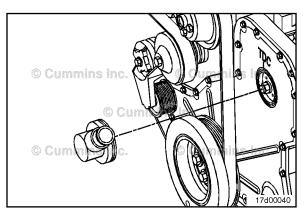




20d00017

Using two wrenches, hold the adjusting nut and tighten the locknut.

**Torque Value:** 35 N•m [ 25 ft-lb ] Repeat for cylinders 4 and 6.



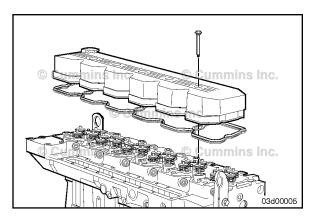


### **Finishing Steps**

#### **Center Bolted Rocker Lever Cover**



Install the plastic fuel pump drive cover located on the front of the engine





Place the gasket on the cylinder head. Be sure the gasket is properly aligned around the cylinder head capscrews.

Install the rocker lever cover and capscrews.

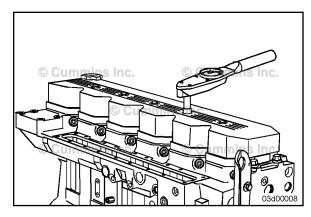
Tighten the capscrews.

Torque Value: 12 N·m [ 106 in-lb ]







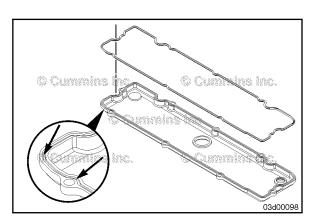


#### **Perimeter Bolted Rocker Lever Cover**

**NOTE:** If the gasket has been removed from the rocker lever cover, a new gasket **must** be used.

The following installation procedure **must** be used when installing the press-in gasket.

- 1 Press the molded gasket into the corners of the rocker lever cover.
- 2 Press the gasket around the capscrew mounting holes.
- 3 Press the remaining gasket into the rocker lever cover.

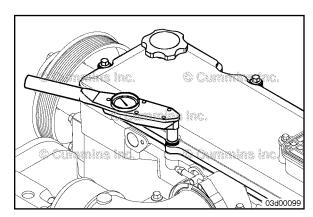


Install the rocker lever cover and capscrews.

Torque Value: 12 N·m [ 106 in-lb ]







Install the crankcase breather tube, rocker lever cover mounted breather **only**.

Install the variable geometry turbocharger actuator air supply line, if equipped.

Notes

## Section A - Adjustment, Repair, and Replacement

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	QSC8.3 and QSL9
Section A - Adjustment, Repair	r, and Replacement

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## **Lubricating Oil Dipstick** Calibrate

## **A**WARNING **A**

Some state and federal agencies have determined that used engine oil can be carcinogenic and can cause reproductive toxicity. Avoid inhalation of vapors, ingestion, and prolonged contact with used engine oil. If not reused, dispose of in accordance with local environmental regulations.

## A WARNING A

To reduce the possibility of personal injury, avoid direct contact of hot oil with your skin.

Install the dipstick in the dipstick tube housing.



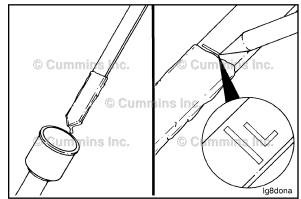
#### $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$ Use care when marking the dipstick. The dipstick will break if the scribe mark is too deep.

Remove the dipstick and scribe a mark across the stick at the oil level. Label the mark with an L to indicate the "LOW" oil level.

NOTE: If a new blank dipstick is being used, cut the dipstick off approximately 38 mm [1.5 in] below the LOW oil level mark.





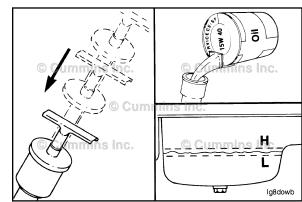


Wipe off the dipstick and install it in the dipstick tube housing.









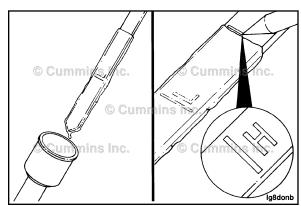
## $oldsymbol{\Delta}$ CAUTION $oldsymbol{\Delta}$

Use care when marking the dipstick. The dipstick will break if the scribe mark is too deep.

Remove the dipstick and scribe a mark across the stick at the oil level. Label the mark with an H to indicate the HIGH oil level.

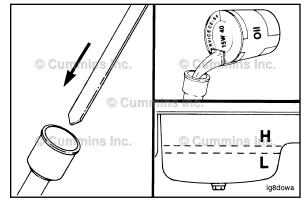


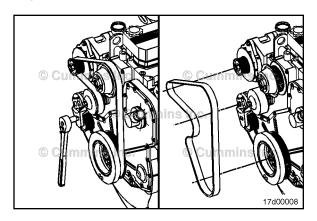










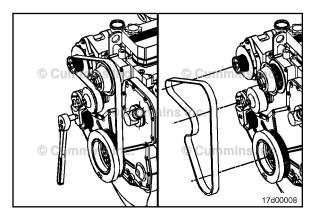




## Drive Belt, Cooling Fan Remove

Lift the tensioner to remove the drive belt.

**NOTE:** The belt tensioner is spring-loaded and **must** be pivoted away from the drive belt. Pivoting in the wrong direction can result in damage to the belt tensioner.



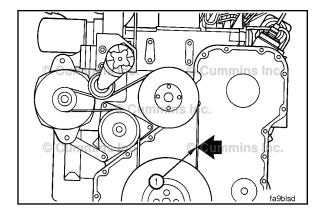


#### Install

Lift and hold the belt tensioner. Install the drive belt and release the tensioner.

**NOTE:** The belt tensioner is spring-loaded and **must** be pivoted away from the drive belt. Pivoting in the wrong direction can result in damage to the belt tensioner.

Service Tip: If difficulty is experienced installing the drive belt (i.e., the belt seems too short), position the belt over the grooved pulleys first then while holding the tensioner up, slide the belt over the water pump pulley.



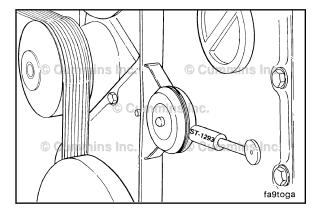


## Belt Tensioner, Automatic (Water Pump)

#### **Initial Check**

Check the belt deflection at the longest span of the belt. The deflection **must** be checked at the center (1) of the span.

The maximum deflection allowed in the belt is 9.5 to 12.7 mm [3/8 to 1/2-in].





Use belt tensioner gauge, Part Number ST-1293, to measure the tension in the drive belt.

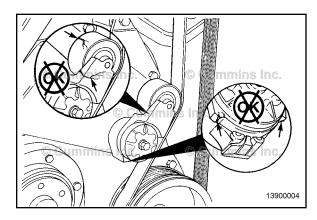
Belt Tension			
N		lbf	
356	MIN	80	
534	MAX	120	

If the measurement is out of the specified range, replace **only** the belt and perform the tension test again. If the measurement is still outside of the specified rang after the new belt has been installed, replace the belt tensioner.

#### QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section A - Adjustment, Repair, and Replacement

Check the tensioner arm, pulley, and stops for cracks. If any cracks are observed, the tensioner **must** be replaced.

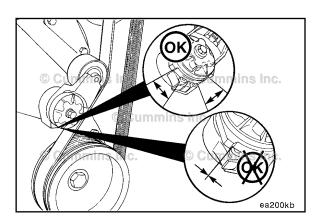




With the belt installed, verify that neither tensioner arm stop is in contact with the spring casing stop. If either stop is touching, replace the drive belt. Refer to Procedure 008-002 in Section 8.

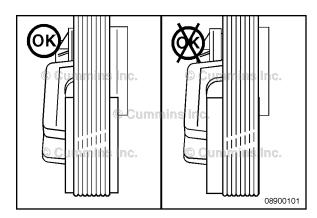
After replacing the belt, if the tensioner arm stops are still in contact with the spring case stop, replace the tensioner.





Check the location of the drive belt on the belt tensioner pulley. The belt **must** be centered on, or close to the middle of, the pulley. Misaligned belts, either too far forward or backward, can cause belt wear, belt roll-off failures, or increase uneven tensioner bushing wear.





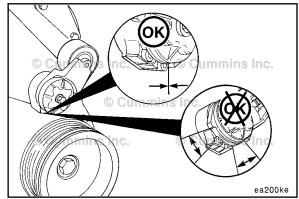
Remove the drive belt. Refer to Procedure 008-002 in Section 8.

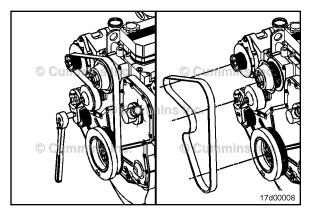
With the belt removed, verify that the tensioner arm stop is in contact with the spring case stop. If they are **not** touching, the tensioner **must** be replaced.











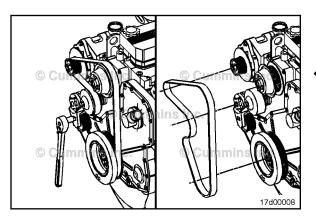


## Drive Belt, Alternator Remove



Lift the belt tensioner to relieve tension on the belt and remove the drive belt.

Refer to Procedure 008-002.

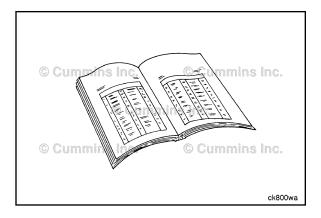




#### Install

**NOTE:** If difficulty is experienced installing the drive belt (i.e., the belt seems too short), position the belt over the grooved pulleys first and then, while holding the tensioner up, slide the belt over the water pump pulley.

Lift and hold the belt tensioner. Install the drive belt and release the tensioner.





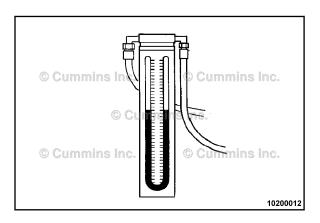
#### **Preparatory Steps**



Batteries can emit explosive gases. To reduce the possibility of personal injury, always ventilate the compartment before servicing the batteries. To reduce the possibility of arcing, remove the negative (-) battery cable first and attach the negative (-) battery cable last.

Remove and tag all wires and complete the following steps:

Disconnect the ground cable from the battery terminal.





## Charge-Air Cooler Pressure Test

Mercury Manometer, Part Number ST-1111-3

Preferred Method

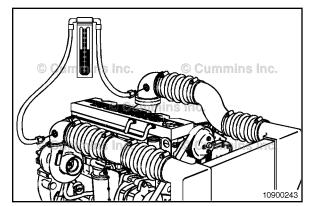
Measure the charge air cooler system pressure drop with a mercury manometer.

#### QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section A - Adjustment, Repair, and Replacement

Install one end of a mercury manometer, Part Number ST-1111-3, in the 1/8-inch fitting in the turbocharger compressor outlet elbow.

Install the other end of the mercury manometer in the intake manifold.





Operate the engine at rated rpm and load. Record the readings on the manometer.

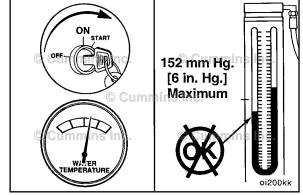
If the differential pressure is greater than 152 mm Hg [6 in Hg], check the charge air cooler and associated piping for plugging, restrictions, or damage.

Clean or replace, if necessary.









Pressure Gauge, Part Number ST-1273

Optional Method

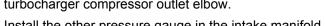
Obtain two pressure gauges, Part Number ST-1273. Check both gauges on the same pressure source at 206 kPa [30 psi] to maintain consistency.

Install one pressure gauge in the 1/8-inch fitting in the turbocharger compressor outlet elbow.

Install the other pressure gauge in the intake manifold.







Operate the engine at rated rpm and load. Record the readings on the two gauges.

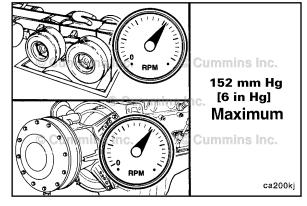
If the differential pressure is greater than 152 mm Hg [6 in Hgl, check the charge air cooler and associated piping for plugging, restrictions, or damage.

Clean or replace, if necessary.

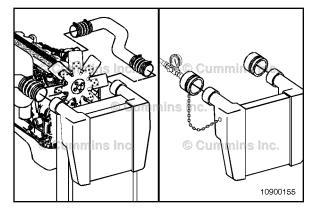








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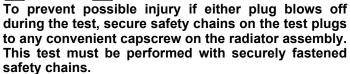




#### **Leak Test**

### **A**WARNING **A**

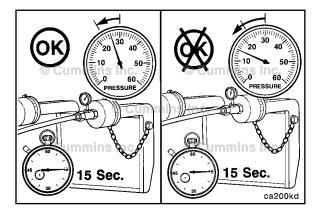






To check the charge air cooler for cracked tubes or header, remove the inlet and outlet hoses from the cooler. The charge air cooler does **not** have to be removed from the chassis.

Install a plug or cap over the outlet side of the cooler. Install a pressure gauge and a regulated shop air supply line with a shutoff valve to the inlet side of the cooler.

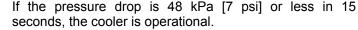




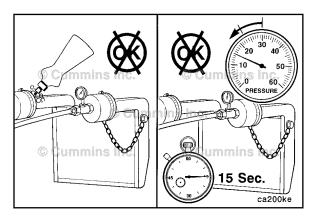
Apply air pressure to the cooler until the pressure gauge reads a steady 207 kPa [30 psi] of air pressure.



Shutoff the air flow to the cooler, and start a stopwatch at the same time. Record the leakage at 15 seconds.



If the pressure drop is greater than 48 kPa [7 psi] in 15 seconds, check all connections again.





Determine if the pressure drop is caused by a leak in the charge air cooler or by a leaky connection. Use a spray bottle filled with soapy water applied to all hose connections, and watch for bubbles to appear at the location of the leak.



If the pressure drop is caused by a leaky connection, repair the connection, and repeat the test. If the leak is within the charge air cooler, repeat the test to verify the accuracy of the pressure drop measurement. Similar pressure drop readings **must** be obtained at least three consecutive tests before the reading can be considered accurate

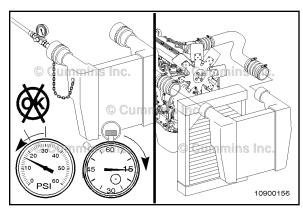
**NOTE:** If a charge air cooler leaks more than 48 kPa [7 psi] in 15 seconds, it will appear as a major leak in a leak tank.

If the pressure drop is greater than 48 kPa [7 psi] in 15 seconds, the charge air cooler **must** be replaced.

Refer to the equipment manufacturer's service manual for replacement instructions.

**NOTE:** Charge air coolers are **not** designed to be 100-percent leak-free. If the pressure drop is less than 48 kPa [7 psi] in 15 seconds, then the charge air cooler does **not** need to be replaced.



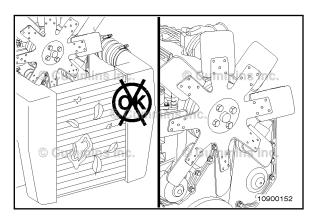


#### **Temperature Differential Test**

Inspect the charge air cooler fins for obstructions to air flow. Remove obstructions such as a winterfront or debris. Manually lock shutters in the OPEN position, if equipped.

Lock the fan drive in the ON mode to prevent erratic test results. This can be done by installing a jumper wire across the temperature switch.



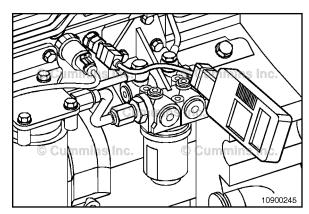


Install fluke digital thermometer, Part Number 3822666, into the intake manifold at the 1/8-inch NPT tap near the air horn connection with the intake manifold.

Another alternative is to use the monitor mode on the INSITE  $^{\text{TM}}$  electronic service tool.

Install another thermocouple at the air cleaner inlet to measure ambient air temperature.





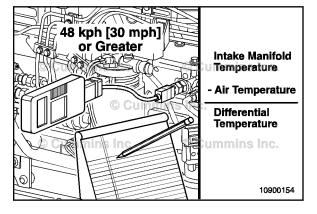
Perform a road test with the engine at peak power and a vehicle speed of 48 kph [30 mph] or greater.

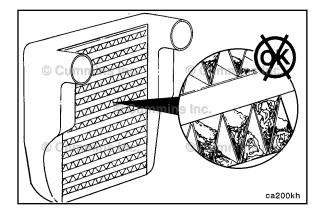
Record the intake manifold temperature and the ambient air temperature.

Calculate the differential temperature:

- Intake Manifold Temperature minus Ambient Air Temperature equals Differential Temperature
- Maximum Differential Temperature equals 28°C [50°F].

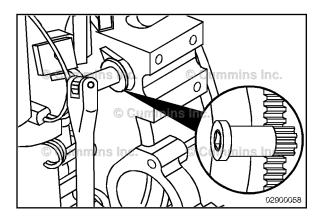








If the temperature differential is greater than the specifications, check the charge air cooler for dirt and debris on the fins and clean as necessary. If the problem still exists, check the charge air cooler for debris in the fins or between the charge air cooler and radiator. Confirm full fan engagement.





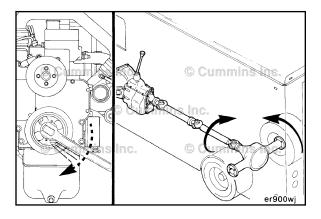
## Starting Motor Rotation Check

If the starting motor solenoid is making a sound but the engine is **not** rotating, turn the keyswitch to the OFF position, and attempt to bar the crankshaft in both directions.

Bar the engine using the barring tool, Part Number 3824591.

If the crankshaft will bar over, attempt to start the engine. If the starting motor cranks the engine, check the starting motor pinion gear and flywheel ring gear for damage.

If damage to the starting motor pinion gear and/or flywheel ring gear is found when replacing the components, make sure to measure the distance from the starting motor mounting flange to the forward face of the front side of the flywheel ring gear. Follow the measure step of this procedure .





If the crankshaft does **not** rotate or requires more than the normal effort to bar, check for an internal malfunction or a problem with the drive unit and/or accessories.

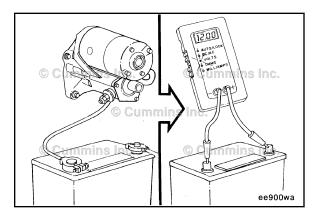
#### QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section A - Adjustment, Repair, and Replacement

If the engine cranking speed is too slow or will **not** crank at all, and the engine rotates freely:

make sure the wiring connections are clean, tight and **not** damaged

check the battery voltage. Refer to Procedure 013-007.

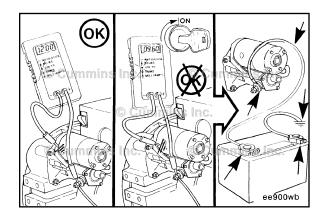




Check the voltage at the starting motor during cranking. If the voltage drops more than 2.4 VDC on a 12-VDC system, or 4.8 VDC on a 24-VDC system, check that all connections are clean and tight.

If the cables are correct and the voltage drop exceeds the limit, replace the starting motor.





### **Preparatory Steps**



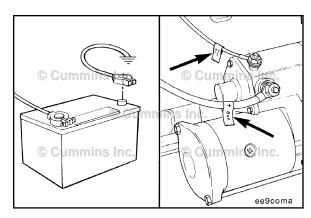
Batteries can emit explosive gases. To reduce the possibility of personal injury, always ventilate the compartment before servicing the batteries. To reduce the possibility of arcing, remove the negative (-) battery cable first and attach the negative (-) battery cable last.

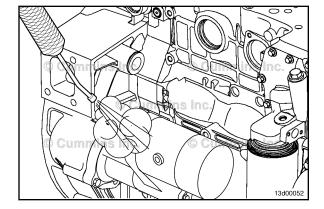
Disconnect the battery cables from the battery terminals. Refer to Procedure 013-009.

Identify each wire with a tag indicating its location on the starting motor.

Remove the electrical connections from the starting motor.









### **A**WARNING **A**

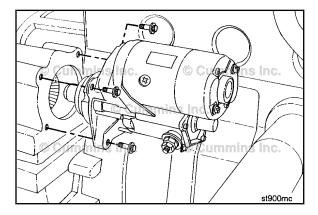
When using a steam cleaner, wear safety glasses or a face shield, as well as protective clothing. Hot steam can cause serious personal injury.



Wear appropriate eye and face protection when using compressed air. Flying debris and dirt can cause personal injury.

Prior to removing the starter, use steam to clean the area around the starting motor to prevent debris from entering the flywheel housing.

Dry with compressed air.



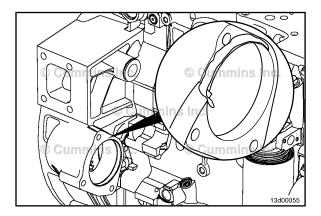


#### Remove

Remove the three capscrews and the starting motor.

If equipped with a System Integration Module relay, remove the relay support bracket from the starting motor mounting capscrew.

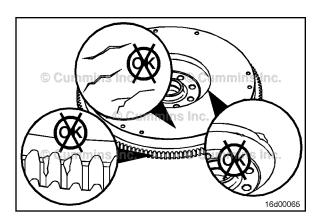
If equipped with a starting motor spacer, remove the spacer and clean all surfaces between the starting motor, starting motor spacer, and flywheel housing with a wire brush.





### Clean and Inspect for Reuse

For engines that use wet flywheel housing, clean any left over sealant from the starting motor mounting flange on both the flywheel housing and starting motor. Make sure these surfaces are clean of oil and debris.





Inspect the starting motor pinion gear and/or flywheel ring gear for chipping or uneven wear.

**NOTE:** If the start motor pinion gear and/or flywheel ring gear teeth are damaged, they **must** be replaced.

Refer to Procedure 016-005.

#### Measure

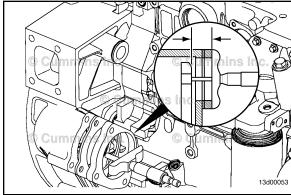
Use a depth micrometer or vernier caliper to measure the distance from the starting motor mounting flange to the forward face of the front side of the flywheel ring gear.

NOTE: Include any spacers previously removed when completing the measurement.

Starting Motor Spacing			
mm		in	
49.28	MIN	1.94	
52.32	MAX	2.06	

Add or remove spacers as necessary to achieve the correct starting motor spacing.





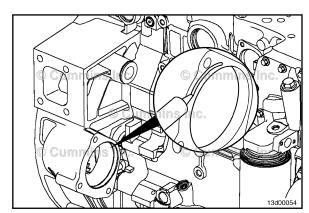
#### Install

For engines with wet flywheel housings, apply a 1.5 to 2.0 mm [0.06 to 0.09 in] wide bead of sealant, Part Number 3164067, to the flywheel housing starting motor mounting flange.

**NOTE:** If a starting motor spacer is required, make sure to apply sealant to the side of the spacer that contacts the starting motor.







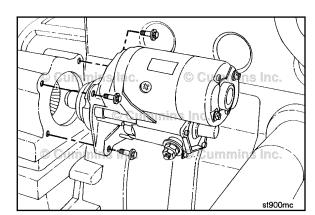
If equipped, install the System Integration Module relay support bracket mounting capscrews.

Install the three capscrews, the starting motor, and starting motor spacer (if required).

Torque Value: 43 N·m [ 32 ft-lb ]







## Finishing Steps

**Cummins Branded Starters** 



Do not overtighten the electrical connections. starting motor damage can result.

NOTE: Use the location tags to help identify where each wire connection goes.

Connect the electrical connections to the starting motor.

**Torque Value:** 

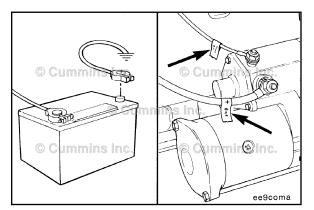
M5 4 N•m [ 35 in-lb ] M10 21 N•m [ 185 in-lb ]

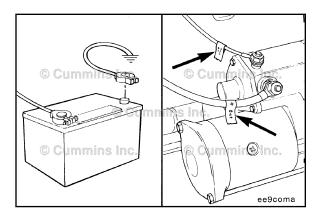
Connect the batteries. Refer to Procedure 013-009.













#### **Non-Cummins Branded Starters**

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$



Do not overtighten the electrical connections. starting motor damage can result.

**NOTE:** Use the location tags to help identify where each wire connection goes.

Connect the electrical connections to the starting motor.

For Non-Cummins branded starters, refer to the OEM manual for torque specifications.

Connect the batteries. Refer to Procedure 013-009.

## **Section D - System Diagrams**

## **Section Contents**

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General Information	
Flow Diagram, Cooling System	
General Information	
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General Information	

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## **System Diagrams - Overview**

#### **General Information**

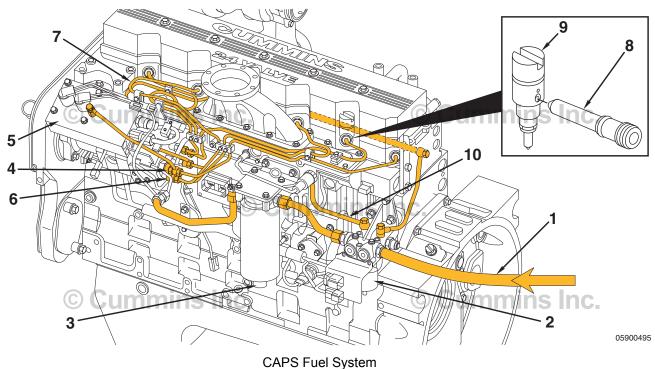
The following drawings show the flow through the engine systems. Although parts can change between different applications and installations, the flow remains the same. The systems shown are:

- · Fuel System
- · Lubricating Oil System
- Coolant System
- Intake Air System
- Exhaust System
- · Compressed Air System.

Knowledge of the engine systems can help you in troubleshooting, service, and general maintenance of your engine.

## Flow Diagram, Fuel System

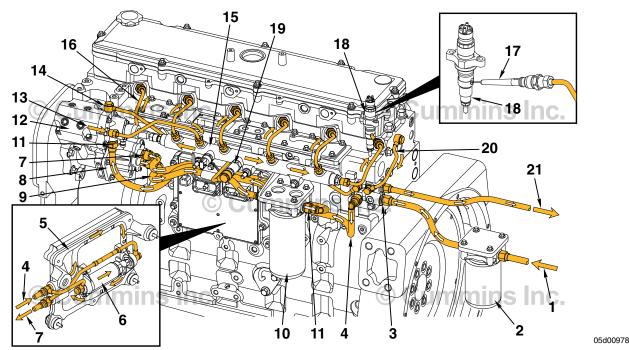
### **General Information**



- 1 Fuel from supply tank
- 2 Electronic lift pump
- 3 Fuel filter and water separator
- 4 Fuel drain line
- 5 CAPS injection pump
- 6 Distributor outlet fitting
- 7 High-pressure supply lines
- 8 Fuel connector
- 9 Injectors
- 10 Fuel return to supply tank

## Flow Diagram, Fuel System

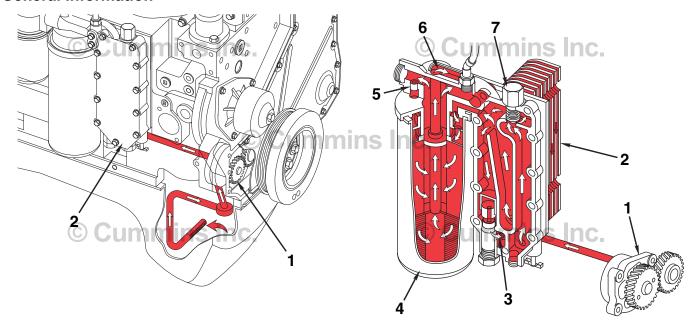
#### **General Information**



Cummins® Common Rail Fuel System

- 1 Fuel from supply tank
- 2 Fuel filter and water separator
- 3 OEM fuel supply connection
- 4 Fuel supply to ECM mounted fuel lift pump
- 5 ECM cooling plate
- 6 ECM mounted fuel lift pump
- 7 Fuel outlet from ECM mounted fuel lift pump
- 8 Fuel gear pump
- 9 Fuel from gear pump to fuel filter
- 10 Pressure side fuel filter
- 11 Fuel inlet to fuel pump actuator
- 12 High-pressure fuel pump
- 13 Fuel outlet from high-pressure pump
- 14 High-pressure pump drain flow connection
- 15 Fuel rail
- 16 High-pressure injector supply lines
- 17 High-pressure fuel connector
- 18 Fuel injector
- 19 Fuel pressure relief valve
- 20 Fuel injector drain flow line
- 21 Fuel return to supply tanks

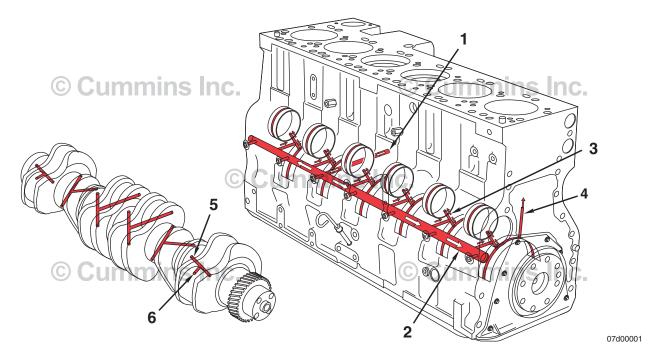
#### **General Information**



07d00183

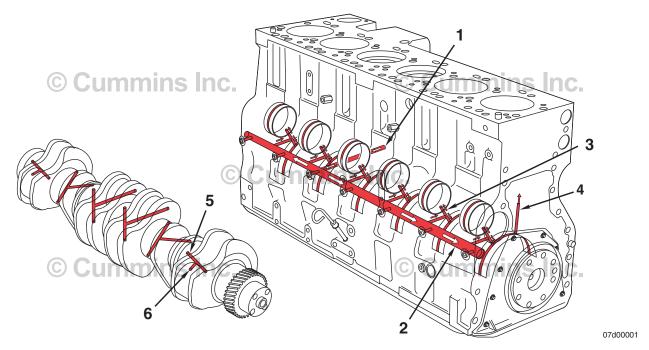
Lubricating Oil Cooler Flow

- 1 Gerotor lubricating oil pump
- 2 Lubricating oil cooler
- 3 Bypass oil to lubricating oil pan
- 4 Full flow lubricating oil filter
- 5 Filter bypass valve
- 6 From lubricating oil filter to main oil rifle
- 7 Oil thermostat



Lubrication for Power Components (ISC engines without CM850 Electronic Control Module)

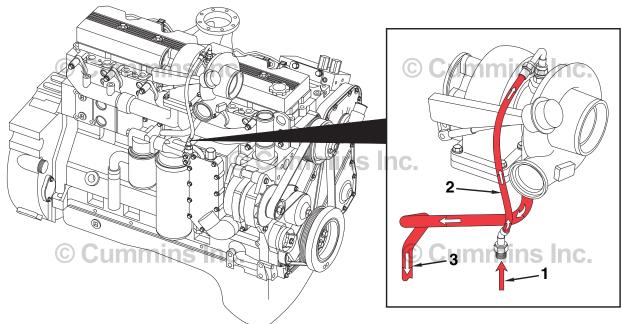
- 1 From lubricating oil cooler
- 2 Main lubricating oil rifle
- 3 To camshaft
- 4 To piston cooling nozzle
- 5 From main lubricating oil rifle
- 6 To connecting rod bearing.



**Lubrication for Power Components** 

- 1 From lubricating oil cooler
- 2 Main lubricating oil rifle
- 3 To camshaft
- 4 To piston cooling nozzle
- 5 From main lubricating oil rifle
- 6 To connecting rod bearing.

#### **General Information**

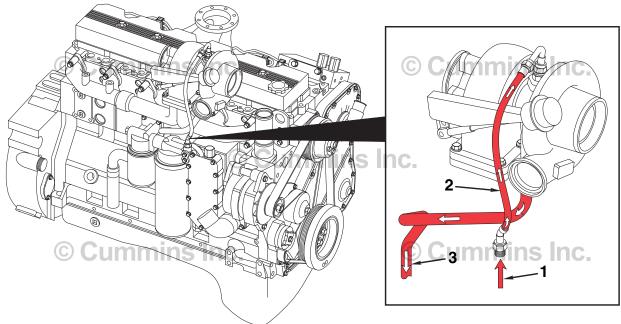


07d00184

Lubrication for Turbocharger (All Applications Except Marine)

- 1 Lubricating oil supply from filter
- 2 Turbocharger lubricating oil supply
- 3 Turbocharger lubricating oil drain

## **General Information**



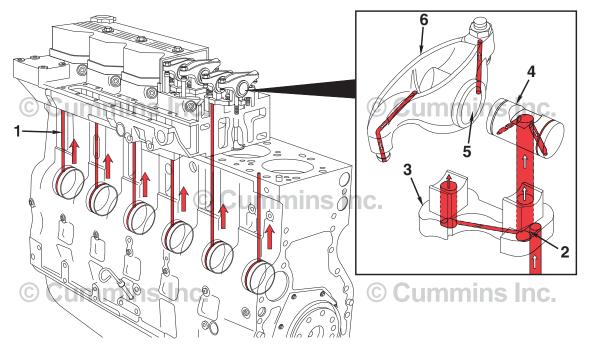
07d00184

Lubrication for Turbocharger

- 1 Lubricating oil supply from filter
- 2 Turbocharger lubricating oil supply
- 3 Turbocharger lubricating oil drain

07d00002

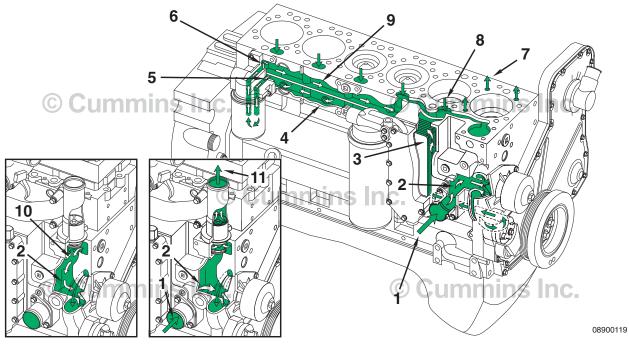
# Flow Diagram, Lubricating Oil System



Lubrication for the Overhead

- 1 From cam bushings
- 2 Transfer slot
- 3 Rocker lever support
- 4 Rocker lever shaft
- 5 Rocker lever bore
- 6 Rocker lever.

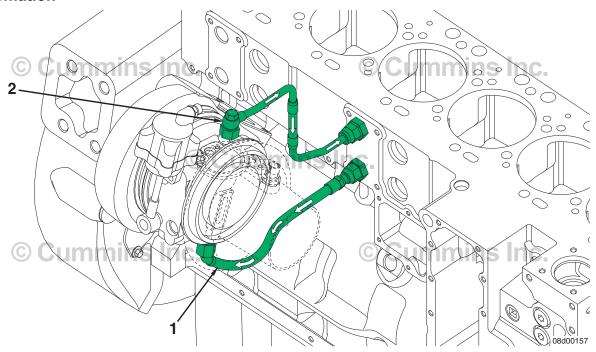
## Flow Diagram, Cooling System



All Applications

- 1 Coolant inlet from radiator
- 2 Water pump suction
- 3 Coolant flow through lubricating oil cooler
- 4 Block lower water manifold (to cylinders)
- 5 Coolant filter inlet (optional)
- 6 Coolant filter outlet (optional)
- 7 Coolant supply to cylinder head
- 8 Coolant return from cylinder head
- 9 Block upper water manifold
- 10 Thermostat bypass
- 11 Coolant return to radiator

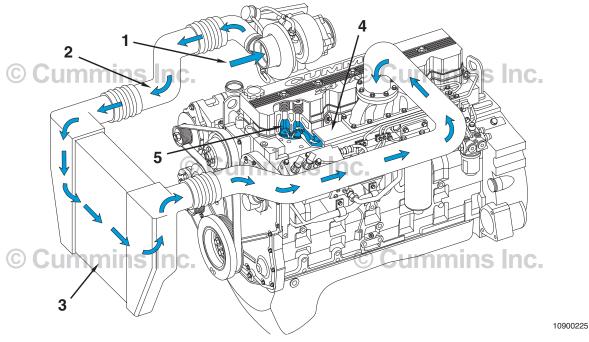
# Flow Diagram, Cooling System



All Applications Except Marine

- 1 Turbocharger coolant supply
- 2 Turbocharger coolant drain

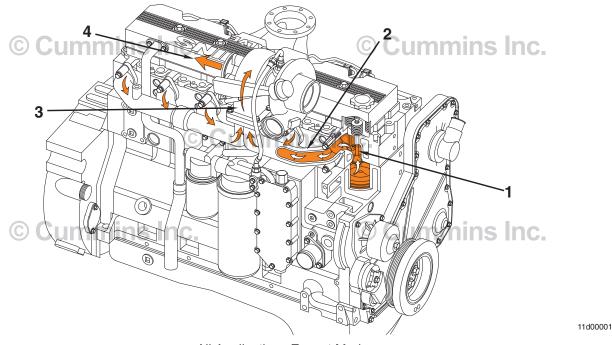
# Flow Diagram, Air Intake System



Charge Air Cooled Engines

- 1 Intake Air Inlet to Turbocharger
- 2 Turbocharger Air to Charge Air Cooler
- 3 Charge Air Cooler
- 4 Intake Manifold (integral part of cylinder head)
- 5 Intake Valve.

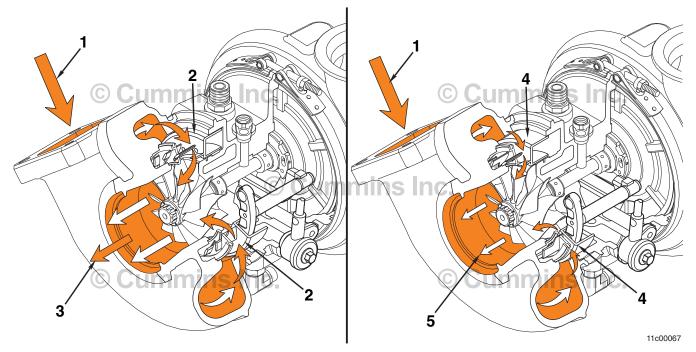
# Flow Diagram, Exhaust System



All Applications Except Marine

- 1 Exhaust valve
- 2 Exhaust manifold (pulse type)
- 3 Dual-entry turbocharger
- 4 Turbocharger exhaust outlet.

# Flow Diagram, Exhaust System



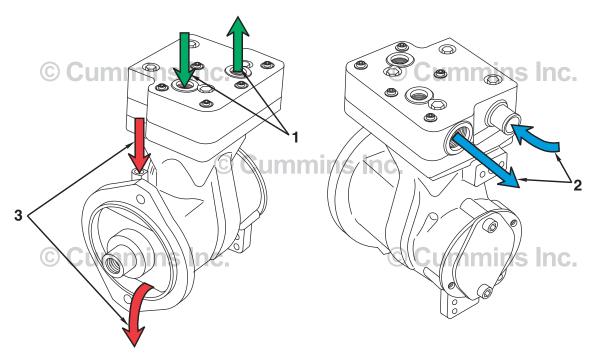
Variable Geometry Turbocharger

- 1 Exhaust in
- 2 Sliding nozzle open
- 3 Exhaust gas low velocity flow
- 4 Sliding nozzle closed
- 5 Exhaust gas high velocity flow

12d00033

# Flow Diagram, Compressed Air System

## **General Information**



1. Coolant

2. Air

3. Lubricant.

Notes

# **Section L - Service Literature**

## **Section Contents**

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Cummins Customized Parts Catalog	
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Ordering the Customized Parts Catalog	
Ordering by Telephone	
Ordering On-Line	L-3
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Contact Information	1-2

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## **Additional Service Literature**

## **General Information**

The following publications can be purchased.

Bulletin Number	Title of Publication		
3666271	Troubleshooting and Repair Manual, Electronic Control System, ISC, QSC8.3, and ISL Engines		
4021416	Troubleshooting and Repair Manual, ISB, ISBe2, ISBe3, ISBe4, QSB4.5, QSB5.9, QSB6.7, ISC, QSC8.3, ISL, ISLe3, ISLe4, and QSL9, CM850 Electronic Control System		
4021418	Troubleshooting and Repair Manual, ISC, ISCe, QSC8.3, ISL, ISLe3, ISLe4, and QSL9 Engines		
3666121	Holset® Air Compressors		
4022281	SmartCraft™ Marine Control System		
3666267	ISC CM554 Wiring Diagram		
3666395	QSC CM554 Wiring Diagram		
3666416	ISL CM554 Wiring Diagram		
3666478	QSL9 CM554 Wiring Diagram		
4021421	ISC and ISL CM850 Electronic Control Module Wiring Diagram		
4021524	QSB4.5, QSB6.7, QSC8.3 and QSL9 CM850 Electronic Control System Wiring Diagram		
4021598	ISLe4 CM850 Wiring Diagram		
4081885	QSL9 and QSC8.3 Marine CM850 Electronic Control Module with SmartCraft™ 1.0 Wiring Diagram		
4082045	SmartCraft™ 2.2 Zeus™ Wiring Diagram		
4082050	SmartCraft™ 2.2 Digital Throttle and Shift (DTS) Wiring Diagram		
4082051	SmartCraft™ 2.2 Non-Digital Throttle and Shift (Non-DTS) Wiring Diagram		
4082052	Asius System Wiring Diagram		
4021428	Operation and Maintenance Manual, ISC, ISCe, and ISL Engines		
4021518	Operation and Maintenance Manual, QSC8.3 and QSL9 Engines		
4021557	Operation and Maintenance Manual, ISLe3 and ISLe4		
4021571	Operation and Maintenance Manual, QSC8.3 and QSL9 Marine Engines		
4081893	CMD Smartcraft™ Diesel View Configuration and Operation Manual		
4081961	CMD System Speedometer and Tachometer Operation Manual		
4021481	Owners Manual, QSC8.3 and QSL9 Marine Engines		
4915536	Owners Manual, QSC8.3 and QSL9 Engines		
3379000	Air for Your Engine		
3379001	Fuel for Cummins® Engines		
3379009	Operation of Diesel Engines in Cold Climates		
3666132	Cummins® Coolant Requirements and Maintenance		
3810303	Parts Reuse Guidelines		
3810340	Cummins® Engine Oil and Oil Analysis Recommendations		
3884649	Marine Recreational B and C Installation Directions		
4021566	Fleetguard® Selective Catalytic Reduction - Urea Specifications		

# **Service Literature Ordering Location Contact Information**

Region Ordering Location
United States and Canada Cummins Distributors

or

Credit Cards at 1-800-646-5609

or

Order online at www.powerstore.cummins.com

All Other Countries Cummins Distributors or Dealers

## **Cummins Customized Parts Catalog**

#### **General Information**

Cummins is pleased to announce the availability of a parts catalog compiled specifically for you. Unlike the generic versions of parts catalogs that support general high volume parts content; Cummins Customized catalogs contains only the new factory parts that were used to build your engine.

The catalog cover, as well as the content, is customized with you in mind. You can use it in your shop, at your worksite, or as a coffee table book in your RV or boat. The cover contains your name, company name, address, and telephone number. Your name and engine model identification even appears on the catalog spine. Everybody will know that Cummins created a catalog specifically for you.

This new catalog was designed to provide you with the exact information you need to order parts for your engine. This will be valuable for customers that do not have easy access to the Cummins Electronic Parts Catalog or the Cummins Parts Microfilm System.

Additional Features of the Customized Catalog include:

- · Engine Configuration Data
- Table of Contents
- Separate Option and Parts Indexes
- Service Kits (when applicable)
- ReCon Part Numbers (when applicable)

#### Ordering the Customized Parts Catalog

#### Ordering by Telephone

North American customers can contact their Cummins Distributor or call Gannett Direct Marketing Services at 1-800-646-5609 and order by credit card. Outside North America order on-line or make an International call to Gannett at (++)502-454-6660.

#### **Ordering On-Line**

The Customized Parts Catalog can be ordered On-Line from the Cummins Powerstore by credit card.

Contact GDMS or the CUMMINS POWERSTORE for the current price; Freight may be an additional expense.

Information we need to take your Customized Parts Catalog Order. This information drives the cover content of the CPC.

- Customer Name
- · Street Address
- · Company Name (optional)
- Telephone no.
- · Credit Card No.
- · Cummins Engine Serial Number (located on the engine data plate)
- Please identify the required media: Printed Catalog, CD-ROM, or PDF File

Unfortunately not all Cummins Engines can be supported by this parts catalog. Engines older than 1984 or newer than 3 months may not have the necessary parts information to compile a catalog. We will contact you if this occurs and explain why we are unable to fill your order.

Customized Parts Catalogs are produced specifically for a single customer. This means they are not returnable for a refund. If we make an error and your catalog is not useable, we will correct that error by sending you a new catalog.

Notes

# **Section S - Service Assistance**

## **Section Contents**

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#### **Routine Service and Parts**

#### **General Information**

Personnel at Cummins Authorized Repair Locations can assist you with the correct operation and service of your system. Cummins has a worldwide service network of more than 5,000 Distributors and Dealers who have been trained to provide sound advice, expert service, and complete parts support. Check the telephone directory, refer to the directory in this section, or the Service Locator at www.cummins.com for the nearest Cummins Authorized Repair Location.

# **Emergency and Technical Service General Information**

The Cummins Customer Assistance Center provides a 24-hour, toll free telephone number to aid in technical and emergency service when a Cummins Authorized Repair Location can **not** be reached or is unable to resolve an issue with a Cummins product.

If additional assistance is required, call Toll-Free:

- 1-800-DIESELS
- (1-800-343-7357)
- Includes all 50 states, Bermuda, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, and the Bahamas.
- East Asia Customer Assistance Center also for Chinese Domestic Market support Toll-Free:
- 400-810-5252
- Outside of North America contact your Regional Office. Telephone numbers and addresses are listed in the International Directory.



## **Problem Solving**

#### General Information

Normally, any problem that arises with the sale, service, or repair of your engine can be handled by a Cummins Authorized Repair Location in your area. Refer to the telephone directory, the directory in this section, or the Service Locator at www.cummins.com for the nearest Cummins Authorized Repair Location. If the problem has **not** been handled satisfactorily, follow the steps outlined below:

- If the disagreement is with a Dealer, talk to the Cummins Distributor with whom he has his service agreement.
- If the disagreement is with a Distributor, call the nearest Cummins Division or Regional Office; however, most problems are solved below the Division or Regional office level. Telephone numbers and addresses are listed in this section. Before calling, write down the following information:
  - Engine model and serial number
  - Type and make of equipment
  - · Total kilometers [miles] or hours of operation
  - · Warranty start date
  - · Nature of problem
  - Summary of the current problem arranged in the order of occurrence
  - Name and location of the Cummins Distributor or Dealer
- If a problem can **not** be resolved satisfactorily through your Cummins Authorized Repair Location or Division Office, contact:
  - Cummins Customer Assistance Center 41403, Cummins Inc., Box 3005, Columbus, IN 47202-3005
  - Telephone: +1 800-diesels / +1 800-343-7357 (USA Only)

• Telephone: +1 812-377-3000 (International)

# **Division and Regional Offices - Locations**

Australia Regional Office (This office also serves New Zealand)	Cummins Engine Company Pty. Ltd., 2 Caribbean Drive Scoresby, Victoria, 3179, Australia, Telephone: (61-3) 9765-3222, Fax: (61-3) 9763-0079
Cummins Americas Regional Office (This office serves Puerto Rico and South America excluding Brazil)	Cummins Americas Inc., 3350 SW 148 Avenue, Suite 205, Miramar, FL, 33027, U.S.A, Telephone: [1-954] 431-5511, Fax: [1-954] 433-5797
China Beijing	Cummins (China) Investment Co. Ltd, 28F, Tower A, GATEWAY, No.18, Xiaguangli North Road, East Third Ring, Chaoyang District, Beijing, 100027, China, Telephone: [86-10] 84548888, Fax: [86-10] 67876347
Brazil	Cummins Brasil Ltda., Rua Jati, 26607180-900 Guarulhos, Sao Paulo, Brazil, Phone: [55-11] 6465-9811, Fax: [55-11] 6412-1483
Daventry (Africa, Middle East, Czech Republic)	Cummins Engine Company Ltd, Royal Oak Way South, Daventry, Northants, NN11 5NU, United Kingdom, Telephone: [44-1327] 886000, Fax: [44-1327] 886106
Dubai - United Arab Emirates	Cummins Middle East FZE, Units ZF 5/6Jebel Ali Free Zone, P.O.Box No 17636, Dubai, United Arab Emirates, Telephone: [971-4] 883 8998, Fax: [971-4] 883 7971
India - Pune	Cummins India Ltd., Kothrud, Pune, Maharashtra, 411029, India, Telephone: [91-20] 2538-5435 / 0240 / 1105, Fax: [91-20] 2538-0125
Korea - Seoul	Cummins Korea Ltd., 25th floor, ASEM tower,159-1, Samsung-Dong, Kangnam-ku, Seoul, 135-798, South Korea, Telephone: [82-2] 3420-0901, Fax: [82-2] 3452-4113 / 539-6569
SLP Mexico	Cummins, S. de R.L. de C.V., Arquimedes No. 209Col., Polanco, Mexico Distrito Federal, 11560, Mexico, Telephone: [52-5] 254-3822 / 3783 / 3622, Fax: [52-5] 254-3645
Russia - Moscow	Cummins Engine Company, Inc., Park Place, Office E708, 113/1 Leninskiy Prospect, Moscow, 117198, Russia, Telephone: [7-495] 956-51-22 / 23, Fax: [7-495] 956-53-62
Singapore	Cummins Diesel Sales Corporation, 8 Tanjong Penjuru, Singapore, 609019, Singapore, Telephone: [65] 6265-0155,

## **Distributors and Branches - United States**

Alabama	Birmingham	Cummins Mid-South, LLC 2200 Pinson Highway P.O. Box 1147 Birmingham, AL 35217 Telephone: (205) 841-0421 FAX: (205) 849-5926
Alabama	Mobile	Cummins Mid-South, LLC 1924 N. Beltline Hwy. Mobile, AL 36617 Telephone: (334) 456-2236 FAX: (334) 452-6419
Alaska	Anchorage	Cummins Northwest, Inc. 2618 Commercial Drive Anchorage, AK 99501-3095 Telephone: (907) 279-7594 FAX: (907) 276-6340
Arizona	Phoenix	Cummins Rocky Mountain, LLC 2239 N. Black Canyon Hgwy Phoenix, AZ 85009 Telephone: (602) 252-8021 FAX: (602) 253-6725
Arkansas	Little Rock	Cummins Mid-South, Inc. 6600 Interstate 30 Little Rock, AR 72209 Telephone: Sales: (501) 569-5600 Service: (501) 569-5656 Parts: (501) 569-5613 FAX: (501) 565-2199
California	San Leandro	Cummins West, Inc. 14775 Wicks Blvd. San Leandro, CA 94577-6779 Telephone: (510) 351-6101 FAX: (510) 352-3925
California	Arcata	Cummins West, Inc. 4751 West End Road Arcata, CA 95521 Telephone: (707) 822-7392 FAX: (707) 822-7585
California	Bakersfield	Cummins West, Inc. 4601 East Brundage Lane Bakersfield, CA 93307 Telephone: (805) 325-9404 FAX: (805) 861-8719
California	Fresno	Cummins West, Inc. 5333 N Cornelia Ave Fresno, CA 93722 Telephone: (559) 277-6760 FAX: (559) 277-6769

California	Redding	Cummins West, Inc. 20247 Charlanne Drive Redding, CA 96002 Telephone: (530) 222-4070 FAX: (530) 224-4075
California	Stockton	Cummins West, Inc. 5250 Claremont Ave Suite 204 Stockton, California 95207, USA Telephone: (209) 472-3460 FAX: (209) 472-3450
California	West Sacramento	Cummins West, Inc. 875 Riverside Parkway West Sacramento, CA 95605-1502 Telephone: (916) 371-0630 FAX: (916) 371-2849
California	Los Angeles	Cummins Cal Pacific Inc. 1939 Deere Avenue (Irvine) Irvine, CA 92606 Telephone: (949) 253-6000 FAX: (949) 253-6070
California	Montebello	Cummins Cal Pacific Inc. 1105 South Greenwood Avenue Montebello, CA 90640 Telephone: (323) 728-8111 FAX: (323) 889-7499
California	Bloomington	Cummins Cal Pacific Inc. 3061 S. Riverside Avenue Bloomington, CA 92316 Telephone: (909) 877-0433 FAX: (909) 877-3787
California	San Diego	Cummins Cal Pacific Inc. 310 N. Johnson Avenue El Cajon, CA 92020 Telephone: (619) 593-3093 FAX: (619) 593-0600
California	Ventura	Cummins Cal-Pacific Inc. 3958 Transport St. Ventura, CA 93003 Telephone: (805) 644-7281 FAX: (805) 644-7284
Colorado	Denver	Cummins Rocky Mountain, Inc. 8211 East 96th Ave Henderson, Colorado 80640 Telephone: (303) 287-0201 FAX: (303) 288-7080
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# **Section ES - Engine Storage**

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# **Engine Storage - Long Term**

## **General Information**

If the engine will be out of service longer than 6 months, special precautions **must** be taken. Follow the long term storage procedure in the base engine troubleshooting and repair manual or service manual or contact the nearest Cummins® Authorized Repair Location for additional information.

Notes	Ν	ote	es
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# **Section TS - Troubleshooting Symptoms**

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## **Troubleshooting Procedures and Techniques**

#### **General Information**

This guide describes some typical operating problems, their causes, and some acceptable corrections to those problems. Unless noted otherwise, the problems listed are those which an operator can diagnose and repair.

# **A**WARNING **A**

Performing troubleshooting procedures NOT outlined in this section can result in equipment damage or personal injury or death. Troubleshooting must be performed by trained, experienced technicians. Consult a Cummins Authorized Repair Location for diagnosis and repair beyond that which is outlined, and for symptoms not listed in this section. Before beginning any troubleshooting, refer to General Safety Instructions in Section i of this manual.

Follow the suggestions below for troubleshooting:

- · Study the complaint thoroughly before acting
- Refer to the engine system diagrams
- · Do the easiest and most logical things first
- Find and correct the cause of the complaint

# **Troubleshooting Symptoms Charts**

## **General Information**

Use the charts on the following pages of this section to aid in diagnosing specific symptoms. Read each row of blocks from top to bottom. Follow through the chart to identify the corrective action.

**A**WARNING **A** 

Troubleshooting presents the risk of equipment damage, personal injury or death. Troubleshooting must be performed by trained, experienced technicians.

## **Air Compressor Air Pressure Rises Slowly**

Cause

Correction

## STEP 1

Air intake system restriction to air compressor is excessive

Replace the air compressor air cleaner (if installed). Check the air intake piping. Check engine air intake restriction if the air compressor inlet is plumbed to the vehicle or equipment intake system. Refer to Procedures 010-059 and 010-028.

#### OK

Go To Next Step

## STEP 2

Air system leaks

Block the vehicle wheels and check the air system for leaks with spring brakes applied and released. Check for leaks from the air compressor gaskets and the air system hoses, fittings, tanks, and valves. Refer to the OEM service manual.

### OK

Go To Next Step

## STEP 3

Air governor is malfunctioning or **not** set correctly

Check the air governor for correct operation. Make sure the air governor is located less than 0.6 m [2 ft] from the air compressor. Refer to the OEM service manual.

#### OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 4

Carbon buildup is excessive in the air discharge line, check valve, or cylinder head

Check for carbon buildup. Replace the air compressor discharge line, if necessary. Refer to Procedures 012-014 and .

## OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 5

Air system component is malfunctioning

Check the operation of check valves, alcohol evaporators, air dryers, and other OEM-installed air system components. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

#### OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 6

Unloader valve is malfunctioning

Check the unloader valve and unloader body seal. Refer to the OEM service manual.

## OK

Go To Next Step

## STEP 7

## **Air Compressor Cycles Frequently**

Cause

STEP 1

OK

Air system leaks

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Air governor is malfunctioning or not set correctly

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Air system component is malfunctioning

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

E-type system is **not** plumbed correctly

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Carbon buildup is excessive in the air discharge line, check valve, or cylinder head

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Air compressor pumping time is excessive

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Air dryer outlet check valve is sticking

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Correction

Block the vehicle wheels and check the air system for leaks with spring brakes applied and released. Check for leaks from the air compressor gaskets and the air system hoses, fittings, tanks, and valves. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Check the air governor for correct operation. Make sure the air governor is located less than 0.6 m [2 ft] from the air compressor. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Check the operation of check valves, alcohol evaporators, air dryers, and other OEM-installed air system components. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

Install an Econ valve, a check valve, and system hoses. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Check for carbon buildup. Replace the air compressor discharge line, if necessary. Refer to Procedures 012-014 and 010-033.

Replace the desiccant cartridge on the Turbo/CR 2000 air dryer. Refer to the OEM service manual. Check the air compressor duty cycle. Install a larger air compressor, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Lubricate or replace the air dryer outlet check valve assembly. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

## **Air Compressor Noise is Excessive**

### Cause

## STEP 1

Carbon buildup is excessive in the air discharge line, check valve, or cylinder head

#### OK

## Go To Next Step

### STEP 2

Ice buildup in the air system components

#### OK

## Go To Next Step

### STEP 3

Air compressor mounting hardware is loose, worn, or broken

#### OK

## Go To Next Step

### STEP 4

Air compressor is sending air pulses into the air tanks

### OK

## Go To Next Step

## STEP 5

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

### Correction

Check for carbon buildup. Replace the air compressor discharge line, if necessary. Refer to Procedures 012-014 and 010-033.

For all models, check for ice in low spots of the air discharge line, dryer inlet, and elbow fittings. On Holset® models, also check the Econ valve (if equipped). Refer to the OEM instructions.

Check air compressor mounting hardware. Refer to Procedure 012-014.

Install a ping tank between the air dryer and the wet tank. Refer to the OEM instructions.

# Air Compressor Pumping Excess Lubricating Oil into the Air System Cause Correction

STEP 1

Lubricating oil drain interval is excessive

Verify the correct lubricating oil drain interval. Refer to Procedure 102-002.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Air intake system restriction to air compressor is excessive

Replace the air compressor air cleaner (if installed). Check the air intake piping. Check engine air intake restriction if the air compressor inlet is plumbed to the vehicle or equipment intake system. Refer to Procedure 010-058.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Contaminants are building up in the system reservoirs

Drain the reservoirs daily. Refer to Procedure 102-002.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

E-type system is **not** plumbed correctly

Install an Econ valve, a check valve, and system hoses. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Air compressor pumping time is excessive

Replace the desiccant cartridge on the Turbo/CR 2000 air dryer. Refer to the OEM service manual. Check the air compressor duty cycle. Install a larger air compressor, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Carbon buildup is excessive in the air discharge line, check valve, or cylinder head

Check for carbon buildup. Replace the air compressor discharge line, if necessary. Refer to Procedure 012-014 and 010-033.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Lubricating oil pressure is above specification

Check the oil pressure. Refer to the Lubricating Oil Pressure High symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Air compressor runs hot

If coolant temperature is above normal, refer to the Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Gradual Overheat symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 9

Air compressor pumping too high air pressure

Check the air governor for correct operation. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

# Air Compressor Pumping Excess Lubricating Oil into the Air System Cause Correction

**STEP 10** 

# Air Compressor Will Not Maintain Adequate Air Pressure (Not Pumping Continuously) Cause Correction

STEP 1
Air system leaks

Block the vehicle wheels and check the air system for leaks with spring brakes applied and released. Check for leaks from the air compressor gaskets and the air system hoses, fittings, tanks, and valves. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Air governor is malfunctioning or not set correctly

Check the air governor for correct operation. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

## **Air Compressor Will Not Stop Pumping**

Cause

Correction

STEP 1

Air system leaks

Block the vehicle wheels and check the air system for leaks with spring brakes applied and released. Check for leaks from the air compressor gaskets and the air system hoses, fittings, tanks, and valves. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Air governor is malfunctioning or **not** set correctly

Check the air governor for correct operation. Make sure the air governor is located less than 0.6 m [2 ft] from the air compressor. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Unloader valve is malfunctioning

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Air governor signal line or actuator line is plugged

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Air system component is malfunctioning

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Check the unloader valve and unloader body seal. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Inspect the signal line and actuator line. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

Check the operation of check valves, alcohol evaporators, air dryers, and other OEM-installed air system components. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

# Alternator Not Charging or Insufficient Charging Cause Correction

STEP 1

Vehicle gauge is malfunctioning

Check the vehicle gauge. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Alternator belt is loose

Check the alternator belt tension. Refer to Procedure 013-005.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Electrical system is "open" (blown fuses, broken wires, or loose connections)

Check the fuses, wires, and connections. Refer to the OEM service manual and the manufacturer's wiring diagrams.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Battery cables or connections are loose, broken, or corroded (excessive resistance)

Check the battery cables and connections.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Batteries have malfunctioned

Check the condition of the batteries. Replace the batteries, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Alternator or voltage regulator is malfunctioning

Test the alternator output. Replace the alternator or voltage regulator if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Alternator is overloaded, or alternator capacity is below specification

Install an alternator with a higher capacity. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

## **Alternator Overcharging**

Cause

Correction

STEP 1

Battery cell is damaged (open circuit)

Check the condition of the batteries. Replace the batteries, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Voltage regulator is malfunctioning

Check the voltage regulator. Replace the voltage regulator, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

## **Coolant Loss - External**

Cause

Correction

STEP 1
Coolant level is above specification

Check the coolant level. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

External coolant leak

Inspect the engine for coolant leaking from hoses, draincocks, water manifold, expansion and pipe plugs, fittings, radiator core, exhaust heat shield, heat exchanger, air compressor and cylinder head gaskets, lubricating oil cooler, water pump seal, and OEM-mounted components that have coolant flow.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Radiator cap is **not** correct, is malfunctioning, or has low-pressure rating

Check the radiator pressure cap. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Cooling system hose is collapsed, restricted, or leaking

Inspect the hoses. Refer to Procedure 008-018.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Coolant fill line is restricted or obstructed

Check the coolant fill line for restrictions or obstructions. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Engine is overheating

Refer to the Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Gradual Overheat and the Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Sudden Overheat symptom trees.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

# Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Gradual Overheat Cause Correction

#### STEP 1

Cold weather radiator cover or winterfront is closed

Open the cold weather radiator cover or the winterfront. Maintain a minimum of 384 cm<sup>2</sup> [60 in<sup>2</sup>] or approximately 19.6 x 19.6 cm [7.5 x 7.5 in] of opening at all times. Refer to .

### OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 2

Charge air cooler fins, radiator fins, or air conditioner condenser fins are damaged or obstructed with debris

Inspect the charge air cooler, air conditioner condenser, and radiator fins. Clean, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

#### OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 3

Coolant level is below specification

Inspect the engine and cooling system for external coolant leaks. Repair if necessary. Add coolant. Refer to Coolant Recommendations and Specification, Procedure 018-004.

## OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 4

Coolant mixture of antifreeze and water is **not** correct

Verify the concentration of antifreeze in the coolant. Add antifreeze or water to correct the concentration. Refer to Coolant Recommendations and Specification, Procedure 018-004.

## OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 5

Fan shroud is damaged or missing or the air recirculation baffles are damaged or missing

Inspect the shroud and the recirculation baffles. Repair, replace, or install, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

## OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 6

Fan drive belt is broken or loose

Check the fan drive belt. Replace the belt if necessary. Refer to Procedure 008-002.

### OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 7

Coolant temperature gauge is malfunctioning

Test the temperature gauge. Repair or replace the gauge, if necessary.

## OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 8

Radiator cap is **not** correct, is malfunctioning, or has low-pressure rating

Check the radiator pressure cap. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

# Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Gradual Overheat Cause Correction

STEP 9

Cooling system hose is collapsed, restricted, or leaking

Inspect the hoses. Refer to Procedure 008-018.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 10

Fill line or vent lines are restricted, obstructed, or **not** routed correctly

Check the vent lines and the fill line for correct routing and for restriction. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 11** 

Intake manifold air temperature is above specification

Refer to the Intake Manifold Air Temperature Above Specification symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 12** 

Lubricating oil level is above or below specification

Check the oil level. Add or drain oil, if necessary. Refer to Procedure 007-043.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 13** 

Thermostat is **not** correct or is malfunctioning

Check the thermostat for the correct part number and for correct operation. Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 14

Lubricating oil is contaminated with coolant or fuel

Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 15** 

Water pump is malfunctioning

Check the water pump for correct operation. Replace the water pump if necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 16** 

Radiator core is internally obstructed or damaged, or the check valve or J-tube is malfunctioning

Inspect the radiator and clean if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 17

Torque converter is malfunctioning

Check the torque converter. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

# Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Gradual Overheat Cause Correction

### **STEP 18**

Torque converter cooler or hydraulic oil cooler is malfunctioning

Remove and inspect the cooler cores and o-rings. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 19** 

Vehicle cooling system is not adequate

Verify that the engine and vehicle cooling systems are using the correct components. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 20** 

Engine is overfueled

Check the engine fuel rate. Refer to the Fuel Consumption Excessive symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 21** 

# Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Sudden Overheat Cause Correction

STEP 1

Coolant level is below specification

Inspect the engine and cooling system for external coolant leaks. Repair if necessary. Add coolant. Refer to Procedure 008-018.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Fan drive or fan controls are malfunctioning

Check the fan drive and controls. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Fan drive belt is broken or loose

Check the fan drive belt. Replace the belt if necessary. Refer to Procedure 008-002.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Cold weather radiator cover or winterfront is closed

Open the cold weather radiator cover or the winterfront. Maintain a minimum of 384 cm<sup>2</sup> [60 in<sup>2</sup>] or approximately 19.6 x 19.6 cm [7.5 x 7.5 in] of opening at all times. Refer to Procedure 101-004.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Radiator cap is **not** correct, is malfunctioning, or has low-pressure rating

Check the radiator pressure cap. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Charge air cooler fins, radiator fins, or air conditioner condenser fins are damaged or obstructed with debris

Inspect the charge air cooler, air conditioner condenser, and radiator fins. Clean, if necessary. Refer to Procedure 010-027.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Coolant temperature gauge is malfunctioning

Test the temperature gauge. Repair or replace the gauge, if necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Cooling system hose is collapsed, restricted, or leaking

Inspect the hoses. Refer to Procedure 008-018.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 9

Fill line or vent lines are restricted, obstructed, or **not** routed correctly

Check the vent lines and the fill line for correct routing and for restriction. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

# Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Sudden Overheat Cause Correction

**STEP 10** 

Thermostat is **not** correct or is malfunctioning

Check the thermostat for the correct part number and for correct operation. Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 11** 

## **Coolant Temperature Below Normal**

Cause

STEP 1

Coolant temperature gauge or sensor is malfunctioning

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Excessive coolant flow through OEM plumbing and heater cores

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Engine is operating at low ambient temperature

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Fan drive or fan controls are malfunctioning

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Thermostat is **not** correct or is malfunctioning

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Correction

Test the gauge and the sensor. Repair or replace, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Close valves to heater cores. Run engine. If engine operates at normal temperature, refer to the OEM service manual.

Check the winterfront, shutters, and under-thehood air. Use under-the-hood intake air in cold weather. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Check the fan drive and controls. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Check the thermostat for the correct part number and for correct operation. Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

# **Cranking Fuel Pressure is Low**

Cause Correction STEP 1 Tighten all fuel fittings and connections between Fuel connections on the low-pressure side of the the fuel tanks and the fuel pump. pump are loose OK Go To Next Step STEP 2 Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service Fuel level is low in the tank manual. OK Go To Next Step STEP 3 Check and repair the standpipe, if necessary. Fuel suction standpipe in the fuel tank is broken Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

restrictions. Refer to the OEM service manual.

**Engine Acceleration or Response Poor** Cause Correction STEP 1 Refer to Operating Instructions, Section 1. Operator technique is **not** correct OK Go To Next Step STEP 2 Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service Fuel level is low in the tank manual. OK Go To Next Step Check the vehicle brakes for dragging, STEP 3 transmission malfunction, cooling fan operation cycle time, and engine-driven units. Refer to the Vehicle parasitics are excessive OEM service manual. OK Go To Next Step Compare the drivetrain specifications to Cummins STEP 4 recommendations. Check the clutch for correct Clutch is malfunctioning or is **not** correct operation. Refer to the OEM service manual. OK Go To Next Step STEP 5 Check for correct gearing and drivetrain Drivetrain is **not** correctly matched to the engine components. Refer to the OEM service manual. OK Go To Next Step For instructions on how to read active fault codes. STEP 6 refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes in Section 1. If fault Electronic fault codes are active codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility. OK Go To Next Step Check the fuel lines, fuel connections, and fuel STEP 7 filters for leaks. Check the fuel lines to the supply Fuel leak tanks. Refer to the OEM service manual. OK Go To Next Step STEP 8 Refer to Intake Manifold Air Temperature Above Intake manifold air temperature is above Specification symptom tree. specification OK Go To Next Step STEP 9 Check the fuel supply line from the fuel pump to Fuel supply line restriction between the fuel pump the cylinder head for sharp bends that can cause

OK

Go To Next Step

and the injectors

## **Engine Acceleration or Response Poor**

Cause

Correction

**STEP 10** 

Charge air cooler is restricted or leaking

Inspect the charge air cooler for air restrictions or leaks. Refer to Procedure 010-027.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 11** 

Air intake or exhaust leaks

Check for loose or damaged piping connections and missing pipe plugs. Check the turbocharger and exhaust manifold mounting. Refer to Procedures 010-033.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 12** 

Air intake system restriction is above specification

Check the air intake system for restriction. Clean or replace the air filter and inlet piping as necessary. Refer to the Intake Manifold Air Temperature Above Specification symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 13** 

Fuel grade is **not** correct for the application or the fuel quality is poor

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 14

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Operate the engine from a tank of high-quality fuel. Refer to Fuel Recommendations and Specifications, Procedure 018-002.

# Engine Difficult to Start or Will Not Start (Exhaust Smoke) Cause Correction

STEP 1

Fuel level is low in the tank

Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes in Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Starting aid is necessary for cold weather or starting aid is malfunctioning

Check for the correct operation of the starting aid. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions. Refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes in Procedure 101-007 Section 1.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Engine block heater is malfunctioning (if equipped)

Check the electrical sources and wiring to the cylinder block heater. Replace the block heater, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Fuel heater is malfunctioning (if equipped)

Check the fuel heater and replace, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Battery voltage is low

Check the batteries and the unswitched battery supply circuit. Refer to Procedure 013-007 and the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Engine cranking speed is too slow

If the cranking speed is slower than 150 rpm, refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Vehicle parasitics are excessive

Check the vehicle brakes for dragging, transmission malfunction, cooling fan operation cycle time, and engine-driven units. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 9

Fuel leak

Check the fuel lines, fuel connections, and fuel filters for leaks. Check the fuel lines to the supply tanks. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

# Engine Difficult to Start or Will Not Start (Exhaust Smoke) Cause Correction

STEP 10
Air in the fuel system

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

OK Go To Next Step

Check the air intake system for restriction. Clean or replace the air filter and inlet piping as necessary. Refer to Intake Manifold Air Temperature Above Specification symptom tree.

STEP 11
Air intake system restriction is above specification

OK Go To Next Step

STEP 12
Fuel grade is **not** correct for the application or the fuel quality is poor

OK Go To Next Step

STEP 13
Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Operate the engine from a tank of high-quality fuel. Refer to Fuel Recommendations and Specifications, Procedure 018-002.

# Engine Difficult to Start or Will Not Start (No Exhaust Smoke) Cause Correction

STEP 1

Fuel level is low in the tank

Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes, Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

OEM engine protection system is malfunctioning

Isolate the OEM engine protection system. Follow the OEM service manuals to check for a malfunction.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Battery voltage is low

Check the batteries and the unswitched battery supply circuit. Refer to Procedure 013-007 and the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Battery voltage supply to the electronic control module (ECM) is low, interrupted, or open

Check the battery connections, the fuses, and the unswitched battery supply circuit. Refer to Procedure 013-009 and the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Air in the fuel system

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

**Engine Noise Excessive** Cause Correction STEP 1 Check the belt tension and tighten if necessary. Fan drive belt is loose OK Go To Next Step STEP 2 Check the fan. Refer to Procedure 008-040. Fan is loose, damaged, or not balanced OK Go To Next Step STEP 3 Isolate each component and check for noise. Refer Fan clutch, hydraulic pump, or refrigerant to the OEM service manual. compressor noise is excessive OK Go To Next Step Check for loose or damaged piping connections STEP 4 and missing pipe plugs. Check the turbocharger and exhaust manifold mounting. Refer to Air intake or exhaust leaks Procedure 010-033. OK Go To Next Step STEP 5 Inspect the air piping, chassis, and cab for contact Air intake or exhaust piping is contacting the points. Refer to the OEM service manual. chassis or cab OK Go To Next Step STEP 6 Check the oil level. Add or drain oil, if necessary. Refer to Procedure 007-043. Lubricating oil level is above or below specification OK Go To Next Step STEP 7 Refer to Lubricating Oil Contaminated symptom Lubricating oil is thin or diluted tree. OK Go To Next Step STEP 8 Check the oil pressure. If the pressure is low, refer Lubricating oil pressure is below specification toLubricating Oil Contaminated symptom tree. OK Go To Next Step STEP 9 Inspect the vibration damper. Refer to Procedure Vibration damper is damaged 001-051 or 001-052. OK Go To Next Step STEP 10 Refer to the Coolant Temperature Above Normal -

Gradual Overheat symptom tree.

OK

Coolant temperature is above specification

Go To Next Step

## **Engine Noise Excessive**

Correction Cause **STEP 11** Disconnect the drivetrain. Check for engine noise. Refer to the OEM service manual. Drivetrain noise is excessive OK Go To Next Step STEP 12 Check the engine mounts. Refer to the OEM Engine mounts are worn, damaged, or **not** correct service manual. OK Go To Next Step **STEP 13** Measure and adjust the overhead settings. Refer to Procedure 003-004. Overhead adjustments are not correct OK Go To Next Step **STEP 14** Refer to the Air Compressor Noise Excessive Air compressor noise is excessive symptom tree. OK Go To Next Step **STEP 15** Refer to the Engine Noise Excessive - Combustion Combustion noise excessive Knocks symptom tree. OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 16** 

# Engine Noise Excessive — Combustion Knocks Cause Correction

#### STEP 1

Fuel grade is **not** correct for the application or the fuel quality is poor

Operate the engine from a tank of high-quality fuel. Refer to Fuel for Cummins Engines, Bulletin 3379001.

#### OK

Go To Next Step

## STEP 2

Air in the fuel system

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

### OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 3

Coolant temperature is above specification

Refer to Coolant Temperature Above Normal -Gradual Overheat and Coolant Temperature Above Normal - Sudden Overheat symptom trees.

## OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 4

Overhead adjustments are not correct

Measure and adjust the overhead settings. Refer to Procedure 003-004.

OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 5

## **Engine Power Output Low**

Cause Correction For instructions on how to read active fault codes, STEP 1 refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes, Procedure Electronic fault codes are active 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility. OK Go To Next Step STEP 2 Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service Fuel level is low in the tank manual. OK Go To Next Step Engine power decreases above recommended STEP 3 altitude. Refer to the Engine Data Sheet for Engine is operating above recommended altitude specifications. OK Go To Next Step Compare the tachometer reading with a handheld STEP 4 tachometer or an electronic service tool reading. Tachometer is **not** calibrated or is malfunctioning Calibrate or replace the tachometer as necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual. OK Go To Next Step Check the air intake system for restriction. Clean STEP 5 or replace the air filter and inlet piping as Air intake system restriction is above specification necessary. Refer to Procedure 010-033. OK Go To Next Step Check for loose or damaged piping connections STEP 6 and missing pipe plugs. Check the turbocharger Air intake or exhaust leaks and exhaust manifold mounting. Refer to Procedure 010-033. OK Go To Next Step

STEP 7 Fuel leak

OK Go To Next Step

STEP 8 Air in the fuel system

> OK Go To Next Step

Check the fuel lines, fuel connections, and fuel filters for leaks. Check the fuel lines to the supply tanks. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

# **Engine Power Output Low**

Cause

Correction

STEP 9

Vehicle parasitics are excessive

Check the vehicle brakes for dragging, transmission malfunction, cooling fan operation cycle time, and engine-driven units. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 10** 

Charge air cooler is restricted or leaking

Inspect the charge air cooler for air restrictions or leaks. Refer to Procedure 010-027.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 11** 

Lubricating oil level is above specification

Check the oil level. Verify the dipstick calibration and oil pan capacity. Fill the system to the specified level. Refer to the Lubricating Oil Level is Above Specification symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 12

## **Engine Runs Rough at Idle**

Cause

Correction

STEP 1
Engine is cold

Allow the engine to warm to operating temperature. If the engine will **not** reach operating temperature, refer to the Coolant Temperature Below Normal symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Air in the fuel system

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Fuel supply line or passage restriction between the fuel pump and the injectors

Check the fuel supply line or passage for sharp bends or restriction. Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Engine mounts are worn, damaged, or **not** correct

Check the engine mounts. Refer to Procedure 000-008.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Moisture in the wiring harness connectors

Dry the connectors with Cummins electronic cleaner, Part Number 3824510.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Fuel grade is **not** correct for the application or the fuel quality is poor

Operate the engine from a tank of high-quality fuel. Refer to Fuel Recommendations and Specifications Procedure 018-002.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

## **Engine Runs Rough or Misfires**

Cause

Correction

STEP 1

Engine is cold

Allow the engine to warm to operating temperature. If the engine will **not** reach operating temperature, refer to the Coolant Temperature Below Normal symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Air in the fuel system

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

Check the fuel supply line or passage for sharp

bends or restriction. Diagnostic Fault Codes

Procedure 101-007

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Fuel supply line or passage restriction between the fuel pump and the injectors

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Engine mounts are worn, damaged, or **not** correct

Check the engine mounts. Refer to Procedure 000-008.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Moisture in the wiring harness connectors

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Dry the connectors with Cummins electronic cleaner, Part Number 3824510.

## Engine Shuts Off Unexpectedly or Dies During Deceleration Cause Correction

STEP 1

Fuel level is low in the tank

Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

Check the time limit on idle and PTO shutdowns

Dry the connectors with Cummins electronic

cleaner, Part Number 3824510.

with an electronic service tool. Refer to Electronic Controlled Fuel System Procedure 101-007.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Idle shutdown or PTO shutdown features are activated

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Moisture in the wiring harness connectors

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

OEM engine protection system is malfunctioning

Isolate the OEM engine protection system. Follow the OEM service manuals to check for a malfunction.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Air in the fuel system

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

### **Engine Speed Surges at Low or High Idle**

Cause Correction

STEP 1

Fuel level is low in the tank

Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Moisture in the wiring harness connectors

Dry the connectors with Cummins electronic cleaner, Part Number 3824510.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Air in the fuel system

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Fuel grade is **not** correct for the application or the fuel quality is poor

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Operate the engine from a tank of high-quality fuel. Refer to Fuel Recommendations and Specifications Procedure 018-002.

## Engine Speed Surges Under Load or in Operating Range Cause Correction

STEP 1

Fuel level is low in the tank

Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Moisture in the wiring harness connectors

Dry the connectors with Cummins electronic cleaner, Part Number 3824510.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Air in the fuel system

Check for air in the fuel system. Tighten or replace the fuel connections, fuel lines, fuel tank standpipe, and fuel filters as necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Idling with excessive load

Use the PTO feature for loaded conditions at low engine speeds. Refer to Engine speed Surges in PTO or Cruise Control symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Vehicle parasitics are excessive

Check the vehicle brakes for dragging, transmission malfunction, cooling fan operation cycle time, and engine-driven units. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Clutch is malfunctioning or is not correct

Compare the drivetrain specifications to Cummins recommendations. Check the clutch for correct operation. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Fuel grade is **not** correct for the application or the fuel quality is poor

Operate the engine from a tank of high-quality fuel. Refer to Fuel Recommendations and Specifications Procedure 018-002.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 9

### Engine Speed Surges in PTO or Cruise Control

Cause Correction

STEP 1

Engine speed also surges at idle

Refer to Engine Speed Surges at Low or High Idle symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Engine speed surges while in the normal operating range and **not** in PTO or cruise control

Refer to Engine Speed Surges Under Load or in Operating Range symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Moisture in the wiring harness connectors

Dry the connectors with Cummins electronic cleaner, Part Number 3824510.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

### **Engine Starts But Will Not Keep Running**

Cause Correction

STEP 1

Fuel level is low in the tank

Fill the supply tank. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Battery voltage supply to the electronic control module (ECM) is low, interrupted, or open

Check the battery connections, the fuses, and the unswitched battery supply circuit. Refer to Procedure 013-009 and the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

### **Engine Vibration Excessive**

Cause

Correction

STEP 1

Belt-driven accessories are malfunctioning

Check the fan hub, alternator, refrigerant compressor, and hydraulic pump for interference. Isolate belt-driven accessories and check for vibration. Refer to Procedure 008-036, 013-001, and the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Engine idle speed is set too low (electronically controlled fuel systems)

Verify the correct idle speed setting. Increase the idle speed with the idle increment switch or an electronic service tool. Refer to a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Engine mounts are worn, damaged, or **not** correct

Check the engine mounts. Refer to Procedure 000-008.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Fan is loose, damaged, or has excessive hub bearing end play

Check the fan. Refer to Procedure 008-040.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Engine is misfiring

Refer to the Engine Runs Rough or Misfires symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Vibration damper is damaged

Inspect the vibration damper. Refer to Procedure 001-051 or 001-052.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

## Engine Will Not Crank or Cranks Slowly (Air Starter) Cause Correction

STEP 1

Air pressure is low in the air tanks

Increase air pressure with an external air source. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Engine-driven units are engaged

Disengage engine-driven units.

Procedure 018-003.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Lubricating oil level is above specification

Check the oil level. Verify the dipstick calibration and oil pan capacity. Fill the system to the specified level. Refer to Lubricating Oil Level is Above Specification symptom tree.

Change the oil and filters. Refer to Lubricating Oil

Does Not Meet Specification symptom tree or

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Lubricating oil does **not** meet specifications for operating conditions

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Starting motor is malfunctioning or starting motor is **not** correct

Check the starting motor operation. Compare the starting motor with the engine and vehicle specifications. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

# Engine Will Not Crank or Cranks Slowly (Electric Starter) Cause Correction

STEP 1

Battery voltage is low

Check the batteries and the unswitched battery supply circuit. Refer to Procedure 013-007.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Battery cables or connections are loose, broken, or corroded (excessive resistance)

Check the battery cables and connections.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Battery capacity is below specification

Refer to Procedure 013-007. Replace the batteries if necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Battery cables are **not** the correct gauge or length

Replace the battery cables with larger gauge or shorter length cables. Refer to Procedure 013-009.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

OEM starter interlock devices engaged

Check the starter interlock devices. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Lubricating oil pressure switch, gauge, or sensor is malfunctioning or is **not** in the correct location

Check the oil pressure switch, gauge, or sensor for correct operation and location. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Engine-driven units are engaged

Disengage engine-driven units.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Lubricating oil level is above specification

Check the oil level. Verify the dipstick calibration and oil pan capacity. Fill the system to the specified level. Refer to the Lubricating Oil Level is Above Specification symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 9

Lubricating oil does **not** meet specifications for operating conditions

Change the oil and filters. Refer to Procedure Procedure 018-024.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 10

### **Engine Will Not Reach Rated Speed (RPM)**

Cause Correction

STEP 1

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Vehicle parasitics are excessive

Check the vehicle brakes for dragging, transmission malfunction, cooling fan operation cycle time, and engine-driven units. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Engine power output is low

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Refer to the Engine Power Output Low symptom tree.

# Fault Code Warning Lamps Stay On (No Apparent Reason) Cause Correction

STEP 1

Diagnostic shorting plug is installed

Remove the diagnostic shorting plug.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Drivetrain components are malfunctioning or are **not** correct

Compare the drivetrain components to the engine and equipment specifications. Isolate the drivetrain components and check for vibrations. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

### Fault Code Warning Lamps Do Not Illuminate

Cause Correction

STEP 1

Keyswitch is in the OFF position

Turn the keyswitch to the ON position.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Battery voltage supply to the electronic control module (ECM) is low, interrupted, or open

Check the battery connections, the fuses, and the unswitched battery supply circuit. Refer to Procedure 013-009.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Idle shutdown or PTO shutdown features are activated

Check the time limit on idle and PTO shutdowns with an electronic service tool. Refer to the appropriate electronic service tool.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

### **Fuel Consumption Excessive**

Cause

STEP 1

Operator technique is not correct

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Electronic fault codes are active

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Fuel leak

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Hubometer or odometer is miscalibrated

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Air intake or exhaust leaks

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Air intake system restriction is above specification

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Equipment and environmental factors are affecting fuel consumption

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Lubricating oil level is above specification

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 9

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Correction

Explain correct engine operation to the operator. Refer to Operating Instructions, Procedure 101-999.

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes, Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

Check the fuel lines, fuel connections, and fuel filters for leaks. Check the fuel lines to the supply tanks. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Check the hubometer and odometer calibrations. Calibrate or replace the hubometer or odometer, if necessary. Calculate fuel consumption with new mileage figures.

Check for loose or damaged piping connections and missing pipe plugs. Check the turbocharger and exhaust manifold mounting. Refer to Procedure 010-033.

Check the air intake system for restriction. Clean or replace the air filter and inlet piping as necessary. Refer to Procedure 010-058.

Consider ambient temperatures, wind, tire size, axle alignment, routes, and use of aerodynamic aids when evaluating fuel consumption.

Check the oil level. Verify the dipstick calibration and oil pan capacity. Fill the system to the specified level. Refer to Procedure 007-043.

### **Fuel in Coolant**

Cause

Correction

STEP 1
Bulk coolant supply is contaminated

Check the bulk coolant supply. Drain the coolant and replace with noncontaminated coolant. Replace the coolant filters. Replace the coolant filter. Refer to Procedure 008-006.

OK Go To Next Step

<u>STEP 2</u>
Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

### Fuel in the Lubricating Oil

Cause

Correction

STEP 1

Bulk oil supply is contaminated

Check the bulk oil supply. Drain the oil and replace with noncontaminated oil. Replace the oil filters.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Engine idle time is excessive

Low oil and coolant temperatures can be caused by long idle time (greater than 10 minutes). Shut off the engine rather than idle for long periods. If idle time is necessary, raise the idle speed.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

## Intake Manifold Air Temperature Above Specification Cause Correction

STEP 1

Fan drive belt is broken

Check the fan drive belt. Replace the belt, if necessary. Refer to Procedure 008-036.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Fan drive belt is loose

Check the belt tension and tighten if necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Cold weather radiator cover or winterfront is closed

Open the cold weather radiator cover or the winterfront. Maintain a minimum of 387 cm<sup>2</sup> [60 in<sup>2</sup>] of opening at all times. Refer to Procedure 101-004.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Charge air cooler fins, radiator fins, or air conditioner condenser fins are damaged or obstructed with debris

Inspect the charge air cooler, air conditioner condenser, and radiator fins. Clean, if necessary. Refer to Procedure 010-027 and the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Intake manifold temperature gauge is malfunctioning, if equipped

Test the temperature gauge. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes, Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Programmable parameters or selected features are **not** correct

Check the programmable parameters and the selected features with an electronic service tool. Set the parameters and features again if necessary. Refer to a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Fan drive or fan controls are malfunctioning

Check the fan drive and controls. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

## Intake Manifold Air Temperature Above Specification Cause Correction

STEP 9

Fan is **not** correct

Check the fan part number and compare it to the OEM-specified part number. Replace fan if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 10** 

Fan shroud is damaged or missing or the air recirculation baffles are damaged or missing

Inspect the shroud and the recirculation baffles. Repair, replace, or install, if necessary. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 11

Vehicle speed is too low for adequate cooling with high engine load

Reduce the engine load. Increase the engine (fan) rpm by downshifting.

OK

Go To Next Step

**STEP 12** 

Exhaust system leaking hot air into engine compartment

Check the exhaust plumbing for leaks or broken components. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 13

Vehicle cooling system is not adequate

Verify that the engine and vehicle cooling systems are using the correct components. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 14

Fan is **not** an adequate size for the application

Verify that the fan is the correct size. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 15

## Intake Manifold Pressure (Boost) is Below Normal Cause Correction

STEP 1

Air intake or exhaust leaks

Check for loose or damaged piping connections and missing pipe plugs. Check the turbocharger and exhaust manifold mounting. Refer to Procedure 010-033.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Air intake system restriction is above specification

Check the air intake system for restriction. Clean or replace the air filter and inlet piping as necessary. Refer to Procedure 010-058.

Inspect the charge air cooler for air restrictions or

leaks. Refer to Procedure 010-027.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Charge air cooler is restricted or leaking

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes, Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Engine power output is low

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Refer to Engine Power Output is Low symptom

**Lubricating Oil Consumption Excessive** Cause Correction STEP 1 Check the amount of oil added versus the mileage. Verify the oil consumption rate OK Go To Next Step Inspect the engine for external oil leaks. Tighten STEP 2 the capscrews, pipe plugs, and fittings. Replace gaskets, if necessary. Refer to Lubricating Oil Lubricating oil leak (external) Recommendations and Specifications. OK Go To Next Step STEP 3 Check and clean the crankcase breather and vent Crankcase ventilation system is plugged tube. Refer to Procedure 003-018. OK Go To Next Step STEP 4 Change the oil and filters. Refer to Procedure Lubricating oil does not meet specifications for 007-002. Use the oil recommended in Section V. operating conditions OK Go To Next Step STEP 5 Verify the correct lubricating oil drain interval. Refer to Procedure 102-002. Lubricating oil drain interval is excessive OK Go To Next Step STEP 6 Check the air lines for carbon buildup and Air compressor is pumping lubricating oil into the lubricating oil. Refer to Procedure 012-014. air system OK Go To Next Step Check the oil level. Verify the dipstick calibration and oil pan capacity. Fill the system to the Lubricating oil level is above specification specified level. Refer to Procedure 007-002. OK Go To Next Step Check the turbocharger compressor and turbine STEP 8 seals. Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Turbocharger oil seal is leaking Facility. OK Go To Next Step STEP 9 Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility. Lubricating oil is contaminated with coolant or fuel

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 10

### **Lubricating Oil Contaminated**

Cause Correction STEP 1 Refer to the Fuel in the Lubricating Oil symptom Fuel in the lubricating oil tree. OK Go To Next Step STEP 2 Refer to the Coolant Loss - Internal symptom tree. Internal coolant leaks OK Go To Next Step STEP 3 Check the bulk oil supply. Drain the oil and replace with noncontaminated oil. Replace the oil filters. Bulk oil supply is contaminated OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

### **Lubricating Oil Pressure High**

Cause

Correction

STEP 1

Coolant temperature is below specification

Refer to the Coolant Temperature is Below Normal symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Lubricating oil does **not** meet specifications for operating conditions

Change the oil and filters. Refer to Procedure 007-002. Use the oil recommended in Section V.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Lubricating oil pressure switch, gauge, or sensor is malfunctioning or is **not** in the correct location

Check the oil pressure switch, gauge, or sensor for correct operation and location. Refer to the OEM service manual.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Lubricating oil pressure sensor or circuit is malfunctioning (electronic controlled fuel system)

Check the lubricating oil pressure sensor and circuit. Refer to a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes, Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

### **Lubricating Oil Pressure Low**

### Cause

### STEP 1

Lubricating oil pressure switch, gauge, or sensor is malfunctioning or is **not** in the correct location

### OK

#### Go To Next Step

#### STEP 2

Lubricating oil level is above or below specification

### OK

### Go To Next Step

### STEP 3

Lubricating oil filter is plugged

#### OK

### Go To Next Step

#### STEP 4

Lubricating oil leak (external)

#### OK

### Go To Next Step

#### STEP 5

Lubricating oil does **not** meet specifications for operating conditions

### OK

### Go To Next Step

### STEP 6

Lubricating oil is contaminated with coolant or fuel

### OK

### Go To Next Step

#### STEP 7

Engine angularity during operation exceeds specification

#### OK

### Go To Next Step

#### STEP 8

Lubricating oil pressure sensor or circuit is malfunctioning (electronic controlled fuel system)

### OK

### Go To Next Step

### STEP 9

Electronic fault codes are active

### Correction

Check the oil pressure switch, gauge, or sensor for correct operation and location. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Check the oil level. Add or drain oil, if necessary. Refer to Procedure 007-002.

Change the oil and filter. Refer to Section Procedure 007-002. Review the oil change interval. Refer to Section V.

Inspect the engine for external oil leaks. Tighten the capscrews, pipe plugs, and fittings. Replace gaskets, if necessary. Refer to Procedure 018-003.

Change the oil and filters. Refer to Procedure 007-002. Use the oil recommended in Section V.

Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

Refer to to the engine performance curves and data sheet.

Check the lubricating oil pressure sensor and circuit. Refer to the OEM service manual.

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes, Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

### OK

Go To Next Step

### **Lubricating Oil Pressure Low**

Cause

Correction

**STEP 10** 

## Lubricating Oil Sludge in the Crankcase Excessive Cause Correction

STEP 1

Bulk oil supply is contaminated

Check the bulk oil supply. Drain the oil and replace with noncontaminated oil. Replace the oil filters.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Coolant temperature is below specification

Refer to the Coolant Temperature Below Normal symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Crankcase ventilation system is plugged

Check and clean the crankcase breather and vent tube. Refer to Procedure 003-018.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Fuel grade is **not** correct for the application or the fuel quality is poor

Operate the engine from a tank of high-quality fuel. Refer to Fuel Recommendations and Specifications Procedure 018-002.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Lubricating oil does **not** meet specifications for operating conditions

Change the oil and filters. Refer to Procedure 018-003. Use the oil recommended in Section V.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

### Smoke, Black — Excessive

#### Cause

#### use 92L

#### STEP 1

Electronic fault codes are active

OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 2

Air intake system restriction is above specification

OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 3

Air intake or exhaust leaks

OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 4

Charge air cooler is restricted or leaking

OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 5

Contact a Cummins® Authorized Repair Facility

Correction

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

Check the air intake system for restriction. Clean or replace the air filter and inlet piping as necessary. Refer to Procedure 010-033.

Check for loose or damaged piping connections and missing pipe plugs. Check the turbocharger and exhaust manifold mounting. Refer to the OEM service manual.

Inspect the charge air cooler for air restrictions or leaks. Refer to Procedure 010-027.

### Smoke, White — Excessive

Cause

Correction

STEP 1
Engine is cold

Allow the engine to warm to operating temperature. If the engine will **not** reach operating temperature, refer to Coolant Temperature Below Normal symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 2

Engine is operating at low ambient temperature

Check the winterfront, shutters, and under-the-hood air. Use under-the-hood intake air in cold weather. Refer to Cold Weather Operation, Bulletin 3387266.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 3

Starting aid is necessary for cold weather or starting aid is malfunctioning

Check for the correct operation of the starting aid. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions. Refer to Cold Weather Starting Procedure 101-004 Section 1.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 4

Electronic fault codes are active

For instructions on how to read active fault codes, refer to Diagnostic Fault Codes Procedure 101-007. If fault codes are active, contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 5

Fuel grade is **not** correct for the application or the fuel quality is poor

Operate the engine from a tank of high-quality fuel. Refer to Fuel Recommendations and Specifications Procedure 018-002.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 6

Air intake or exhaust leaks

Check for loose or damaged piping connections and missing pipe plugs. Check the turbocharger and exhaust manifold mounting. Refer to Procedure 010-033.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 7

Air intake system restriction is above specification

Check the air intake system for restriction. Clean or replace the air filter and inlet piping as necessary. Refer to Procedure 010-058.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 8

Charge air cooler is restricted or leaking

Inspect the charge air cooler for air restrictions or leaks. Refer to Procedure 010-027.

OK

Go To Next Step

STEP 9

### **Turbocharger Leaks Engine Oil or Fuel**

Cause Correction

#### STEP 1

Engine is operating for extended periods under light- or no-load conditions (slobbering)

Review the engine operating instructions in Section 1.

#### OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 2

Air intake system restriction is above specification

Check the air intake system for restriction. Clean or replace the air filter and inlet piping as necessary. Refer to Procedure 010-058.

### OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 3

Exhaust system restriction is **not** within specification

Check the exhaust system for restrictions. Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 4

Lubricating oil lines leak oil

Check all oil lines and fittings for leaks. Tighten loose fittings and replace leaking oil lines if necessary.

OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 5

Crankcase ventilation system is plugged

Check and clean the crankcase breather and vent tube. Refer to Procedure 003-018.

OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 6

Turbocharger oil seal is leaking

Check the turbocharger compressor and turbine seals. Contact a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility.

OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 7

Lubricating oil or fuel is entering the turbocharger

Remove the intake and exhaust piping, and check for oil or fuel.

OK

Go To Next Step

#### STEP 8

White smoke is present

Refer to the Smoke, White - Excessive symptom tree.

OK

Go To Next Step

### STEP 9

Notes

## **Section V - Maintenance Specifications**

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### **General Engine**

### **Specifications**

Listed below are the general specifications for this engine.

HorsepowerFiring OrderCrankshaft Rotation (viewed from front of engine)	See engine dataplate 1-5-3-6-2-4
Crankshaft Rotation (viewed from front of engine)	Clockwise
Bore and Stroke	
8.3 liters	114 mm [4.49 in] x 135 mm [5.32 in]
8.9 liters	114 mm [4.49 in] x 144.5 mm [5.69 in]
Dry Weight	
8.3 liters	694 kg [1530 lb]
8.9 liters	706 kg [1555 lb]
Wet Weight	·
	723 kg [1595 lb]
8.3 liters	738 kg [1625 lb]
Overhead Adjustment	· .
Intake Valve Adjustment	0.305 mm [0.012 in]
Exhaust Valve Ádjustment	
Engine Brake Adjustment	

## **Fuel System**

<b>Cummins</b>	Common	Rail F	Fuel S	ystem
----------------	--------	--------	--------	-------

Cummins Common Rail Fuel System	
Maximum Fuel Return Line Pressure	
All Applications Except Marine	10 in Hg [10 in Hg]
Marine Applications	102 mm Hg [4 in Hg]
Maximum Fuel Inlet Restriction (gear pump inlet)	
All Applications Except Marine	304.8 mm Hg [10 in Hg]
Maximum Fuel Inlet Restriction - At OEM Connection (dirty filter) Loaded Condition	
All Application Except Marine	203.2 mm Hg [8 in Hg]
Marine Applications	102 mm Hg [4.0 in Hg]
Maximum Fuel Inlet Restriction - At OEM Connection (clean filter) Loaded Condition	
Marine Applications	63.5 mm Hg [2.5 in Hg]
Minimum Gear Pump Pressure (during cranking)	
During Cranking Condition	69 kPa [10 psi]
During Rated Condition	483 kPa [70 psi]
Maximum Filter Pressure Drop	138 kPa [20 psi]
Minimum Lift Pump Pressure (gear pump inlet during cranking)	35 kPa [5 psi]
Minimum Engine Cranking Speed	150 rpm
CAPS Fuel System	·
Maximum Fuel Inlet Restriction at Rated (measured at lift pump inlet)	102 mm Hg [4 in Hg]
Maximum Fuel Inlet Restriction at Rated (measured at CAPS pump inlet)	
Minimum Lift Pump Pressure	
Maximum Filter Pressure Drop at Rated	
Minimum Gear Pump Pressure (during cranking)	69 kPa [10 psi]
Minimum Engine Cranking Speed	

## **Lubricating Oil System**

Oil Pressure	
At Low Idle (minimum allowable)	69 kPa [10 psi]
At Rated Speed (minimum allowable)	207 kPa [30 psi]
Regulated Oil Pressure	517 kPa [75 psi]
Lubricating Oil Filter Capacity	
Oil Pan Capacity, Low to High (8.3 liter engines)	
Standard Oil Pan	15.1 to 18.9 liters [16 to 20 qt]
Standard Oil Pan with Cylinder Block Stiffener Plate	16.1 to 19.9 liters [17 to 21 qt]
Total System Capacity (Oil Pan and New Oil Filter) (8.3 liter engines)	•
Standard Oil Pan	22.7 liters [24 qt]
Standard Oil Pan with Cylinder Block Stiffener Plate	23.7 liters [25 qt]
Oil Pan Capacity, Low to High (8.9 liter engines)	
Standard Oil Pan	18.9 to 22.7 liters [20 to 24 qt]
Standard Oil Pan with Cylinder Block Stiffener Plate	19.9 to 23.7 liters [21 to 25 qt]
Large Oil Pan "Power Generation" with Cylinder Block Stiffener Plate	20.5 to 29.9 liters [21.1 to 31.7 qt]
Total System Capacity (Oil Pan and New Oil Filter) (8.9 liter engines)	
Standard Oil Pan	26.5 liters [28 qt]
Standard Oil Pan With Cylinder Block Stiffener Plate	27.4 liters [29 qt]
Large Oil Pan "Power Generation" with Cylinder Block Stiffener Plate	33.7 liters [35.7 qt]

## **Cooling System**

Coolant Capacity (engine only)	11.1 liters [11.7 qt]
Standard Modulating Thermostat Range	
Recommended Pressure Cap	
Minimum Fill Rate (without low-level alarm)	
Maximum Deaeration Time	
Maximum Top Tank Coolant Temperature With CAPS Fuel System	100°C [212°F]
Maximum Top Tank Coolant Temperature With Cummins Common Rail Fuel System	
Winterfronts - Automotive Only	
Air Passage Area	774 cm <sup>2</sup> [120 in <sup>2</sup> ]

### **Air Intake System**

### **Specifications**

### **Maximum Intake Restriction**

Clean Air Filter Element	254 mm H <sub>2</sub> O [10 in H <sub>2</sub> O]
Dirty Air Filter Element	
Charge-Air Cooler Restriction (maximum)	

## **Exhaust System**

Maximum Exhaust Restriction - Muffler	
Hg	76 mm Hg [3 in Hg]
$H^{Z}_{2}O$	1016 mm H <sub>2</sub> O [40 in H <sub>2</sub> O]
Exhaust Restriction - Diesel Oxidation Catalyst	
Exhaust Restriction - Exhaust Gas Filter	

## **Electrical System**

### **Batteries (Specific Gravity)**

Specific Gravity at 27°C [80°F]	State of Charge
1.260 to 1.280	100 percent
1.230 to 1.250	75 percent
1.200 to 1.220	50 percent
1.170 to 1.190	25 percent
1.110 to 1.130	Discharged

# **Cummins®/Fleetguard® Filter Specifications**

#### **General Information**

Cummins Filtration™ is a subsidiary of Cummins Inc. Cummins Filtration™ filters are developed through joint testing at Cummins Inc. and Cummins Filtration™. Cummins Filtration™ filters are standard on new Cummins® engines. Cummins Inc. recommends their use.

Cummins Filtration™ products meet all Cummins® Source Approval Test standards to provide the quality filtration necessary to achieve the engine's design life. If other brands are substituted, the purchaser should insist on products that the supplier has tested to meet Cummins Inc. high-quality standards.

Cummins Inc. can **not** be responsible for problems caused by non-genuine filters that do **not** meet Cummins Inc. performance or durability requirements.

Filter Part Numbers (All Applications Except Marine)								
-	Coolant Filter	Water-separating Filter	Fuel Filter	Lubricating Oil Filter				
Without CM850	-	-	-	-				
Cummins® Part Number	3100304 <sup>1</sup> , 3098690 <sup>2</sup>	3944269	N/A	3401544				
Cummins Filtration™ Part Number	WF2071 <sup>1</sup> , WF2123 <sup>2</sup>	FS1022	N/A	LF9009				
With CM850	-	-	-	-				
Cummins® Part Number	3100304 <sup>1</sup> , 3098690 <sup>2</sup>	4070801	3959612	3401544				
Cummins Filtration™ Part Number	WF2071 <sup>1</sup> , WF2123 <sup>2</sup>	FS1003	FF5488	LF9009				

- 1 This filter is designed for service intervals up to 40,234 km [25,000 miles] when using TMC RP329/RP330 or ASTM D6210 coolants that meet Cummins® Engineering Standard CES 14603. The filter is designed for cooling systems up to 45 liters [12 gallons]. Refer to Cummins® Coolant Requirements and Maintenance, Bulletin 3666132. If the coolant system capacity is greater than 45 liters [12 gallons], one unit of chemical per 3 system gallons is required for adequate system treatment. If needed, contact Cummins Filtration™ (Toll Free (800) 223-4583)) for other coolant filter options for different size cooling systems.
  - 2 This filter has been designed for extended service intervals of 80,467 to 241,402 km [50,000 to 150,000 miles]. It has no chemical additives, as it contains zero units of DCA4. When using the WF2123 filter, the appropriate volumes of liquid treatment **must** be added at the designated distances/intervals. For a 25,000 mile service interval with RP329/RP330 coolants, one pint of DCA4 (or DCA2) liquid treatment should be added for cooling systems that do **not** exceed 45 liters [12 gallons]. For a 150,000 mile service interval with ES Compleat™ Coolant (ES Extender Liquid), one quart of this liquid treatment should be added for cooling systems that do **not** exceed 45 liters [12 gallons].

**NOTE**: An LF9009 lubricating oil filter **must** be used. A venturi type lubricating oil filter **must** be used in order to benefit from the bypass filtration section of the lubricating oil filter. Do **not** use an LF3000 lubricating oil filter. Engine durability will be reduced by the use of the wrong lubricating oil filter.

# **Fuel Recommendations and Specifications**

#### **Fuel Recommendations**

# **A**WARNING **A**

Do not mix gasoline, alcohol, or gasohol with diesel fuel. This mixture can cause an explosion.

# $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Due to the precise tolerances of diesel injection systems, it is extremely important that the fuel be kept clean and free of dirt or water. Dirt or water in the system can cause severe damage to both the fuel pump and the fuel injectors.

Cummins Inc. recommends the use of ASTM number 2D fuel. The use of number 2 diesel fuel will result in optimum engine performance.

At operating temperatures below 0°C [32°F], acceptable performance can be obtained by using blends of number 2D and number 1D.

**NOTE:** Lighter fuels can reduce fuel economy.

**NOTE:** Engines equipped with diesel particulate filters require the use of diesel fuel with 30 ppm sulfur maximum. There are no acceptable substitutes.

The viscosity of the fuel **must** be kept above 1.3 cSt at 40°C [104°F] to provide adequate pumping and lubricating characteristics to fuel system components.

The following chart lists acceptable substitute fuels for this engine.

			Ac	ceptable Su	ıbstitute Fu	iels			
Number 1D Diesel <sup>(1)</sup> (2) (3)	Number 2D Diesel <sup>(3)</sup>	Number 1K Kerosene	Jet-A	Jet-A1	JP-5	JP-8	Jet-B	JP-4	CITE
Α	OK	Not OK	Α	Α	Α	Α	Not OK	Not OK	Not OK

An "A" means OK **only** if fuel lubricity is adequate. This means the BOCLE number is 3100 or greater as measured by ASTM specification D6078, Scuffing Load Ball On Cylinder Evaluator (SLBOCLE). Lubricity can also be measured by ASTM, specification D6079, ISO 12156, High Frequency Reciprocating Rig (HFRR) in which the fuel **must** have a wear scar diameter of 0.45 mm [0.02 in] or less.

Any adjustment to compensate for reduced performance with a fuel system using alternate fuel is **not** warrantable.

Winter blend fuels, such as found at commercial fuel-dispensing outlets, are combinations of number 1D and 2D diesel fuels and are acceptable.

Additional information for fuel recommendations and specifications can be found in Fuel for Cummins Engines, Bulletin 3379001. See ordering information in the back of this manual.

# **Lubricating Oil Recommendations and Specifications**

#### **General Information**

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

Extending the oil and filter change interval beyond the recommendations will decrease the engine life due to factors such as corrosion, deposits, and wear.

## $\Delta$ CAUTION $\Delta$

A sulfated ash limit of 1.85 percent has been placed on all engine lubricating oils recommended for use in Cummins engines. Higher ash oils can cause valve and/or piston damage and lead to excessive oil consumption.

The use of quality engine lubricating oils, combined with appropriate oil drain and filter change intervals, is a critical factor in maintaining engine performance and durability. Extending the oil and filter change interval beyond the recommendations will decrease engine life due to factors such as corrosion, deposits, and wear. Reference Procedure 102-002 in Section 2 to determine which oil drain interval to use for the application.

Cummins Inc. recommends the use of high-quality SAE 15W-40 heavy-duty engine oil, such as Valvoline® Premium Blue® (USA) or Valvoline Premium Blue Extra (International).

**NOTE:** The responsibility is with the owner. If recommendations are ignored, warranty could be affected.

API: American Petroleum Institue

CES: Cummins® Engineering Standard

ACEA - Association des Constructeurs European d' Association

JAMA - Japanese Automobile Manufacturerrs Association

Table	Table 1: Cummins® Engineering Standards (CES) for Lubricants									
Cummins Engineering Standard Classification (CES)	North American Classification	International Classifications	Comments							
Obsolete. Do <b>not</b> use.	API CD API CE	ACEA E-1	Obsolete. Do <b>not</b> use.							
	API CG-4/SH									
CES-20075 <sup>1</sup>	API CF-4/SG	ACEA E-2	Minimum acceptable oil							
		ACEA E-3	classification for MidRange							
		JAMA DH-1	engines, but is <b>not</b> recommended.							
CES-20071 <sup>2</sup>	API CH-4 4/SJ	ACEA E5	Acceptable oil classification							
CES-20076 <sup>2</sup>			for MidRange engines.							
CES-20077 <sup>2</sup>										
CES-20078	API CI-4	ACEA E7	Excellent oil for MidRange engines.							
CES-20081	API1 CJ-4	ACEA E9	Excellent oil for MidRange							
		JAMA DH-2	engines where ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel is used. <sup>3</sup>							

#### **Table Notes**

- 1 For MidRange engines, in areas where CH-4/SJ or CG-4/SH oils are **not** available, refer to the oil drain intervals in Section 2. As an alternative, oils meeting CES-20075 can be used, but the oil drain interval and filter change interval **must** be reduced by half.
- 2 Outside North America, where oil meeting CES-20071, CES-20076, or CES20077 might **not** be available, Cummins Inc. primary recommendation is for an oil meeting Global DHD-1, as jointly developed by EMA, ACEA, and JAMA.
- 3 Ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel is defined as diesel fuel **not** exceeding 0.0015 (15 ppm) mass percent sulfur content (ultra-low diesel fuel is also defined by ASTM S-15).

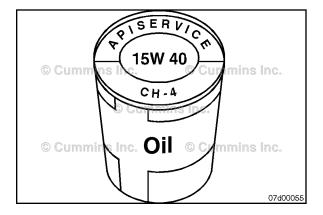
A sulfated ash limit of 1.0 mass percent is suggested for optimum valve and piston deposit and oil consumption control.

For further details and discussion of engine lubricating oils for Cummins engines, refer to Cummins Engine Oil Recommendations, Bulletin 3810340.

The API service symbols are shown in the accompanying illustration. The upper half of the symbols display the appropriate oil categories.

The lower half can contain words to describe oil energyconserving features.

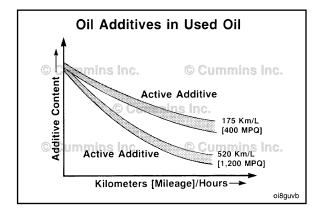
The center section identifies the SAE oil viscosity grade.



As the engine oil becomes contaminated, essential oil additives are depleted. Lubricating oils protect the engine as long as these additives are functioning properly. Progressive contamination of the oil between oil and filter change intervals is normal. The amount of contamination will vary, depending on the operation of the engine, kilometers or miles on the oil, fuel consumed, and new oil added.

Extending oil and filter change intervals beyond the recommendations will decrease engine life due to factors such as corrosion, deposits, and wear.

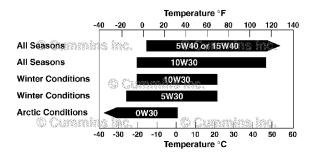
Reference the oil drain chart in this section to determine which oil drain interval to use for your application.



The primary Cummins Inc. recommendation is for the use of 15W-40 multigrade lubricating oil for normal operation at ambient temperatures above -15°C [5°F]. The use of multigrade oil reduces deposit formation, improves engine cranking in low temperature conditions, and increases engine durability by maintaining lubrication during high temperature operating conditions. Since multigrade oils have been shown to provide approximately 30 percent lower oil consumption compared with monograde oils, it is important to use multigrade oils to be certain the engine will meet applicable emissions requirements.

Use of "synthetic engine oils" (those made with API group 3 or group 4 base stocks) is permitted, subject to the same performance and viscosity limitations of petroleum (mineral) based engine oils. The same oil change intervals that are applied to petroleum (mineral) based engine oils **must** be applied to synthetic oils.

For further details and discussion of engine lubricating oils for Cummins® engines, refer to the latest revision of Cummins® Engine Oil Recommendations, Bulletin 3810340.



07d00260

While the preferred viscosity grade is 15W-40, lower viscosity multigrade oils can be used in colder climates. See the accompanying chart. Any viscosity grade lower than 15W-40 must still meet CES 20081.

Synthetic engine oils, API Group III and Group IV basestocks, are recommended for use in Cummins® engines operating in ambient temperature conditions consistently below -25°C [-13°F]. Synthetic 0W-30 oils that meet the requirements of API Group III or Group IV basestocks, can be used in operations where the ambient temperature never exceeds 0°C [32°F]. Multiviscosity oils rated 0W-30 do **not** offer the same level of protection against fuel dilution as do higher multigrade oils. Higher cylinder wear can be experienced when using 0W-30 oils in high-load situations.

As these oils have directionally thinner oil films than 15W-40 oils, top-quality Fleetguard® filters **must** be used above 20°C [70°F]. Some oil suppliers might claim better fuel economy for these oils. Cummins Inc. can neither approve nor disapprove any product **not** manufactured by Cummins Inc. These claims are between the customer and the oil supplier. Obtain a commitment from the oil supplier that the oil will give satisfactory performance in Cummins® engines, or do **not** use the oil.

#### **New Engine Break-in Oils**

Special "break-in" engine lubricating oils are **not** recommended for new or rebuilt Cummins® engines. Use the same type of oil during the break-in as is used in normal operation.

#### AfterMarket Oil Additive Usage

Cummins Inc. does **not** recommend the use of aftertreatment oil additives. Present high-quality fully additive engine lubricating oils are very sophisticated, with precise amounts of additives blended into the lubricating oil to meet stringent requirements. These oils meet performance characteristics that conform to the lubricant industry standards. Aftermarket lubricating oil additives are **not** necessary to enhance engine oil performance, and in some cases, can reduce the finished oil's ability to protect the engine.

# **Coolant Recommendations and Specifications**

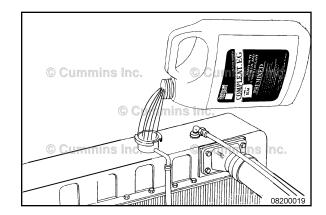
# Fully Formulated Coolant/Antifreeze

Cummins Inc. recommends the use of fully formulated antifreeze/coolant meeting Cummins® Engineering Standard (C.E.S.) 14603. For further details and discussion of coolant for Cummins® engines, refer to Coolant Requirements and Maintenance, Bulletin 3666132.

Cummins Inc. recommends using either a 50/50 mixture of good-quality water and fully formulated antifreeze, or fully formulated coolant when filling the cooling system.

Good-quality water is important for cooling system performance. Excessive levels of calcium and magnesium contribute to scaling problems, and excessive levels of chlorides and sulfates cause cooling system corrosion.

Water Quality	
Calcium Magnesium (hardness)	Maximum 170 ppm as (CaCO <sub>3</sub> + MgCO <sup>3</sup> )
Chloride	40 ppm as (CI)
Sulfur	100 ppm as (SO <sub>4</sub> )



# Coolant Recommendations and Specifications Page V-14





recommends Cummins Filtration™ Cummins Inc. antifreeze coolants including Compleat ES™ containing DCA4 Plus, Fleetcool™ EX containing DCA2 Plus, and ES Optimax™ Organic Acid Technology (OAT), which meet the requirements of Cummins® Engineering Standard 14603. However, Cummins Inc., Chevron Corporation and Shell have agreed that Chevron Texaco™, Shell Rotella™ and their private label counterpart Extended Life OAT coolants, which do not meet the elastomer compatibility section of Cummins® Engineering Standard 14603, are acceptable for extended service interval use, assuming the initial coolant fill requirements were met from the vehicle's original equipment manufacturer (OEM).

MidRange, Heavy Duty and High Horsepower engine overhauls, or repairs involving the replacement of the following components, using this Extended Life OAT coolant, **must** discard the coolant and replace it with new coolant.

- Rocker lever housing gasket
- Lubricating oil cooler housing gasket
- Cylinder head gasket
- Thermostat housing gasket

If the replacement coolant is Chevron Texaco™, Shell Rotella™ or their private label counterpart Extended Life OAT coolants, which do **not** meet the elastomer compatibility section of Cummins® Engineering Standard 14603, the coolant **must** be treated by adding 0.24 liters [8 oz] of liquid silicate fluid for every 45.5 liters [12 gal] of total coolant system volume. It is critical to **not** overtreat the coolant with silicate fluid.

To obtain order forms or ask questions relative to ordering the silicate fluid, contact:

- · Silicate Fluid Order Program
- P.O. Box 27388
- Houston, TX
- 77277-7388
- Phone: 800-346-9041
- Fax: 800-876-5317

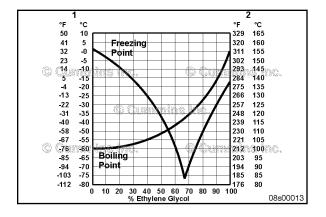
For further details and discussion of engine coolant for Cummins® engines, refer to Cummins® Coolant Requirements and Maintenance, Bulletin 3666132.

Fully formulated antifreeze **must** be mixed with good-quality water at a 50/50 ratio (40- to 60-percent working range). A 50/50 mixture of antifreeze and water gives a -36°C [-33°F] freezing point and a 108°C [226°F] boiling point, which is adequate for locations in North America. The actual lowest freezing point of ethylene glycol antifreeze is at 68 percent. Using higher concentrations of antifreeze will raise the freezing point of the solution and increase the possibility of a silica gel problem.

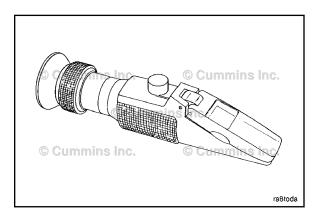
#### Legend

- 1 Freezing Point Temperature Scale
- 2 Boiling Point Temperature Scale

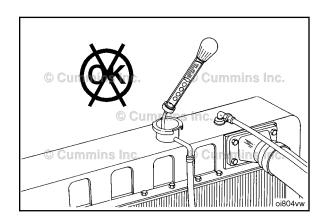
A refractometer **must** be used to measure the freezing point of the coolant accurately. Use Cummins Filtration™ refractometer, Part Number CC2800 or CC2806.







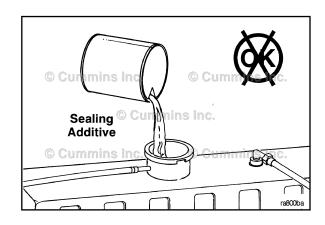
Do **not** use a floating ball hydrometer. Floating ball hydrometers can give incorrect readings.



#### **Cooling System Sealing Additives**

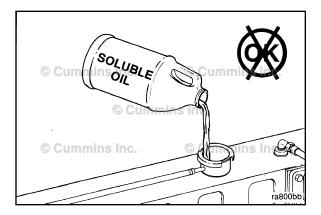
Do **not** use sealing additives in the cooling system. The use of sealing additives will:

- · Build up in coolant low-flow areas
- · Plug the radiator and oil cooler
- Possibly damage the water pump seal.



# Coolant Recommendations and Specifications Page V-16

QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section V - Maintenance Specifications



# **Cooling System Soluble Oils**

Do  ${f not}$  use soluble oils in the cooling system. The use of soluble oils will:

- · Corrode brass and copper
- Damage heat transfer surfaces
- Damage seals and hoses.

## **Drive Belt Tension**

#### **Tension Chart**

SAE Belt Size	Belt Tension (	Gauge Part No.	Belt Tens	sion New	Belt Tension Range Used*		
	Click-type	Burroughs	N	lbf	N	lbf	
0.380 in	3822524		620	140	270 to 490	60 to 110	
0.440 in	3822524		620	140	270 to 490	60 to 110	
1/2 in	3822524	ST-1138	620	140	270 to 490	60 to 110	
11/16 in	3822524	ST-1138	620	140	270 to 490	60 to 110	
3/4 in	3822524	ST-1138	620	140	270 to 490	60 to 110	
7/8 in	3822524	ST-1138	620	140	270 to 490	60 to 110	
4 rib	3822524	ST-1138	620	140	270 to 490	60 to 110	
5 rib	3822524	ST-1138	670	150	270 to 530	60 to 120	
6 rib	3822525	ST-1293	710	160	290 to 580	65 to 130	
8 rib	3822525	ST-1293	890	200	360 to 710	80 to 160	
10 rib	3822525	3823138	1110	250	440 to 890	100 to 200	
12 rib	3822525	3823138	1330	300	530 to 1070	120 to 240	
12 rib K section	3822525	3823138	1330	300	890 to 1070	200 to 240	
31 rib	-	3164750	1668	375	1330 to 1560	300 to 350	

**NOTE:** This chart does not apply to automatic belt tensioners.

<sup>\*</sup> A belt is considered used if it has been in service for ten minutes or longer.

<sup>\*</sup> If used belt tension is less than the minimum value, tighten the belt to the maximum used belt value.

# **Engine Component Torque Values**

# **Torque Table**

Component	Torqu	e Value			
	N•m	ft-lb			
Alternator Link	24	18			
Alternator Mounting Bolt	43	32			
Belt Tensioner Mounting	43	32			
Crankshaft Damper and Pulley	200	148			
Crossover Clamp	5	44 in-lb			
Tee Bolt Type Clamp	8	71 in-lb			
Exhaust Outlet Pipe, V Band Clamp	8	71 in-lb			
Fan Bracket Mounting	24	18			
Fan Pulley	43	32			
Fuel Filter	Refer to Manufacturer's Specifications				
Lubricating Oil Filter	Refer to Manufact	urer's Specifications			
Lubricating Oil Pan Drain Plug					
Steel Oil Pan	80	59			
Cast Aluminum Oil Pan	60	44			
Composite Oil Pan	60	44			
Lubricating Oil Pan Heater Plug	120	89			
Starting Motor Mounting	43	32			
Rocker Lever Cover	12	106 in-lb			

# **Sealants**

# **General Information**

Use the sealants listed below or sealants containing equivalent properties unless specified otherwise in a procedure or step.

Item Description	Sealing Method
Pipe Plugs	Precoated teflon or pipe sealer
Cup Plugs	Loctite™ 277 or 11,264
O-Rings	Lubriplate™ 105
Rear Camshaft Expansion Plug	Precoated or Loctite™ 59,241 liquid teflon
Fuel Block Mounting Studs	Loctite™ 609
Turbocharger Drain in Block	Loctite™ 277 or 11,264
Front Seal in Gear Cover	Loctite™ 277 or 11,264
Rear Seal in Rear Cover	No sealant
Oil Pan at T-Joint	Three-Bond™ 1207C (Cummins® Part Number 3823494)

# **Capscrew Markings and Torque Values**

#### **General Information**

## $\triangle$ CAUTION $\triangle$

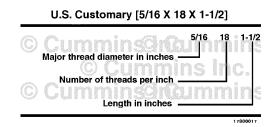
When replacing capscrews, always use a capscrew of the same measurement and strength as the capscrew being replaced. Using the wrong capscrews can result in engine damage.

Metric capscrews and nuts are identified by the grade number stamped on the head of the capscrew or on the surface of the nuts. U.S. Customary capscrews are identified by radial lines stamped on the head of the capscrew.

The following examples indicate how capscrews are identified:

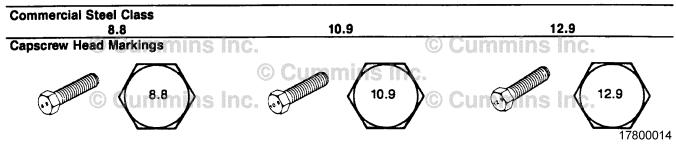
# Metric - M8-1.25 X 25 M8 - 1.25 x 25 Major thread diameter in millimeters Distance between threads in millimeters Length in millimeters

- Always use the torque values listed in the following tables when specific torque values are not available.
- Do not use the torque values in place of those specified in other sections of this manual.
- The torque values in the table are based on the use of lubricated threads.
- When the ft-lb value is less than 10, convert the ft-lb value to in-lb to obtain a better torque with an in-lb torque wrench. Example: 6 ft-lb equals 72 in-lb.



- Always use the torque values listed in the following tables when specific torque values are not available.
- Do not use the torque values in place of those specified in other sections of this manual.
- The torque values in the table are based on the use of lubricated threads.
- When the ft-lb value is less than 10, convert the ft-lb value to in-lb to obtain a better torque with an in-lb torque wrench. Example: 6 ft-lb equals 72 in-lb.

#### **Capscrew Markings and Torque Values - Metric**



Body Size	Torque			Torque Torque					Tor	que		
Diamet er	Cast	Iron	Alum	inium	Cast	Iron	Alum	inium	Cast	Iron	Alum	inium
mm	N•m	ft-lb	N•m	ft-lb	N•m	ft-lb	N•m	ft-lb	N•m	ft-lb	N•m	ft-lb
6	9	5	7	4	13	10	7	4	14	9	7	4
7	14	9	11	7	18	14	11	7	23	18	11	7

Body Size		Tor	que		Torque				Torque			
Diamet er	Cast Iron		Aluminium		Cast Iron		Aluminium		Cast Iron		Aluminium	
mm	N•m	ft-lb										
8	23	17	18	14	33	25	18	14	40	29	18	14
10	45	33	30	25	65	50	30	25	70	50	30	25
12	80	60	55	40	115	85	55	40	125	95	55	40
14	125	90	90	65	180	133	90	65	195	145	90	65
16	195	140	140	100	280	200	140	100	290	210	140	100
18	280	200	180	135	390	285	180	135	400	290	180	135
20	400	290	_	_	550	400	_	_	_	_	_	_

# **Capscrew Markings and Torque Values - U.S. Customary**

SAE Grade Number	5	8
Capscrew Head Markings These are all SAE Grade 5 (3 line)	Inc	© Cum (17800015
©©© Cummins	w Torque - Grade 5 Capscrew	Capscrew Torque - Grade 8 Capscrew

		Oupstient forque - Grade 5 Oupstient Oupstient forque - Grade 5 Oupstient						
Capscrew Body Size	Cast	Iron	Alum	inium	Cast	Iron	Alum	inium
	N•m	ft-lb	N•m	ft-lb	N•m	ft-lb	N•m	ft-lb
1/4 - 20	9	7	8	6	15	11	8	6
1/4 - 28	12	9	9	7	18	13	9	7
5/16 - 18	20	15	16	12	30	22	16	12
5/16 - 24	23	17	19	14	33	24	19	14
3/8 - 16	40	30	25	20	55	40	25	20
3/8 - 24	40	30	35	25	60	45	35	25
7/16 - 14	60	45	45	35	90	65	45	35
7/16 - 20	65	50	55	40	95	70	55	40
1/2 - 13	95	70	75	55	130	95	75	55
1/2 - 20	100	75	80	60	150	110	80	60
9/16 - 12	135	100	110	80	190	140	110	80
9/16 - 18	150	110	115	85	210	155	115	85
5/8 - 11	180	135	150	110	255	190	150	110
5/8 - 18	210	155	160	120	290	215	160	120
3/4 - 10	325	240	255	190	460	340	255	190
3/4 - 16	365	270	285	210	515	380	285	210
7/8 - 9	490	360	380	280	745	550	380	280
7/8 - 14	530	390	420	310	825	610	420	310
1 - 8	720	530	570	420	1100	820	570	420
1 - 14	800	590	650	480	1200	890	650	480

Notes

# **Section W - Warranty**

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# All Engines United States And Canada Industrial (Off-Highway) Coverage

#### **Products Warranted**

This Warranty applies to new Engines sold by Cummins and delivered to the first user on or after April 1, 1999, that are used in Industrial (Off-Highway) applications in the United States\* and Canada, except for Engines used in marine, generator drive and certain defense applications, for which different Warranty Coverage is provided.

#### **Base Engine Warranty**

This Warranty covers any failures of the Engine, under normal use and service, which result from a defect in material or factory workmanship (Warrantable Failures).

Coverage begins with the sale of the Engine by Cummins. Coverage continues for two years or 2,000 hours of operation, whichever occurs first, from the date of delivery of the Engine to the first user, or from the date the unit is first leased, rented or loaned, or when the Engine has been operated for 50 hours, whichever occurs first. If the 2,000 hour limit is exceeded during the first year, Coverage continues until the end of the first year.

Engine aftertreatment components included in the Cummins Critical Parts List (CPL) and marked with a Cummins part number are covered under Base Engine Warranty.

Additional Coverage is outlined in the Emission Warranty section.

#### **Extended Major Components Warranty**

The Extended Major Components Warranty covers Warrantable Failures of the Engine cylinder block, camshaft, crankshaft and connecting rods (Covered Parts).

Bushing and bearing failures are not covered.

This Coverage begins with the expiration of the Base Engine Warranty and ends three years or 10,000 (3,000 hours for A Series Engines) hours of operation from the date of delivery of the Engine to the first user, or from the date the unit is first leased, rented or loaned, or from when the Engine has been operated for 50 hours, whichever occurs first.

#### **Consumer Products**

The Warranty on Consumer Products in the United States\* is a LIMITED Warranty. **CUMMINS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.** Any implied Warranties applicable to Consumer Products in the United States\* terminate concurrently with the expiration of the express Warranties applicable to the product. In the United States\*, some states do not allow the exclusion of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied Warranty lasts, so the limitations or exclusions herein may not apply to you.

These Warranties are made to all Owners in the chain of distribution and Coverage continues to all subsequent Owners until the end of the periods of Coverage.

# **Cummins Responsibilities**

#### **During The Base Engine Warranty**

Cummins will pay for all parts and labor needed to repair the damage to the Engine resulting from a Warrantable Failure.

Cummins will pay for the lubricating oil, antifreeze, filter elements and other maintenance items that are not reusable due to the Warrantable Failure.

Cummins will pay reasonable costs for mechanics to travel to and from the equipment site, including meals, mileage and lodging, when the repair is performed at the site of the failure.

Cummins will pay reasonable labor costs for Engine removal and reinstallation when necessary to repair a Warrantable Failure.

#### **During The Extended Major Components Warranty**

Cummins will pay for the repair or, at its option, replacement of the defective Covered Part and any Covered Part damaged by a Warrantable Failure of the defective Covered Part.

# **Owner Responsibilities**

#### **During The Base Engine Warranty**

Owner is responsible for the cost of lubricating oil, antifreeze, filter elements and other maintenance items provided during Warranty repairs unless such items are not reusable due to the Warrantable Failure.

#### **During The Extended Major Components Warranty**

Owner is responsible for the cost of all labor needed to repair the Engine, including the labor to remove and reinstall the Engine. When Cummins elects to repair a part instead of replacing it, Owner is not responsible for the labor needed to repair the part.

Owner is responsible for the cost of all parts required for the repair except for the defective Covered Part and any Covered Part damaged by a Warrantable Failure of the defective Covered Part.

QSC8.3 and QSL9 Section W - Warranty

Owner is responsible for the cost of lubricating oil, antifreeze, filter elements and other maintenance items replaced during repair of a Warrantable Failure.

#### **During The Base Engine And Extended Major Components Warranties**

Owner is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Engine as specified in the applicable Cummins Operation and Maintenance Manual. Owner is also responsible for providing proof that all recommended maintenance has been performed.

Before the expiration of the applicable Warranty, Owner must notify a Cummins distributor, authorized dealer or other repair location approved by Cummins of any Warrantable Failure and make the Engine available for repair by such facility. Service locations are listed on the Cummins Worldwide Service Locator at cummins.com.

Owner is responsible for communication expenses, meals, lodging and similar costs incurred as a result of a Warrantable Failure.

Owner is responsible for non-Engine repairs, "downtime" expenses, cargo damage, fines, all applicable taxes, all business costs and other losses resulting from a Warrantable Failure.

#### Limitations

Engines with an emissions certification listed below must be operated using only diesel fuel having no more than the corresponding maximum sulfur content. Failure to use the specified fuel (see also Cummins Fuel Bulletin #3379001) can damage the Engine and aftertreatment system within a short period of time. This damage could cause the Engine to become inoperable and failures attributable to the use of incorrect fuels will be denied Warranty Coverage.

# Maximum sulfur levels by emissions certification level as listed on the Engine's dataplate are:

EPA 2007/2010/2013 max. 15 parts per million
EPA Tier 4 Interim / Final max. 15 parts per million
EU Stage IIIB 2011 max. 15 parts per million
Euro 4/5 max. 50 parts per million
Euro 6 max. 10 parts per million

Cummins is not responsible for failures or damage resulting from what Cummins determines to be abuse or neglect, including, but not limited to: operation without adequate coolants or lubricants; overfueling; overspeeding; lack of maintenance of lubricating, cooling or intake systems; improper storage, starting, warm-up, run-in or shutdown practices; unauthorized modifications of the Engine. Cummins is also not responsible for failures caused by incorrect oil, fuel or diesel exhaust fluid or by water, dirt or other contaminants in the fuel, oil or diesel exhaust fluid.

For power units and fire pumps (package units), this Warranty applies to accessories, except for clutches and filters, supplied by Cummins which bear the name of another company.

For all other Industrial engines (except those previously mentioned), this Warranty does not apply to accessories which bear the name of another company. Such non-warranted accessories include, but are not limited to: alternators, starters, fans\*\*, air conditioning compressors, clutches, filters, transmissions, torque converters, steering pumps, and non-Cummins fan drives, Engine compression brakes and air compressors.

Cummins Compusave units are covered by a separate Warranty.

Before a claim for excessive oil consumption will be considered, Owner must submit adequate documentation to show that consumption exceeds Cummins published standards.

Failures of belts and hoses supplied by Cummins are not covered beyond the first 500 hours or one year of operation, whichever occurs first.

Parts used to repair a Warrantable Failure may be new Cummins parts, Cummins approved rebuilt parts or repaired parts. Cummins is not responsible for failures resulting from the use of parts not approved by Cummins.

A new Cummins or Cummins approved rebuilt part used to repair a Warrantable Failure assumes the identity of the part it replaced and is entitled to the remaining Coverage hereunder.

For all A Series Applications, including Industrial, travel reimbursement for non-transportable equipment will be limited to 4.0 hours, \$0.25/mile and 250 miles maximum. Any costs beyond this limit are the customer's responsibility.

#### CUMMINS DOES NOT COVER WEAR OR WEAROUT OF COVERED PARTS.

#### CUMMINS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

THESE WARRANTIES SET FORTH HEREIN ARE THE SOLE WARRANTIES MADE BY CUMMINS IN REGARD TO THESE ENGINES. CUMMINS MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

This Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

## **Emission Warranty**

#### **Products Warranted**

This Emission Warranty applies to new Engines marketed by Cummins that are used in the United States\* and Canada in vehicles designed for Industrial Off-Highway use. This Warranty applies to Engines delivered to the ultimate purchaser on or after April 1, 1999 for Engines up to 750 horsepower and on or after January 1, 2000 for Engines 751 horsepower and over.

#### Coverage

Cummins warrants to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser that the Engine is designed, built and equipped so as to conform at the time of sale by Cummins with all U.S. Federal emission regulations applicable at the time of manufacture and that it is free from defects in workmanship or material which would cause it not to meet these regulations within the longer of the following periods: (A) \*\*\*Five years or 3,000 hours of operation for industrial applications, five years or 3,500 hours of operation for industrial spark-ignited Engines (GTA855, G855, G5.9C, G8.3-C, GTA8.9E, QSK19G) and five years or 2,500 hours of operation for industrial spark-ignited Engines (GKTA19-GC), whichever occurs first, as measured from the date of delivery of the Engine to the ultimate purchaser, or (B) The Base Engine Warranty.

If the vehicle in which the Engine is installed is registered in the state of California, a separate California Emission Warranty also applies.

#### Limitations

Engines with an emissions certification listed below must be operated using only diesel fuel having no more than the corresponding maximum sulfur content. Failure to use the specified fuel (see also Cummins Fuel Bulletin #3379001) can damage the Engine and aftertreatment system within a short period of time. This damage could cause the Engine to become inoperable and failures attributable to the use of incorrect fuels will be denied Warranty Coverage.

# Maximum sulfur levels by emissions certification level as listed on the Engine's dataplate are:

EPA 2007/2010/2013 max. 15 parts per million
EPA Tier 4 Interim / Final max. 15 parts per million
EU Stage IIIB 2011 max. 15 parts per million
Euro 4/5 max. 50 parts per million
Euro 6 max. 10 parts per million

Failures, other than those resulting from defects in materials or workmanship, are not covered by this Warranty.

Cummins is not responsible for failures or damage resulting from what Cummins determines to be abuse or neglect, including, but not limited to: operation without adequate coolant or lubricants; overfueling; overspeeding; lack of maintenance of lubricating, cooling or intake systems; improper storage, starting, warm-up, run-in or shutdown practices; unauthorized modifications of the Engine. Cummins is also not responsible for failures caused by incorrect oil, fuel or diesel exhaust fluid or by water, dirt or other contaminants in the fuel, oil or diesel exhaust fluid.

Cummins is not responsible for non-Engine repairs, "downtime" expenses, cargo damage, fines, all business costs or other losses resulting from a Warrantable Failure.

#### CUMMINS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

- \* United States includes American Samoa, the Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.
- \*\* Alternators, starters, and fans ARE covered for the duration of the Base Engine Warranty on A Series and B3.3 Engines.
- \*\* Alternators and starters are covered for the duration of the Base Engine Warranty on QSK23 Engines.
- \*\*\* Emissions Warranty for BLPG Industrial Off-Highway Engines is 5 years / 3,500 hours.

# All Engines International Industrial (Off-Highway) Coverage

#### **Products Warranted**

This Warranty applies to new Engines sold by Cummins and delivered to the first user on or after April 1, 1999, that are used in Industrial (Off-Highway) applications anywhere in the world where Cummins approved service is available, except the United States and Canada. Different Warranty Coverage is provided for Engines used in marine, generator drive and certain defense applications.

#### **Base Engine Warranty**

This Warranty covers any failures of the Engine, under normal use and service, which result from a defect in material or factory workmanship (Warrantable Failure).

Coverage begins with the sale of the Engine by Cummins. Coverage continues for two years or 2,000 hours of operation, whichever occurs first, from the date of delivery of the Engine to the first user, or from the date the unit is first leased, rented or loaned, or when the Engine has been operated for 50 hours, whichever occurs first. If the 2,000 hour limit is exceeded during the first year, Coverage continues until the end of the first year.

Engine aftertreatment components included in the Cummins Critical Parts List (CPL) and marked with a Cummins part number are covered under Base Engine Warranty.

#### **Extended Major Components Warranty**

The Extended Major Components Warranty covers Warrantable Failures of the Engine cylinder block, camshaft, crankshaft and connecting rods (Covered Parts).

Bushing and bearing failures are not covered.

This Coverage begins with the expiration of the Base Engine Warranty and ends three years or 10,000 hours (3,000 hours for A Series Engines) of operation, from the date of delivery of the Engine to the first user, or from the date the unit is first leased, rented or loaned, or when the Engine has been operated for 50 hours, whichever occurs first.

These Warranties are made to all Owners in the chain of distribution, and Coverage continues to all subsequent Owners until the end of the periods of Coverage.

#### **Cummins Responsibilities**

#### **During The Base Engine Warranty**

Cummins will pay for all parts and labor needed to repair the damage to the Engine resulting from a Warrantable Failure.

Cummins will pay for the lubricating oil, antifreeze, filter elements and other maintenance items that are not reusable due to a Warrantable Failure.

Cummins will pay reasonable costs for mechanics to travel to and from the equipment site, including meals, mileage and lodging, when the repair is performed at the site of the failure.

Cummins will pay reasonable labor costs for Engine removal and reinstallation when necessary to repair a Warrantable Failure.

#### **During The Extended Major Components Warranty**

Cummins will pay for the repair or, at its option, replacement of the defective Covered Part and any Covered Part damaged by a Warrantable Failure of the defective Covered Part.

# **Owner Responsibilities**

#### **During The Base Engine Warranty**

Owner is responsible for the cost of lubricating oil, antifreeze, filter elements and other maintenance items replaced during Warranty repairs unless such items are not reusable due to the Warrantable Failure.

#### **During The Extended Major Components Warranty**

Owner is responsible for the cost of all labor needed to repair the Engine, including the labor to remove and reinstall the Engine. When Cummins elects to repair a part instead of replacing it, Owner is not responsible for the labor needed to repair the part.

Owner is responsible for the cost of all parts required for the repair except for the defective Covered Part and any Covered Part damaged by a Warrantable Failure of the defective Covered Part.

Owner is responsible for the cost of lubricating oil, antifreeze, filter elements and other maintenance items replaced during repair of a Warrantable Failure.

#### **During The Base Engine Warranty And Extended Major Components Warranties**

Owner is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Engine as specified in the applicable Cummins Operation and Maintenance Manual. Owner is also responsible for providing proof that all recommended maintenance has been performed.

Before the expiration of the applicable Warranty, Owner must notify a Cummins distributor, authorized dealer or other repair location approved by Cummins of any Warrantable Failure and make the product available for repair by such facility. Service locations are listed in the Cummins Worldwide Service Locator at cummins.com.

Owner is responsible for communication expenses, meals, lodging and similar costs incurred as a result of a Warrantable Failure.

Owner is responsible for non-Engine repairs, "downtime" expenses, cargo damage, fines, all applicable taxes, all business costs and other losses resulting from a Warrantable Failure.

#### Limitations

Engines with an emissions certification listed below must be operated using only diesel fuel having no more than the corresponding maximum sulfur content. Failure to use the specified fuel as listed in the Cummins Fuel Bulletin #3379001 Table 1 (Cummins Inc. Required Diesel Fuel Specifications) can damage the Engine and aftertreatment system within a short period of time. This damage could cause the Engine to become inoperable and failures attributable to the use of incorrect fuels will be denied Warranty Coverage. Fuel specifications also need to comply with local fuel regulations (EN590 for Europe and ASTM D975 for North America) for Warranty eligibility.

# Maximum sulfur levels by emissions certification level as listed on the Engine's dataplate are:

EPA 2007/2010/2013 max. 15 parts per million
EPA Tier 4 Interim / Final max. 15 parts per million
EU Stage IIIB 2011 max. 15 parts per million
Euro 4/5 max. 50 parts per million
Euro 6 max. 10 parts per million

Cummins is not responsible for failures or damage resulting from what Cummins determines to be abuse or neglect, including, but not limited to: operation without adequate coolants or lubricants; overfueling; overspeeding; lack of maintenance of lubricating, cooling or intake systems; improper storage, starting, warm-up, run-in or shutdown practices; unauthorized modifications of the Engine. Cummins is also not responsible for failures caused by incorrect oil, fuel or diesel exhaust fluid or by water, dirt or other contaminants in the fuel, oil or diesel exhaust fluid.

For power units and fire pumps (package units) the Warranty applies to accessories, except for clutches and filters supplied by Cummins which bear the name of another company.

Except for the accessories noted previously, Cummins does not warrant accessories which bear the name of another company. Such non-warranted accessories include, but are not limited to: alternators, starters, fans\*, air conditioning compressors, clutches, filters, transmissions, torque converters, steering pumps, non-Cummins fan drives and air cleaners.

Cummins Compusave units are covered by a separate Warranty.

Before a claim for excessive oil consumption will be considered, Owner must submit adequate documentation to show that consumption exceeds Cummins published standards.

Failures of belts and hoses supplied by Cummins are not covered beyond the first 500 hours or one year of operation, whichever occurs first.

Parts used to repair a Warrantable Failure may be new Cummins parts, Cummins approved rebuilt parts or repaired parts. Cummins is not responsible for failures resulting from the use of parts not approved by Cummins.

A new Cummins or Cummins approved rebuilt part used to repair a Warrantable Failure assumes the identity of the part it replaced and is entitled to the remaining Coverage hereunder.

For all A Series Applications, including Industrial, travel reimbursement for non-transportable equipment will be limited to 4.0 hours, \$0.25/mile and 250 miles maximum. Any costs beyond this limit are the customer's responsibility.

#### CUMMINS DOES NOT COVER WEAR OR WEAROUT OF COVERED PARTS.

#### CUMMINS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

THESE WARRANTIES SET FORTH HEREIN ARE THE SOLE WARRANTIES MADE BY CUMMINS IN REGARD TO THESE ENGINES. CUMMINS MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

In the case of consumer sales, in some countries, the Owner has statutory rights which cannot be affected or limited by the terms of this Warranty.

Nothing in this Warranty excludes or restricts any contractual rights the Owner may have against third parties.

- \* Alternators, starters, and fans ARE covered for the duration of the Base Engine Warranty on A Series and B3.3 Engines.
- \* Alternators and starters are covered for the duration of the Base Engine Warranty on QSK23 Engines.

# California Emission Control System Warranty, Off-Highway Products Warranted

This Emission Control System Warranty applies to off-road diesel engines certified with the California Air Resources Board beginning with the year 1996 for engines up to 750 horsepower, beginning with the year 2000 for 751 horsepower and over, marketed by Cummins, and registered in California for use in industrial off-highway applications.

## **Your Warranty Rights and Obligations**

The California Air Resources Board and Cummins Engine Company, Inc., are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your engine. In California, new off-road diesel engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. Cummins must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the fuel injection system and the air induction system. Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors and other emission-related assemblies.

Where a warrantable condition exists, Cummins will repair your off-road diesel engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.

# **Manufacturer's Warranty Coverage**

This warranty coverage is provided for 5 years or 3,000 hours of engine operation, whichever first occurs from the date of delivery of the engine to the first user. If any emission-related part on your engine is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by Cummins.

# Coverage

This emission control system warranty applies only to the following A series, B3.3, B3.9, B4.5<sup>s</sup>, B5.9, B6.7<sup>s</sup>, QSB3.9-30, QSB4.5-30, QSB5.9-44, C8.3, QSC8.3, and QSL9 emission control parts:

Fuel Pump	Intake Manifold
Static Timing	Charge Air Cooler
Delivery Valve	Aftercooler
Injection Control Valve Module	
	Exhaust Manifold
Injectors	
Calibration	Oxidation Catalyst
Needle	
Nozzle	Electronic Control System
Spring	Control Module
	Boost Pressure Sensor
Turbocharger	Coolant Temperature Sensor
Compressor Wheel	Fuel Pressure Sensor
Turbine Wheel	
Turbine Oil Seal	
Wastegate Valve	

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# Owner's Warranty Responsibilities

As the off-road diesel engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your Cummins Operation and Maintenance Manual. Cummins recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your off-road diesel engine, but Cummins cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

You are responsible for presenting your off-road diesel engine to a Cummins dealer as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days.

As the off-road diesel engine owner, you should also be aware that Cummins may deny you warranty coverage if your off-road diesel engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

Your engine is designed to operate on diesel fuel only. Use of any other fuel may result in your engine no longer operating in compliance with California's emissions requirements.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact Cummins Customer Assistance Department at 1-800-343-7357 (1-800-DIESELS) or the California Air Resources Board at 9528 Telstar Avenue, El Monte, CA 91731.

Prior to the expiration of the applicable warranty, Owner must give notice of any warranted emission control failure to a Cummins distributor, authorized dealer or other repair location approved by Cummins and deliver the engine to such facility for repair. Repair locations are listed in Cummins United States and Canada Service Directory.

Owner is responsible for incidental costs such as: communication expenses, meals, lodging incurred by Owner or employees of Owner as a result of a warrantable failure.

Owner is responsible for business costs and losses, "downtime" expenses, and cargo damage resulting from a warrantable failure. CUMMINS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR OTHER INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO FINES, THEFT, VANDALISM OR COLLISIONS.

#### Replacement Parts

Cummins recommends that any service parts used for maintenance, repair or replacement of emission control systems be new, genuine Cummins or Cummins approved rebuilt parts and assemblies, and that the engine be serviced by a Cummins distributor, authorized dealer or the repair location approved by Cummins. The owner may elect to have maintenance, replacement or repair of the emission control parts performed by a facility other than a Cummins distributor, an authorized dealer or a repair location approved by Cummins, and may elect to use parts other than new genuine Cummins or Cummins approved rebuilt parts and assemblies for such maintenance, replacement or repair; however, the cost of such service or parts will not be covered under this emission control system warranty.

# **Cummins Responsibilities**

Repairs and service will be performed by any Cummins distributor, authorized dealer or other repair location approved by Cummins using new, genuine Cummins or Cummins approved rebuilt parts and assemblies. Cummins will repair any of the emission control parts found by Cummins to be defective without charge for parts or labor (including diagnosis which results in determination that there has been a failure of a warranted emission control part).

# **Emergency Repairs**

In the case of an emergency where a Cummins distributor, authorized dealer, or other repair location approved by Cummins is not available, repairs may be performed by any available repair location using any replacement parts. Cummins will reimburse the Owner for expenses (including diagnosis), not to exceed the manufacturer's suggested retail price for all warranted parts replaced and labor charges based on the manufacturer's recommended time allowance for the warranty repair and the geographically appropriate hourly labor rate. A part not being available within 30 days or a repair not being complete within 30 days constitutes an emergency. Replaced parts and paid invoices must be presented at a Cummins authorized repair facility as a condition of reimbursement for emergency repairs not performed by a Cummins distributor, authorized dealer, or other repair location approved by Cummins.

# **Warranty Limitations**

Cummins is not responsible for failures resulting from Owner or operator abuse or neglect, such as: operation without adequate coolant, fuel or lubricants; overfueling; overspeeding; lack of maintenance of lubricating, cooling or air intake systems; improper storage, starting, warm-up, run-in or shutdown practices.

The manufacturer warrants to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser that the engine is designed, built, and equipped so as to conform with all applicable regulations adopted by the Air Resources Board, and that it is free from defects in materials and workmanship which cause the failure of a warranted part.

Any warranted part which is not scheduled for replacement as required maintenance, or which is scheduled only for regular inspection to the effect of "repair or replace as necessary" is warranted for the warranty period.

Any warranted part which is scheduled for replacement as required maintenance is warranted for the period of time prior to the first scheduled replacement point for that part.

The owner will not be charged for diagnostic labor which leads to the determination that a warranted part is defective, if the diagnostic work is performed at a warranty station.

The manufacturer is liable for damages to other engine components caused by the failure under warranty of any warranted part.

Cummins is not responsible for failures resulting from improper repair or the use of parts which are not genuine Cummins or Cummins approved parts.

These warranties, together with the express commercial warranties and emission warranty are the sole warranties of Cummins. There are no other warranties, express or implied, or of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

# CMD Quantum Commercial Marine Propulsion (QSB5.9/QSB6.7/QSC8.3/QSL9/QSM11/SDI/TDI)

#### Coverage

#### **Engines Included in this Coverage**

Marine Propulsion

QSB5.9/QSB6.7/QSC8.3/QSL9/QSM11/SDI/TDI

#### **Products Warranted**

This Warranty applies to new Product sold by Cummins MerCruiser Diesel, herein after "CMD", that is branded as Cummins MerCruiser Diesel product and used in Commercial and Government Marine Propulsion applications anywhere in the world as permitted by US ITAR and Export Compliance regulations where CMD approved service is available\* and delivered to the first user on or after May 1, 2011.

This Warranty covers any failures of the Product, under normal use and service, which results from a defect in CMD material or workmanship (Warrantable Failure). The (Product) includes the Engine, controls and other components other than pods or sterndrives as delivered from the CMD factory and accessories with a CMD part number that are added by a CMD approved distributor or OEM. Pods and sterndrives are covered under a separate CMD Warranty.

#### **COMMERCIAL USE**

Commercial use is defined as any work or employment related use of the product, or any use of the product which generates income, or any part of the warranty period, even if the product is only occasionally used for such purposes.

#### **GOVERNMENT USE**

Government use is defined as use by Federal, State, and Local agencies in non-revenue producing applications.

#### MARINE PROPULSION RATINGS

Government Service (GS) Rating

Intended for use in variable load applications where full power is limited to one hour out of every eight hours of operation.

Reduced power operation must be at or below cruise speed (rpm). Cruise speed (rpm) is dependent on the engine rated speed (rpm):

Rated Speed (rpm)	Cruise Speed (Reduction from rated speed, rpm)	
2,000 to 2,800 rpm	200 rpm below rated	
2,801 to 3,500 rpm	300 rpm below rated	
3,501 to 4,500 rpm	400 rpm below rated	

#### **Government Service (GS)**

The Government Service Rating applies to Government use in variable load applications where annual use is less than 500 hours and full power is one (1) out of every eight (8) hours of operation. Reduced power operation must be at or below cruise speed.

#### **Light Commercial (LC)**

The Light Commercial Rating applies to Commercial use in variable load applications where annual use is less than 500 hours and full power is one (1) out of every eight (8) hours of operation. Reduced power operation must be at or below cruise speed.

#### Intermittent Duty (ID)

This power rating is intended for intermittent use in variable load applications where full power is limited to two hours out of every eight hours of operation. Also, reduced power operations must be at or below 200 rpm of the maximum rated rpm. This rating is an ISO3046 Fuel Stop Power Rating and is for applications that operate less than 1,500 hours per year.

#### Medium Duty (MD)

This power rating is intended for continuous use in variable load applications where full power is limited to six hours out of every twelve hours of operation. Also, reduced power operations must be at or below 200 rpm of the maximum rated rpm. This rating is an ISO3046 Fuel Stop Power Rating and is for applications that operate less than 3,000 hours per year.

#### Heavy Duty (HD)

This power rating is intended for continuous use in variable load applications where full power is limited to eight hours out of every ten hours of operation. Also, reduced power must be at least 200 rpm below the maximum rated rpm. This rating is an ISO3046 Fuel Stop Power Rating and is for applications that operate less than 5,000 hours per year.

#### Continuous Duty (CD)

This power rating is intended for continuous use in applications requiring uninterrupted service at full power. This rating is an ISO3046 Standard Power Rating.

#### **Base Engine Warranty**

This warranty covers any failures of the Product, under normal use and service, which result from a defect in CMD material or factory workmanship (Warrantable Failure). Coverage begins with the sale of the Engine by CMD and continues for the Duration stated in the following table. The Duration commences on either the date of delivery of the Product to the first end-user, or the date the unit is first leased, rented or loaned, or when the Product has been operated for 50 hours, whichever occurs first. The Base Coverage duration ends two (2) years after the in-service date or allowed hours of total operation, whichever occurs first.

Warranty Coverage Periods					
Rating	QSB, QSC, QSL, SDI, TDI		QSM11		
	Coverage ends at whichever occurs first, months or hours of usage.		Coverage ends at whichever occurs first, months or hours of usage.		
	Months	Hours	Months	Hours	
Government Service (GS)	24	1,000	24	1,000	
Light Commercial (LC)	24	1,000	NA	NA	
Intermittent Duty (ID)	24	3,000	24	3,000	
Medium Duty (MD)	24	5,000	24	6,000	
Heavy Duty (HD)	24	5,500	24	8,000	
Continuous Duty (CD)	24	6,500	24	9,000	

# **Cummins MerCruiser Diesel Responsibilities**

#### **During Engine Warranty**

CMD will pay for all parts and labor needed to repair the damage to the Product resulting from a Warrantable Failure when performed during normal business hours. All labor costs will be paid in accordance with Cummins published Standard Repair Time guidelines.

When it is necessary for mechanics to make on-site warranty repairs CMD will pay reasonable travel expenses, including meals, mileage and lodging, for mechanics to travel to and from the repair dock. Labor must be performed by an authorized CMD Repair Facility.

CMD will pay for the lubricating oil, antifreeze, filter elements, and other maintenance items that are not reusable due to the Warrantable Failure.

CMD will pay for reasonable labor costs for Engine removal and reinstallation when necessary to repair a Warrantable Failure.

# Owner Responsibilities

#### **During the Engine Warranty**

Owner is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Product as specified in the applicable CMD Operation and Maintenance Manual. Owner is also responsible for providing proof that all recommended maintenance has been performed. This warranty does not cover normal wear and tear of covered parts. Exceeding the operational parameters of the rating will void this Warranty. The Owner of the boat is ultimately responsible for ensuring the Engine is properly operated and maintained. The Warranty will be void on any Engines that are misapplied, not maintained properly or misused.

Before the expiration of the applicable warranty, Owner must notify a CMD service provider, distributor, authorized dealer, or other repair location approved by CMD of any Warrantable Failure and make the Engine available for repair by such facility. Locations in the United States and Canada are listed in the Cummins U.S. and Canada Sales and Service Directory; other locations are listed in the CMD International Sales and Service Directory.

Owner is responsible for the cost of lubricating oil, antifreeze, filter elements, and other maintenance items replaced during warranty repairs unless such items are not reusable due to the Warrantable Failure.

Owner is responsible for communication expenses, meals, lodging, and similar costs incurred as a result of a Warrantable Failure.

Owner is responsible for non-Engine repairs, "downtime" expenses, cargo damage, fines, all applicable taxes, all business costs, and other losses resulting from a Warrantable Failure.

In the event of any Product failure, Owner is responsible for the cost of towing the boat to the repair dock and for all associated docking and harbor charges.

Owner is responsible for maintaining the Engine hourmeter in good working order at all times and to ensure that the hourmeter accurately reflects the total hours of operation of the Product.

Owner is responsible for the costs to investigate complaints, unless the problem is caused by a defect in CMD material or factory workmanship.

#### Limitations

#### 1. Maintenance Component Limitations

CMD will replace certain maintenance components if they fail within 90 days or less after the base coverage starts. Maintenance components include but are not limited to: sea water pump impellers, zinc plugs, oil filters, fuel filters, air filters, water filters, fuel/water separator filters, expansion tank pressure caps, belts, hoses.

#### 2. Other Component Limitations

CMD does not warrant components that are not supplied by CMD factory.

#### 3. CMD supplied alternators and starters limitation

Warranty coverage is limited to 2 years or 2,000 hours, whichever expires first for rating other than Government Service.

Warranty coverage is limited to 2 years or 1,000 hours, whichever expires first for the Government Service rating.

#### **Consumer Products**

The warranty on Consumer Products in the United States is a limited warranty. **CMD IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.** Any implied warranties applicable to Consumer Products terminate concurrently with the expiration of the express warranties applicable to the Product. In the United States, some states do not allow the exclusion of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.

CMD is not responsible for failures or damage resulting from what CMD determines to be abuse or neglect, including, but not limited to: operation without adequate coolants or lubricants; overfueling; overspeeding; lack of maintenance of cooling, lubricating or intake systems; improper storage, starting, warm-up, run-in or shutdown practices; unauthorized modifications to the engine; improper propping that does not allow the engine to run at its maximum rated speed; submersion, freezing temperatures, improper service, removal of parts, or running the engine out of water; water ingestion, unless caused by a Warrantable failure. CMD is also not responsible for failures caused by incorrect oil or fuel or by water, dirt or other contaminants in the fuel or oil.

Before a claim for excessive oil consumption will be considered, Owner must submit adequate documentation to show that oil consumption exceeds CMD published standards.

CMD is not responsible for failures of maintenance components supplied by CMD beyond 90 days after the coverage duration start date. Maintenance components include, but are not limited to: sea water pump impellers; zinc plugs; oil filters; fuel filters; air filters; water filters; fuel/water separator filters.

Parts used in warranty repairs may be new CMD parts, CMD approved rebuilt parts, or repaired parts. CMD is not responsible for failures resulting from the use of parts not supplied by CMD.

A new CMD or CMD approved rebuilt part used to replace a Warranted Part assumes the identity of the Warranted Part it replaced and is entitled to the remaining coverage hereunder.

#### CMD DOES NOT COVER WEAR OR WEAROUT OF COVERED PARTS.

CMD IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

THESE WARRANTIES SET FORTH HEREIN ARE THE SOLE WARRANTIES MADE BY CMD IN REGARD TO THESE ENGINES. CMD MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

## **Emission Warranty**

#### **Products Warranted**

This Emission Warranty applies to new Engines certified to United States EPA 40 CFR 94 sold by CMD that are installed in vessels flagged or registered in the United States\*\*.

#### Coverage

CMD warrants to the first user and each subsequent purchaser that the Engine is designed, built, and equipped so as to conform at the time of sale by CMD with all U.S. Federal emission regulations applicable at the time of manufacture and that it is free from defects in workmanship or material which would cause it not to meet these regulations within the longer of the following periods: (A) Five years or 5,000 hours of operation, whichever occurs first. The Emissions

Warranty starts from the date of delivery of the Engine to the first user, or the date the unit is first leased, rented, or loaned, or when the Engine has been operated for 50 hours, whichever occurs first, or (B) The Base Engine Warranty.

#### Limitations

The owner may elect to have maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control parts performed by a facility other than a CMD distributor, an authorized dealer or a repair location approved by CMD, and may elect to use parts other than new genuine CMD or CMD approved rebuilt parts and assemblies for such maintenance, replacement or repair; however, the cost of such service or parts and subsequent failures resulting from such service or parts will not be covered under this emission control system warranty.

Failures, except those resulting from a defect in materials, or factory workmanship, are not covered by this WARRANTY.

#### CMD IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

In the United States\*\* and Canada, this warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Outside the United States\*\* and Canada, in case of consumer sales, in some countries the Owner has statutory rights which cannot be affected or limited by the terms of this warranty.

Nothing in this warranty excludes or restricts any contractual rights the Owner may have against third parties.

- \* Locations in the United States and Canada are listed in the Cummins United States and Canada Sales and Service Directory; other locations are listed in the Cummins International Sales and Service Directory.
- \*\* United States includes American Samoa, the Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

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# **NOTES**

# **NOTES**

# CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

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